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Preface 543 544 **OMG** 545 Founded in 1989, the Object Management Group, Inc. (OMG) is an open membership, not-for-profit computer 546 industry standards consortium that produces and maintains computer industry specifications for interoperable, 547 portable, and reusable enterprise applications in distributed, heterogeneous environments. Membership includes 548 Information Technology vendors, end users, government agencies, and academia. 549 OMG member companies write, adopt, and maintain its specifications following a mature, open process. OMG's 550 specifications implement the Model Driven Architecture® (MDA®), maximizing ROI through a full-lifecycle 551 approach to enterprise integration that covers multiple operating systems, programming languages, middleware and networking infrastructures, and software development environments. OMG's specifications include: UML® 552 553 (Unified Modeling LanguageTM); CORBA® (Common Object Request Broker Architecture); CWMTM (Common 554 Warehouse Metamodel); and industry-specific standards for dozens of vertical markets. 555 More information on the OMG is available at https://www.omg.org/. 556 **OMG Specifications** 557 As noted, OMG specifications address middleware, modeling and vertical domain frameworks. All OMG 558 Specifications are available from the OMG website at: 559 https://www.omg.org/spec 560 All of OMG's formal specifications may be downloaded without charge from our website. (Products implementing 561 OMG specifications are available from individual suppliers.) Copies of specifications, available in PostScript and 562 PDF format, may be obtained from the Specifications Catalog cited above or by contacting the Object Management 563 Group, Inc. at: 564 565 **OMG** Headquarters 109 Highland Avenue 566 567 Needham, MA 02494 568 569 Tel: +1-781-444-0404 570 Fax: +1-781-444-0320 571 Email: pubs@omg.org 572 Certain OMG specifications are also available as ISO standards. Please consult https://www.iso.org 573 **Issues** 574 All OMG specifications are subject to continuous review and improvement. As part of this process we encourage readers to report any ambiguities, inconsistencies, or inaccuracies they may find by completing the Issue Reporting 575 Form listed on the main web page https://www.omg.org, under Documents, Report a Bug/Issue. 576 577 578

1 Scope

- A Pedigree and Provenance Model and Notation (**PPMN**) model is a repository of elements capturing the lineage,
- custody and/or ownership of entities of interest. PPMN models may include elements representing the history of the
- 587 entities of interest as well as specifications of expected events and processes (herein referred to generally as
- "occurrences") related to types of entities of interest.
- Following the approach of BPM+ Shared Data Model and Notation (SDMN), PPMN is structured to be dependent
- on the elements defined in Specification Common Elements (SCE [OMG doc number bmi-2021-12-09]). Other
- 591 Business Modeling and Integration (BMI) Task Force and Healthcare Domain Task Force (HDTF) specifications
- may also utilize the elements of SCE as those specifications are updated in the future.

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2 Conformance

2.1 General

- Software can claim compliance or conformance with **PPMN 1.0** if, and only if, the software fully matches the
- applicable compliance points as stated in the specification. In addition, the structural elements provided by
- 598 Specification Common Elements (SCE) 1.0 [OMG doc number bmi-2021-12-09]) are also required in a compliant
- or conformant software solution. Software developed only partially matching the applicable compliance points can
- 600 claim only that the software was based on this specification but cannot claim compliance or conformance with this
- specification.

2.2 PPMN Modeling Conformance

- The implementation claiming conformance to the Pedigree and Provenance Model and Notation SHALL comply
- with all of the requirements set forth in Clauses 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, and 14; and it SHALL be conformant with the
- Visual Conformance in Clause 2.3.
- This compliance point is intended to be used by **PPMN** modeling tools.

2.3 Visual Conformance

- An implementation that creates and displays **PPMN** models SHALL conform to the specifications and restrictions
- with respect to diagrammatic relationships between graphical elements, as described in Clause 14. A key element of
- 610 **PPMN** is the choice of shapes and icons used for the graphical elements identified in this specification. The intent is
- 611 to create a standard visual language that all PPMN modelers will recognize and understand. An implementation that
- 612 creates and displays **PPMN** models SHALL use the graphical elements, shapes, markers and decorators illustrated
- 613 in this specification.
- There is flexibility in the size, color, line style, and text positions of the defined graphical elements, except where
- otherwise specified. In particular:
 - **PPMN** elements MAY have labels (e.g., its name and/or other attributes) placed inside the shape, or above or below the shape, in any direction or location, depending on the preference of the modeler or modeling tool vendor.
- The fills that are used for the graphical elements MAY be white or clear. The notation MAY be extended to use other fill colors to suit the purpose of the modeler or tool (e.g., to highlight the value of an object attribute).
 - Graphical elements, shapes, and decorators MAY be of any size that suits the purposes of the modeler or modeling tool with the condition that the additional graphical elements SHALL NOT conflict with any current BPM+ Standard defined graphical element.
 - The lines that are used to draw the graphical elements MAY be black.

- The notation MAY be extended to use other line colors to suit the purpose of the modeler or tool (e.g., to highlight the value of an object attribute).
 - The notation MAY be extended to use other line styles to suit the purpose of the modeler or tool (e.g., to highlight the value of an object attribute) with the condition that the line style SHALL NOT conflict with any current BPM+ Standard defined line style.
- The following extensions to a **PPMN** model are permitted:

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- New decorators or indicators MAY be added to the specified graphical elements. These decorators or
 indicators could be used to highlight a specific attribute of a PPMN element or to represent a new subtype
 of the corresponding concept with the condition that the additional graphical elements SHALL NOT
 conflict with any current BPM+ Standard defined decorator or indicator.
- A new shape representing a new kind of **PPMN** element MAY be added to a model with the condition that the shape SHALL NOT conflict with the shape specified for any other BPM+ Standard element or decorator.
- Graphical elements MAY be colored, and the coloring MAY have specified semantics that extend the information conveyed by the element as specified in this standard.
- The line style of a graphical element MAY be changed, but that change SHALL NOT conflict with any other line style REQUIRED by this specification or the other BPM+ Standards.
- An extension SHALL NOT change the specified shape of a defined graphical element or decorator. (e.g., changing a square into a triangle, or changing rounded corners into squared corners, etc.).
- This compliance point is intended to be used by entry-level **PPMN** tools.

3 References

3.1 Normative References

- The following normative documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this specification. For dated references, subsequent amendments to, or revisions of, any of these publications do not apply.
 - Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels, S. Bradner, IETF RFC 2119, March 1997 http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt
 - [BPMN] OMG Business Process and Model Notation (BPMN™): https://www.omg.org/bpmn/
 - [CMMN] OMG Case Management Model and Model Notation (CMMN™): https://www.omg.org/spec/CMMN/
 - [DD] Diagram Definition (DD[™])
 - [DMN] OMG Decision Model and Model Notation (DMNTM): https://www.omg.org/spec/DMN/
 - [MOF] Meta Object Facility (MOFTM): https://www.omg.org/spec/MOF/
- [SCE] Specification Core Elements (SCE): https://www.omg.org/spec/SDMN/
 - [UML] Unified Modeling Language TM (UML®): https://www.omg.org/spec/UML
- [XMI] XML Metadata Interchange (XMI®) https://www.omg.org/spec/XMI

3.2 Non-normative References

- The following normative documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute exemplars or
- influencers of this specification. For dated references, subsequent amendments to, or revisions of, any of these
- publications do not apply.

- [MDMI] OMG Model Driven Message Interoperability (MDMI), Version 1.0: https://www.omg.org/spec/MDMI/
 - [SysML] OMG Systems Modeling Language (SysML®): https://www.omg.org/spec/SysML/

4 Terms and Definitions

The table below presents a glossary for this specification:

Table 1. Glossary

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Term	Definition		
Area	A kind of location that encompasses some region in the world.		
Chain of Control	The succession of controllers of an entity of interest. Also known as Chain of Custody.		
Chain of Custody	The succession of custodians of an entity of interest. Also known as Chain of Control.		
Chain of Ownership	The succession of owners of an entity of interest.		
Channel	The "route" by which an entity of interest was obtained.		
Controller	The party that holds an entity of interest for the owner. Also known as Custodian.		
Custodian	The party that holds an entity of interest for the owner. Also known as Controller.		
Delegation	A kind of Position Assignment relationship that states that one Party has been assigned a set of responsibilities by some authority.		
Entity An individual concept or informational or physical artifact that is concretized in digital or other media or in a physical representation. The W3C PROV-DM defines an entity as "An entity is a physical, digital, conceptual, or other kind of thing with some fixed aspects; entities may be real or imaginary."			
Entity of Interest The Entity (e.g., artifact, document, record, collection of materials or data element) whose provenance or pedigree is being recorded.			
Geospatial Extent	A location that is a volume in the world such as a container or a room.		
Location	A particular place or position.		
Network Address	The address of an element or node on a network.		
Non-Human Agent	Some type of automated system.		
Occurrence	A "happening" of importance in a domain in some context.		
Organization	Organization is used to represent a group of Parties. The group may be a company, a department within a company, a club, a consortium, or some other group.		
Organization Structure Relationship	A kind of Party Relationship used to indicate internal structural relationships of a Party.		
Owner	The Party that owns an entity as property. Merriam-Webster: a person who owns something: one who has the legal or rightful title to something: one to whom property belongs.		
Ownership	The state, relation, or fact of being an owner. (Merriam-Webster)		
Party	An abstract concept representing a Person, Role, Organization, or other entity involved in some activity, interaction or endeavor.		
Party Relationship	A kind of relationship that exists between two Parties.		
Party Role	A role played by a Party in some context. For instance, a Buyer or a Supplier.		

 $^{^1\} https://www.w3.org/TR/2013/REC\text{-}prov\text{-}dm\text{-}20130430/\#term\text{-}entity$

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Path	An ordered collection of Locations.
Pedigree captures the "lineage" of an entity of interest. In other	
	the pedigree of an Entity of Interest is the lattice formed by the sequence
	of activities, processes, and/or derivations performed on other entities
	(a.k.a, its "ancestors"), the inputs to those activities, processes, and/or
	derivations, and their outputs that result in or produce the Entity of
	Interest.
Pedigree Chain	A succession of events that have occurred in the life of an entity of
	interest with respect to a particular interested party.
Person	An individual homo sapiens.
Physical Address	A physical location in the real world that has an identifiable address.
Position	A Position is a formally defined role in an Organization filled by some
	Person. Positions are often associated with a set of responsibilities in
	some context.
	Examples of Positions include Chief Executive Officer or Technical
	Staff Member.
Position Assignment Position Assignment indicates a Party is assigned to a parti	
	for a particular period of time.
Provenance Provenance captures the chain of custody or chain of owner	
	entity of interest.
Space-Time	A Location at a particular point in time.

5 Symbols

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6 Additional Information

6.1 Conventions

The section introduces the conventions used in this document. This includes (text) notational conventions and notations for schema components. Also included are designated namespace definitions.

6.2 Typographical and Linguistic Conventions and Style

- This document incorporates the following conventions:
 - The keywords "MUST," "MUST NOT," "REQUIRED," "SHALL," "SHALL NOT," "SHOULD," "SHOULD NOT," "RECOMMENDED," "MAY," and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in RFC-2119.
 - A **term** is a word or phrase that has a special meaning. When a term is defined, the term name is highlighted in **bold** typeface.
 - A reference to another definition, section, or specification is highlighted with underlined typeface and provides a link to the relevant location in this specification.
 - A reference to a graphical element is highlighted with a bold, capitalized word (e.g., **ProcessRef**).
 - A reference to a non-graphical element or **PPMN**, **Parties**, or **SCE** concept is highlighted by being italicized (e.g., *Entity*).
 - A reference to an attribute or model association will be presented with the Courier New font (e.g., Expression).
 - Non-normative examples are set off in boxes and accompanied by a brief explanation.
 - XML and pseudo code is highlighted with Courier New typeface. Different font colors MAY be used to highlight the different components of the XML code.
 - The cardinality of any content part is specified using the following operators:

6.3 Display of Metamodel Diagrams

The metamodel presented in these sections utilizes the patterns and mechanisms that are used for the current **BPM**+ specifications. **BPM**+ specifications rarely display the entire metamodel of a technical specification in a single diagram. The entire metamodel would be very large, complicated, and hard to follow. Typically, a specification will present sub-sets of the overall metamodel as they apply to specific topics. For example, in the **BPMN** specification there are metamodel diagrams that show the elements relating to activities or data elements. This document will follow that pattern and present sub-sets of a larger metamodel.

The metamodel diagrams are Unified Modeling Language (UML) structure diagrams. In addition to the metamodel, OMG specifications provide XML schemas which map to the metamodels. In general, it is through XML documents that **BPM**+ models are stored and exchanged.

Further, some of the metamodel elements are references to elements from other specifications. To clarify the owner of the metamodel element, there is a parenthesized text that identifies the model owner of that element. In addition, colors are used to support the text identification of the owner-language of that element. The colors are used as an aid to distinguish the languages but does not represent a normative aspect of the metamodels nor do they add any semantic information about the metamodels.

718 The table below presents examples of elements used throughout the metamodel diagrams within this specification:

Table 2. PPMN Metamodel Color-Coding

Element	Description	Example Color
PPMN Class	These elements include the namespace in the model of the element in parenthases below the element name when that element is outside the namespace of the current diagram. These elements are color-coded light yellow and the border line color is black (see figure to the right). These make up the majority of metamodel elements shown in this specification.	Entity (PPMN.Entities)
Parties Class	These elements include the namespace in the model of the element in parenthases below the element name when that element is outside the namespace of the current diagram. These elements are color-coded light green and the border line color is black (see figure to the right). These elements are primarily found in the Parties Model section of this specification but are also shown in the Pedigree and Provenance Model and Notation section of this specification.	Party (Parties.Core.Instances)

SCE Class	Metamodel elements from the SCE 1.0 specification [OMG doc number bmi-2021-12-09] are shown in PPMN metamodel diagrams when PPMN or Parties Model elements are dependent on a SCE element. These elements include the namespace in the metamodel in parenthases below the element name and these elements are color-coded lavender and the border line color is black (see figure to the right).	TypedElement (SCE)
External Class	Classes from specifications that are not specifically part of the BPM+ stack of standards can be included in metamodel diagrams and display the owner of the language in parentheses below the element name and these elements are color-coded light-gray. (see figure to the right).	Shape (SCEDI.DI)

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6.4 Use of Text, Color, Size, and Lines in a Diagram

- Diagram elements MAY have labels (e.g., its name and/or other attributes) placed inside the shape, or above or below the shape, in any direction or location, depending on the preference of the modeler or modeling tool vendor.
- The fills that are used for the graphical elements MAY be white or clear.
 - The notation MAY be extended to use other fill colors to suit the purpose of the modeler or tool (e.g., to highlight the value of an object attribute).
- Diagram elements and markers MAY be of any size that suits the purposes of the modeler or modeling tool.
- The lines that are used to draw the graphical elements MAY be black.
 - The notation MAY be extended to use other line colors to suit the purpose of the modeler or tool (e.g., to highlight the value of an object attribute).
 - The notation MAY be extended to use other line styles to suit the purpose of the modeler or tool (e.g., to highlight the value of an object attribute) with the condition that the line style SHALL NOT conflict with any current defined line style of the diagram.

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6.5 Abbreviations

736 The table below presents a list of acronyms, and their defintion, that are used in this specification:

Table 3. Acronyms

Acronym	Definition
BPM+	Business Process Management Plus
BPMN	Business Process Model and Notation
CMMN	Case Management Model and Notation
DC	Diagram Commons
DD	Diagram Definition
DI	Diagram Interchange
DMN	Decision Model and Notation
MDMI	Model Driven Message Interoperability
MOF	Meta Object Facility
OMG	Object Management Group
PPMN	Provenance and Pedigree Model and Notation

RFC	Request for Comment
SCE	Specification Common Elements
SDMN	Shared Data Model and Notation
SysML	Systems Modeling Language
URI	Uniform Resource Identifier
XMI	XML Metadata Interchange
XML	Extensible Markup Language

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6.6 Structure of this Document

- 739 PPMN's primary conceptual elements comprise Entities, Occurrences, and Parties, all of which are derived from
- 740 SCE. Section 7 "Overview" briefly explains concepts and depicts all relevant packages and their dependencies. It is
- the architectural blueprint to use for all remaining sections of the document.
- 742 Entities, Occurrences, Parties and their associated packages fully describe the provenance and pedigree of entities.
- 743 Section 8 "Pedigree and Provenance Model and Notation" contains normative clauses defining model elements,
- properties, associations, and packages of *Entities* and *Occurrences* and their relationships to *Parties*. Section 10
- 745 contains normative clauses defining model elements, properties, associations, and packages of *Parties*.
- Section 9 "PPMN Library" and Section 11 "Parties Library" contain libraries of terms used within sections 8 and 10,
- 747 respectively.
- The last section of this document, 12, describes PPMN and Parties diagram interchange (DI) specifications making
- 749 it possible to serialize and interchange PPMN and Parties DI instances using XMI or XML.
- 750 It should be noted that the elements of PPMN and Parties build upon the elements of SCE, a separate specification.
- 751 These relationships are shown where they occur. For more detail on SCE, please refer to the "Specification
- 752 Common Elements" specification.

6.7 Acknowledgements

754 Supporting Organizations

- 755 The following organizations support this specification but are not formal submitters:
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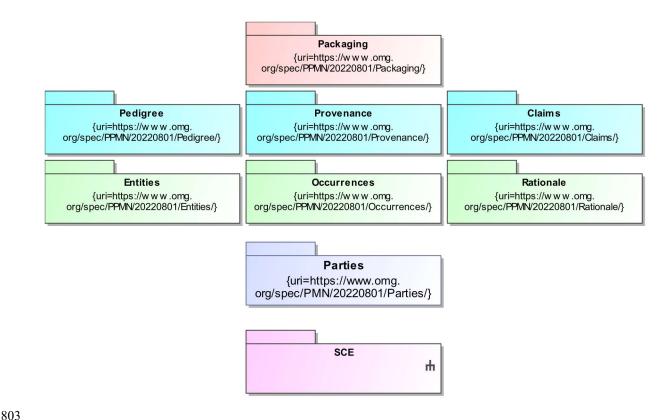
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- 766 Elisa Kendall
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- 768 Pete Rivett
- 769 Evan Wallace
- 770 Steve White

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7 Overview

- 773 The goal of the Pedigree and Provenance Model and Notation specification is to provide a common language for
- expressing information about the origin, evolution, ownership, custody and potential end of life of entities of
- interest. The primary conceptual elements in the PPMN language are Entities (the items of interest), Occurrences
- (events that affect an Entity) and Parties (responsible actors).
- 777 The **PPMN** specification is organized into a number of packages that together comprise the full model for
- expressing the pedigree and provenance of entities of interest. Starting at the bottom of the figure below, **PPMN**
- uses elements from the SCE model as the basis of its elements. All elements in PPMN are specializations of SCE
- 780 BaseElement directly or RootElement.
- 781 PPMN also uses elements from the **Parties** Model as shown in the second layer from the bottom. These elements
- 782 support the specification of various types of parties including organizations, people, positions and roles. Parties
- also defines *PartyTypes*. As described in the sections below, *PartyTypes* provide the ability to state what kind of
- 784 *Party* is expected to play some role within an *Occurrence*.
- 785 The next layer up contains the basic **PPMN** elements on which the rest of the specification is built *Entities* and
- 786 Occurrences. Entities are the things of interest from a pedigree and provenance perspective. Occurrences are the
- 787 "things that happen" related to these entities and parties. The layer also includes Rationale a set of model elements
- supporting the capture of the basis or reason for an Occurrence or Occurrence Type.
- The fourth layer comprises a set of packages that include elements used to elaborate *Entities, Occurrences*, and
- 790 Parties from a pedigree and provenance perspective. Delegation includes elements that support the delegation of
- 791 responsibilities from one Party to another. The Additional Relationships package includes several specialized
- relationships of use in capturing pedigree and provenance.
- 793 The fifth layer comprises the pedigree and provenance specific elements as well as mechanisms to extend the model.
- The *Pedigree* and *Provenance* packages use elements from the lower four layers to provide the specific metadata to
- track pedigree, the lineage of entities of interest, and provenance, the ownership and custody of those entities. The
- Annotations package provides the ability to add custom metadata through annotations. Claims are mechanisms that
- support the ability to capture who made a particular statement about an Occurrence and whether the statement was
- 798 intended to indicate that the Occurrence did in fact happen, did not happen, or may have happened.
- Finally, the Packaging package provides elements necessary to bundle pedigree and provenance occurrence
- instances and types into coherent sets either for storage or for exchange.
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804 Figure 1: PPMN Packaging Overview

8 Pedigree and Provenance Model and Notation

PPMN is comprised of a number of packages that group closely related elements in particular subdomains. The core packages shown in the diagram below as the groupings "Pedigree", "Provenance", "Entities", and "Occurrences". Pedigree describes the lineage of entities whereas Provenance describes the ownership and custody of entities. Both Pedigree and Provenance build upon a general "occurrence" or "event" model contained in the "Occurrences" package. The elements within these groups, along with those in the "Parties" package form the essential metamodel for PPMN.

PPMN includes other packages that provide useful additions to the core model. These include "Packages", "Claims", "Rationale", "Delegation", "Additional relationships", and "Annotations". "Packages" provides a mechanism for effectively grouping elements of a **PPMN** model. "Claims" provide elements that allow users to stipulate that assertions captured in a PPMN model are only claims and may or may not be true. "Rationale" provides elements to substantiate those claims. "Delegation" comprises several elements that specify when one party has acted on behalf of another or been assigned responsibilities of another. "Additional Relationships" includes other less frequently used, but none the less important, relationships in the pedigree and provenance domain. Finally, "Annotations" provides elements that enable the addition of various types of documentation to elements of a **PPMN** model.

As shown below, **PPMN** uses the elements in both "Parties" and **SCE**. "Parties" describes people, organizations, roles and their interrelationships. **SCE** comprises common metamodel elements used in PPMN and other **BPM**+ languages. See the **SCE** specification for more information.

The sections below describe the elements of PPMN in more detail.

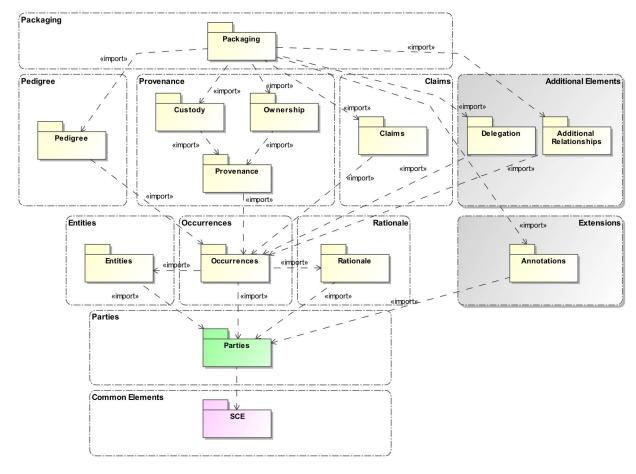


Figure 2: Pedigree and Provenance Packaging

8.1 Entities

PPMN is concerned with recording relevant information about things of interest to stakeholders. The Entities package contains elements that represent those (potentially complex) things that are of interest from a pedigree and/or provenance perspective.

Entities are concepts or objects that may have a physical or digital embodiment. Entities may be of some defined type, EntityType, with a defined format and reside at some location. Entities may represent some other thing of interest through the entityURI property. All Entity-related classes are ultimately BaseElements and as such have a name, id, and conceptReference. Entities may also comprise other Entities using the EntityRelationship relationship.

EntitySnapshots represent some entity at a particular point in time. Like Entities, they may comprise other Entities using the EntityComposition relationship.

EntityTypes, as with Entities, have snapshots (EntityTypeSnapshots) and can comprise other EntityTypes through EntityRelationshipType. As with EntityComposition, EntityRelationshipType is also a specialization of ElementRelationship.

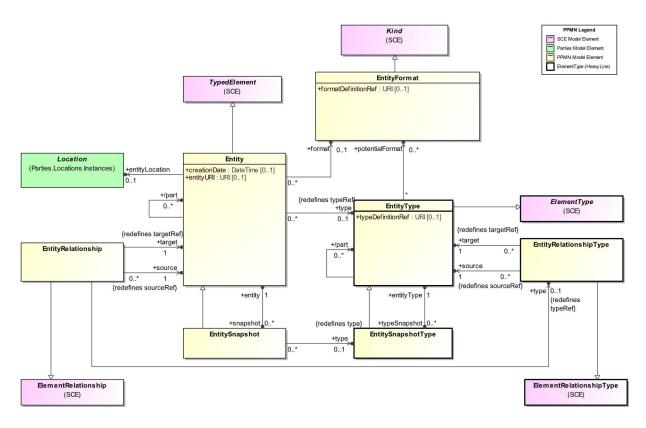


Figure 3: Entities and EntityTypes

Entities and EntityTypes are related by EntityRelationships and EntityTypeRelationships, respectively. (See the figure below). These relationships are used to show how Entities and EntityTypes are inter-related. EntityRelationship is a specialization of SCE ElementRelationship whose type is ElementRelationshipType and whose kind is a SCE RelationshipKind. EntityRelationshipType is a specialization of SCE ElementRelationshipType and whose kind is also SCE RelationshipKind.

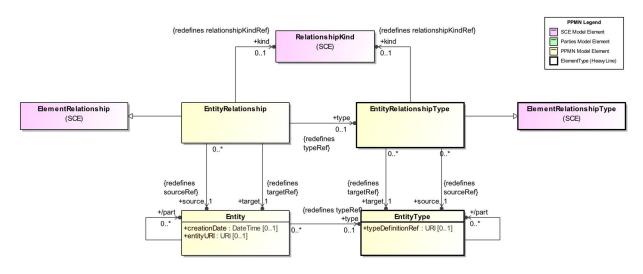


Figure 4: Entity Relationships

Pedigree and Provenance Model and Notation v1.0

8.1.1 **Entity**

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- An individual concept, informational or physical artifact, or other kind of thing that is concretized in digital or other
- form. The W3C PROV-DM defines an entity as "An entity is a physical, digital, conceptual, or other kind of thing
- with some fixed aspects; entities may be real or imaginary." Entities may have a type and format, captured through
- the EntityType and EntityFormat, respectively. These two classes are used together to support specifying generally
- what kind of thing an *Entity* is and the form it may take. For example, the *EntityType* might be a "building permit"
- and the *EntityFormat* might be ".gif". Additionally, Entities may have a location as captured by the
- 862 entityLocation property.

863 **Generalizations**

- The *Entity* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
 - SCE *TypedElement* (see the section SCE specification for more information).

866 **Properties**

The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *Entity*:

Table 4. Entity Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
creationDate : DateTime [01]	The date the <i>Entity</i> was created.
entityLocation : Location [01]	The location of the <i>Entity</i> .
entityURI : URI [01]	A URI to the Entity.
format : EntityFormat [01]	The format of the <i>Entity</i> .
part : Entity [0*]	A derived property that indicates the <i>Entity</i> or <i>Entities</i> that comprise the <i>Entity</i> . This is determined by <i>EntityRelationships</i> whose source is the <i>Entity</i> and whose kind is "Composition". (See the SCE specification for more information.)
snapshot : EntitySnapshot [0*]	The snapshots of the <i>Entity</i> that represent the <i>Entity</i> at some particular point in time, particular <i>Location</i> , or both.
type: EntityType [01]	The type of the <i>Entity</i> .

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8.1.2 EntityFormat

- A kind of *Kind* that represents the format of an *Entity*. It can be something as simple as "mime types" or the
- specification of a format documented in a formal format registry.

Generalizations

- The *EntityFormat* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
 - *Kind* (see the SCE Specification for more information).

875 **Properties**

The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *EntityFormat*:

² https://www.w3.org/TR/2013/REC-prov-dm-20130430/#term-entity

Table 5. EntityFormat Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
formatDefinitionRef: URI [01]	The identifier of the format within the specified format registry. For example "dicom" if the registry is that of W3C mime types. This is not the usual "id" found commonly in this specification. This is a "stringified" (if necessary) unique id in the context of the .formatRegistry.

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8.1.3 EntityRelationship

- A kind of *ElementRelationship* that represents an expected relationship between two *Entities*. The kind of
- 880 EntityRelationship is specified by the type property inherited from ElementRelationship.

881 Generalizations

- The EntityRelationship element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- ElementRelationship (see the SCE Specification for more information).

884 Properties

The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *EntityRelationship*:

Table 6. EntityRelationship Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
occurrence : ActivityOccurrence [01]	The <i>Occurrence</i> that resulted in the relationship.
source : Entity [1]	The source <i>Entity</i> of the relationship.
target : Entity [1]	The target <i>Entity</i> of the relationship.
type: EntityRelationshipType [01]	A specification of the type of EntityRelationship.
kind : RelationshipKind [01]	The kind of EntityRelationship.

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8.1.4 EntityRelationshipType

A kind of *ElementRelationshipType* that represents an expected relationship between two *EntityTypes*. The kind of *EntityRelationshipType* is specified by the kind property inherited from *ElementRelationshipType*.

Generalizations

- The EntityRelationshipType element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- ElementRelationshipType (see the SCE Specification for more information).

893 **Properties**

The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *EntityRelationshipType*:

Table 7. EntityRelationshipType Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
source : EntityType [1]	The source <i>EntityType</i> of the relationship.
target : EntityType [1]	The target <i>EntityType</i> of the relationship.
kind : RelationshipKind [01]	The kind of EntityRelationshipType.

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8.1.5 EntitySnapshot

A kind of *Entity* that represents a snapshot of another *Entity* at a particular point in time, a particular *Location*, or both. Additionally, *EntitySnapshots* may contain other *Entities* as specified by the parts that are captured through the *EntityComposition* relationship.

900 Generalizations

- The *EntitySnapshot* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
 - Entity (see the section entitled "Entity" for more information).

903 Properties

The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *EntitySnapshot*:

Table 8. EntitySnapshot Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
entity: Entity [1]	The <i>Entity</i> that the <i>EntitySnapshot</i> represents at some particular point in time and potentially some <i>Location</i> .
type: EntitySnapshotType [01]	The type of the <i>Entity</i> .

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8.1.6 EntitySnapshotType

A kind of *EntityType* that represents a expected snapshot of an *EntityType* at a particular point in time, a particular *Location*, or both. Additionally, *EntityTypeSnapshots* may contain other *EntityTypes* as specified by the part property that are captured through the *EntityTypeComposition* relationship.

Generalizations

- The *EntitySnapshotType* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- EntityType (see the section entitled "EntityType" for more information).

913 **Properties**

The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *EntitySnapshotType*:

Table 9. EntitySnapshotType Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
entityType : EntityType [1]	The <i>EntityType</i> that the <i>EntityTypeSnapshot</i> represents at some particular point in time, particular <i>Location</i> , or both.

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8.1.7 **EntityType**

- 917 EntityType is a designation defined for the convenience of an organization and can be used to define any concept
- concerning an Entity that serves the organization. EntityType has 1..* potential formats specified through the 918
- potentialFormat property to EntityFormat. E.g., an EntityType might be "Building Layout" and the possible 919
- 920 formats may be .gif, .jpeg, or paper.

921 Generalizations

- 922 The *EntityType* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
 - **SCE** *ElementType* (see the section **SCE** specification for more information).

924 **Properties**

925 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for EntityType:

EntityType Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
part : EntityType [0*]	A derived property indicating that the <i>EntityType</i> or <i>EntityTypes</i> that comprise the <i>EntityType</i> . This is determined by <i>EntityRelationshipTypes</i> whose source is the <i>EntityType</i> and whose kind is "Composition". (See the SCE specification for more information.)
potentialFormat : EntityFormat [0*]	Formats in which <i>Entities</i> of type <i>EntityType</i> may exist.
<pre>snapshotType : EntitySnapshotType [0*]</pre>	The snapshots of the <i>EntityType</i> that represent the <i>EntityType</i> at some particular point in time, particular <i>Location</i> , or both.
typeDefinitionRef : URI [01]	An external definition of the EntityType.

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8.2 Occurrences

- The Occurrences package contains general elements related to the "happenings" or events that occur over the lifetime of an entity of interest. These happenings might signify anything of interest to some Party but are intended 930 capture common properties of pedigree- and provenance-related events.
- 931 PPMN Occurrences are "happenings" related to one or more Entities that have to do with the pedigree or
- 932 provenance of the Entity or Entities. Occurrences are TypedElements whose type is an OccurrenceType.
- 933 Occurrences have a start and end Date/Time and may occur at some particular location. OccurrenceChains
- 934 track some series of Occurrences related to some set of Entities that are the subject of the Occurrences.
- 935 Occurrences may have a number of different kinds of relationships with other types of elements. These elements
- 936 include OccurrenceRelationships, OccurrenceDependencies, and OccurrenceRoles. These are all kinds of
- 937 ElementRelationship. OccurrenceRelationships track the predecessor Occurrences of a particular Occurrence.
- 938 OccurrenceDependencies track the Entities related to a particular Occurrence as well as the role that the Entity
- 939 played in the Occurrence. OccurrenceRoles capture the role played by Parties in the Occurrence.

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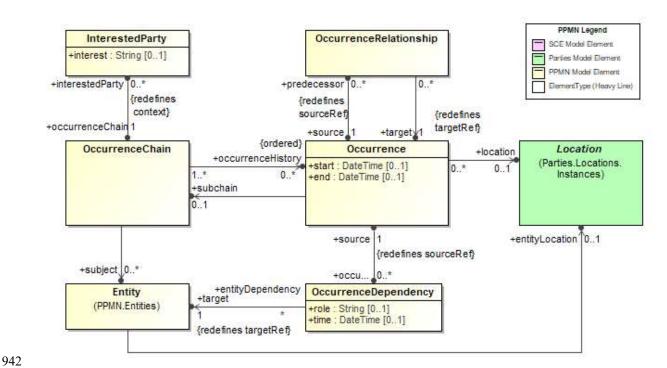


Figure 5: Occurrences - Simplified

In addition, *Occurrences* may also result in some number of *ElementRelationships* between elements that were involved in the *Occurrence*. These include *DerivedFrom* relationships (see section 8.3.2, below) as well as *ResponsibilityRelationships* (see section 8.4.9, below).

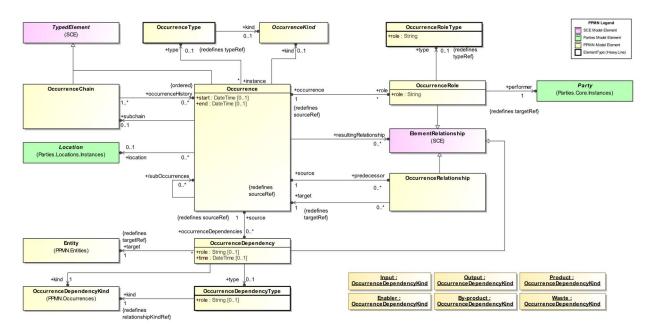


Figure 6: Occurrences

OccurrenceChains are TypedElements that track some series of Occurrences related to one or more Entities that acts as the context of the Occurrences.

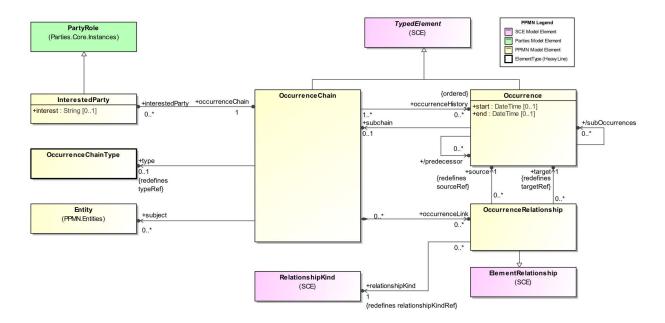


Figure 7: Occurrence Chains

OccurrenceTypes support the definition of expected Occurrences in an OccurrenceChain. Essentially, OccurrenceTypes represent Occurrence instances that are expected to happen to entities of a particular type from the perspective of the InterestedParties. OccurrenceTypes can be organized into graphs, OccurrenceTypeGraphs, that show an expected sequence or "chain" of those types of Occurrences. Further, OccurrenceTypes can optionally have sub-chain types so that OccurrenceTypeGraphs can be nested within one another. OccurrenceTypeRole captures roles expected to be played by Parties in those Occurrences.

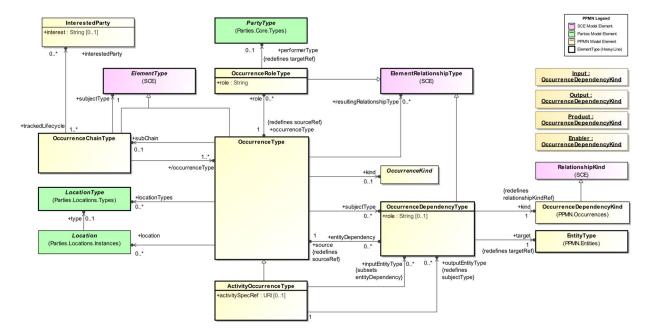


Figure 8: Occurrence Types

Expected *OccurrenceTypes* can be organized into graphs, *OccurrenceTypeGraphs*, that show an expected sequence or "chain" of those types of *Occurrences*. Further, *OccurrenceTypes* can optionally have sub-chain types so that *OccurrenceTypeGraphs* can be nested within one another. *OccurrenceTypeRole* captures roles expected to be played by *Parties*.

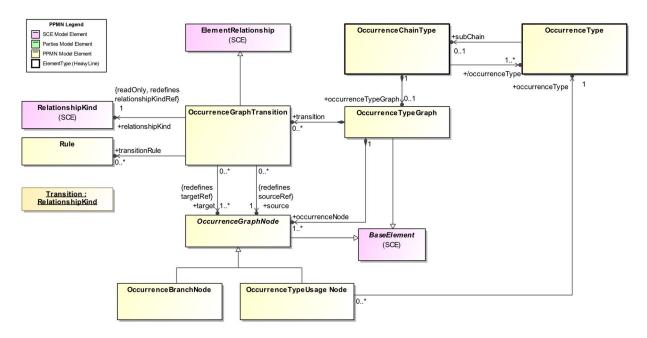


Figure 9: Occurrence Type Graphs

PPMN establishes a pattern of elements that supports the "nesting" of *OccurrenceChains* within an *Occurrence*. This pattern allows for encapsulation of parts of a chain where the details of the *Occurrences* of that part of a larger chain are either not known initially or are not deemed important in some context. The figure below illustrates this pattern at the "type" level.

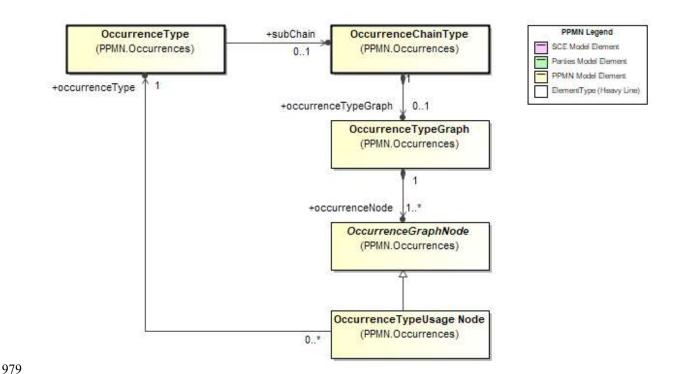


Figure 10: Occurrences Type Pattern

 An *ActivityOccurrence* is a kind of *Occurrence* that represents some activity that produces or modifies one or more entities. The *ActivityOccurrenceType* specifies the type of activity of the *ActivityOccurrence* providing a URI for a specification of the *ActivityOccurrenceType*.

ActivityOccurrence has a name (inherited), a URI reference to a specification of the instance if one exists, and a description. ActivityOccurrence includes zero or more references to Parties that play a part in the activity through the inherited OccurrenceRole property and references to the entities used in the activity through the inputEntity property which holds a collection of OccurrenceDependencies. Output entities of the activity are captured through the outputEntity property.

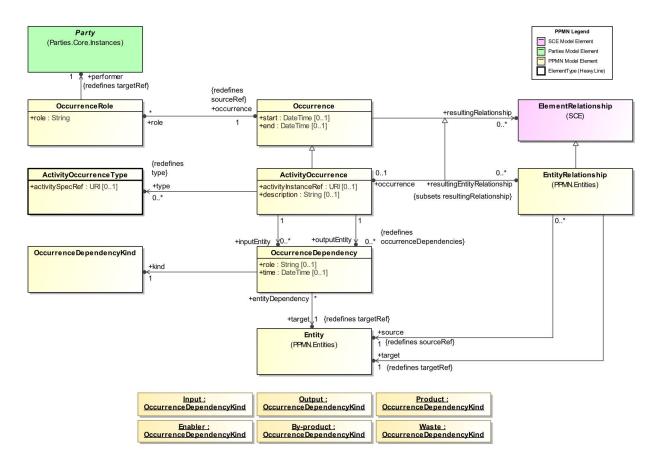


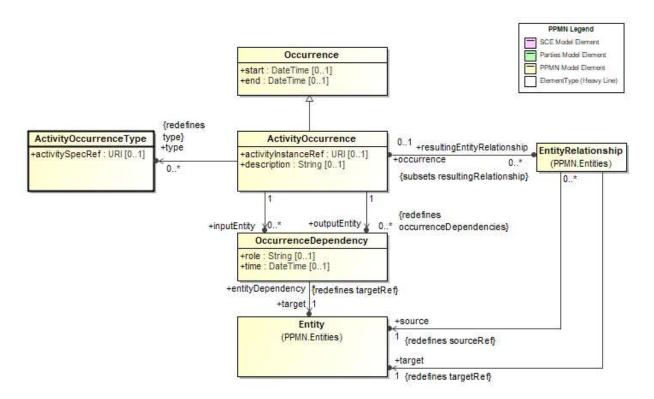
Figure 11: Activity Occurrences

8.2.1 ActivityOccurrence

A kind of Occurrence that records the input and output entities of interest as the result of some activity or derivation.

An *ActivityOccurrence* is a kind of *Occurrence* that represents some activity that produces or modifies one or more entities. The *ActivityOccurrenceType* specifies the type of activity of the *ActivityOccurrence* providing a URI for a specification.

ActivityOccurrences have a name (inherited), a URI reference to an instance if one exists, and a description. ActivityOccurrences include references to Parties that play a part in the activity through the inherited OccurrenceRole property and references to the entities used in the activity through the inputEntity property which holds a collection of OccurrenceDependencies. Output entities of the activity are captured through the outputEntity property of PedigreeOccurrence.



1007 Figure 12: Activity Occurrence

Generalizations

The ActivityOccurrence element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:

• Occurrence (see the section entitled "Occurrence" for more information).

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The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *ActivityOccurrence*:

Table 11. ActivityOccurrence Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
activityInstanceRef : URI [01]	A reference to an instance that the <i>ActivityOccurrence</i> represents. This could be an instance running in a business process execution engine or some other tool.
description : String [01]	A textual description of the activity.
inputEntity: OccurrenceDependency [0*]	A set of dependencies to the entities that were inputs to the <i>ActivityOccurrence</i> .
outputEntity: OccurrenceDependency [0*]	A set of dependencies on entities that were outputs or results of the <i>ActivityOccurrence</i> .
resultingEntityRelationship : EntityRelationship [0*]	EntityRelationships created as a result of the Occurrence.
type : ActivityOccurrenceType [0*]	The type of the ActivityOccurrence.

8.2.2 ActivityOccurrenceType

A potentially complex *OccurrenceType* that identifies an expected activity that may have input and output entities of interest.

Generalizations

- 1018 The ActivityOccurrenceType element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- OccurrenceType (see the section entitled "OccurrenceType" for more information).

1020 Properties

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The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *ActivityOccurrenceType*:

Table 12. ActivityOccurrenceType Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
activitySpecRef: URI [01]	A reference to a specification for the activity.
inputEntityType: OccurrenceDependencyType [0*]	A set of dependencies that point to the types of entities that are expected to be consumed or used by instances of the <i>OccurrenceType</i> .
outputEntityType: OccurrenceDependencyType [0*]	A set of dependencies that point to the types of entities that are expected to be produced by instances of the <i>OccurrenceType</i> .

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8.2.3 InterestedParty

A kind of *PartyRole* that captures the fact that a *Party* has some interest in a particular occurrence chain as specified by its occurrenceChain property or so some set of *OccurrenceChains* as defined by an *OccurrenceChainType*.

1026 Generalizations

- The *InterestedParty* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- PartyRole (see the section entitled "PartyRole" for more information).

1029 Properties

1030 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *InterestedParty*:

Table 13. InterestedParty Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
interest : String [01]	A textual description of the interest the associated <i>Party</i> has in the <i>Occurrences</i> .
occurrenceChain : OccurrenceChain [1]	The OccurrenceChains of interest to some Party.

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1032 **8.2.4 Occurrence**

1033 A *Occurrence* or "happening" of importance in a domain in some context.

Generalizations

- The Occurrence element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- SCE *TypedElement* (see the section SCE specification for more information).

1037 **Properties**

The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *Occurrence*:

Table 14. Occurrence Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
end : DateTime [01]	The DateTime of the end of the Occurrence.
kind : OccurrenceKind [01]	A reference to a definition of the specific kind of Occurrence.
location : Location [01]	The location at which an Occurrence took place.
occurrenceDependencies : OccurrenceDependency [0*]	A dependency on the subject(s) of the <i>Occurrence</i> .
predecessor : Occurrence [0*]	A derived property indicating a dependency on one or more preceding <i>Occurrences</i> .
rationale : Rationale [0*]	The Rationale given for the Occurrence.
resultingRelationship: ElementRelationship [0*]	The relationships generated by the Occurrence.
role : OccurrenceRole [*]	A role played by some <i>Party</i> in an <i>Occurrence</i> .
start : DateTime [01]	The DateTime of the start of the Occurrence.
subchain : OccurrenceChain [01]	An OccurrenceChain that is encapsulated by the Occurrence - essentially a "sub-chain".
subOccurrences : Occurrence [0*]	A set of <i>Occurrences</i> that happen as part of the parent <i>Occurrence</i> . These <i>Occurrences</i> are normally part of a "sub-chain".
type : OccurrenceType [01]	The type of an Occurrence.

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8.2.5 OccurrenceBranchNode

- 1041 A kind of OccurrenceGraphNode that allows for branching or other kinds of connections between other
- 1042 OccurrenceGraphNodes.

1043 Generalizations

- 1044 The OccurrenceBranchNode element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- OccurrenceGraphNode (see the section entitled "OccurrenceGraphNode" for more information).

1046 Properties

The OccurrenceBranchNode element does not have any additional attributes and/or associations.

8.2.6 OccurrenceChain

- 1049 A succession of *Occurrences* (events or activities) that have happened in the life of some *RootElement* that are of
- interest to some *Party*.

Generalizations

- The OccurrenceChain element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- SCE *TypedElement* (see the section SCE specification for more information).

1054 Properties

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The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for OccurrenceChain:

Table 15. OccurrenceChain Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
<pre>interestedParty : InterestedParty [0*]</pre>	The <i>Parties</i> that have some interest in <i>Occurrences</i> related to the subject elements.
occurrenceHistory : Occurrence [0*]	A set of <i>Occurrences</i> that comprise the chain.
occurrenceLink : OccurrenceRelationship [0*]	The OccurrenceRelationship(s) that show(s) the relationship(s) between Occurrences in the chain.
subject : Entity [0*]	The element(s) that is(are) the result of the <i>Occurrences</i> in the chain.
type: OccurrenceChainType [01]	The type of the OccurrenceChain.

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8.2.7 OccurrenceChainType

- An OccurrenceChainType is a kind of ElementType that captures a specification for a series potential Occurrences
- that are expected in a particular context. An OccurrenceChainType captures this specification through the
- occurrenceTypeGraph property a graph of OccurrenceGraphNodes and OccurrenceTransitionTypes.

1061 **Generalizations**

- The OccurrenceChainType element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- SCE *ElementType* (see the section SCE specification for more information).

1064 Properties

The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *OccurrenceChainType*:

Table 16. OccurrenceChainType Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
<pre>interestedParty : InterestedParty [0*]</pre>	The parties that are interested in the "lifecycle" specified by the <i>OccurrenceChainType</i> .
occurrenceType : OccurrenceType [1*]	The occurrenceType derived property is based on the series of relationships between from OccurrenceChainType through other classes to OccurrenceType: OccurrenceChainType.occurrenceTypeGraph.occurrenceNode.occurrenceType.
occurrenceTypeGraph: OccurrenceTypeGraph [01]	A graph of <i>OccurrenceTypes</i> that specifies the sequencing of expected <i>Occurrences</i> in the lifecycle of an entity of interest to one or more <i>InterestedParties</i> .

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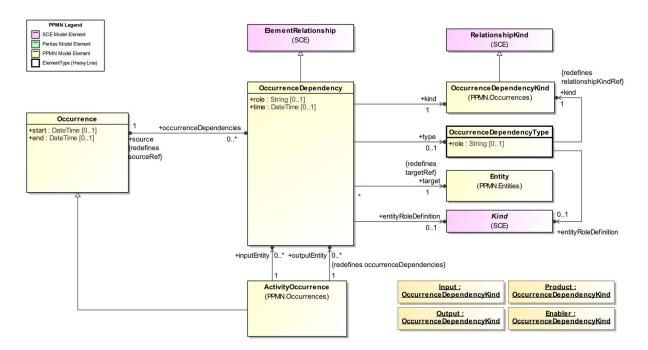
8.2.8 OccurrenceDependency

A type of relationship that records the dependence on an entity of interest for some particular purpose. That purpose is captured as the role.

OccurrenceDependencies indicate how Entities are used within an Occurrence.

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Figure 13: OccurrencesDependencies

Generalizations

The OccurrenceDependency element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:

• *ElementRelationship* (see the SCE Specification for more information).

Properties

The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *OccurrenceDependency*:

Table 17. OccurrenceDependency Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
entityRoleDefinition : Kind [01]	A <i>Kind</i> that provides a definition of the way the <i>Entity</i> was used in the <i>Occurrence</i> .
kind : OccurrenceDependencyKind [1] default: Output	A description of the type of dependency an <i>OccurrenceType</i> has on an <i>EntityType</i> . See <i>RelationshipKind</i> , below, for more details.

relationshipKind : RelationshipKind [1] default: Dependency	A description of the type of the relationship. See <i>RelationshipKind</i> , below, for more details. This property is read only and set to Dependency.
role: String [01]	The role of the target element in the source <i>Occurrence</i> .
source : Occurrence [1]	The Occurrence that has some dependency on the target Occurrence.
target : Entity [1]	The Entity on which some Occurrence depends.
time: DateTime [01]	The time that the <i>Occurrence</i> had the dependency on the <i>Entity</i> .
type : OccurrenceDependencyType [01]	The type of the EntityDependency.

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8.2.9 OccurrenceDependencyKind

1082 A class indicating the kind of dependency an *Occurrence* has on an *Entity*.

Generalizations

- The OccurrenceDependencyKind element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
 - *RelationshipKind* (see the SCE Specification for more information).

Properties

The OccurrenceDependencyKind element does not have any additional attributes and/or associations.

8.2.10 OccurrenceDependencyType

A kind of *ElementRelationship* that captures a dependency of a type of *Occurrence* on a particular type of entity and the role the entity plays in that type of *Occurrence*.

OccurrenceRoleTypes indicate how Parties are expected to participate in an Occurrence.

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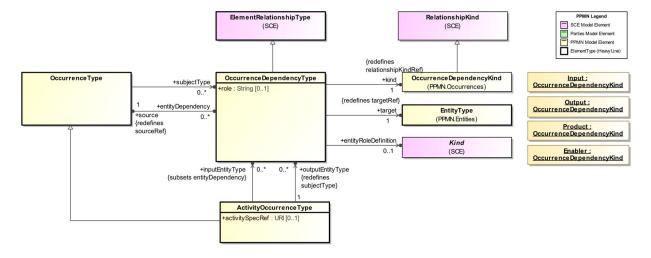


Figure 14: Occurrence Dependency Types

Generalizations

- 1097 The OccurrenceDependencyType element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- *ElementRelationshipType* (see the SCE Specification for more information).

1099 Properties

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1100 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for OccurrenceDependencyType:

Table 18. OccurrenceDependencyType Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
entityRoleDefinition : Kind [01]	A <i>Kind</i> that provides a definition of the way the <i>EntityType</i> is expected to be used in the <i>OccurrenceType</i> .
kind: OccurrenceDependencyKind [1] default: Output	A description of the type of dependency an <i>OccurrenceType</i> has on an <i>EntityType</i> . See EntityDependencyKind for more details.
role : String [01]	The role of the <i>ElementType</i> in the <i>OccurrenceType</i> .
source : OccurrenceType [1]	The <i>OccurrenceType</i> whose instances are the source of instances of the <i>ElementType</i> .
target : EntityType [1]	The <i>ElementType</i> on which the <i>OccurrenceType</i> depends.

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8.2.11 OccurrenceGraphNode

1103 A type of graph *Node* that is particular to an *OccurrenceTypeGraph*.

1104 Generalizations

- The OccurrenceGraphNode element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- SCE BaseElement (see the section SCE specification for more information).

1107 **Properties**

1108 The OccurrenceGraphNode element does not have any additional attributes and/or associations.

1109 8.2.12 OccurrenceGraphTransition

1110 A type of Link in a *OccurrenceTypeGraph* definition from one *OccurrenceType* to another.

1111 Generalizations

- 1112 The OccurrenceGraphTransition element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- ElementRelationship (see the SCE Specification for more information).

1114 **Properties**

1115 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for OccurrenceGraphTransition:

Table 19. OccurrenceGraphTransition Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
relationshipKind: RelationshipKind [1] default: Transition	A description of the type of the relationship. See <i>RelationshipKind</i> in the SCE specification for more details. This property is read only and set to Transition.
source : OccurrenceGraphNode [1]	The OccurrenceGraphNode from which the transition leaves.
target : OccurrenceGraphNode [1*]	The OccurrenceGraphNode to which the transition leads.
transitionRule : Rule [0*]	The Rules that constrain the OccurrenceTransitionType.

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8.2.13 OccurrenceKind

1118 A class indicating the specific kind of *Occurrence*.

1119 Generalizations

- The OccurrenceKind element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- *Kind* (see the **SCE** specification for more information).

1122 **Properties**

The OccurrenceKind element does not have any additional attributes and/or associations.

8.2.14 OccurrenceRelationship

- 1125 A kind of *ElementRelationship* that captures the fact that one *Occurrence* has a relationship to another for some
- reason. Examples include an Occurrence using an Entity created by another Occurrence. This usage implies that
- the first Occurrence depended on the second Occurrence for that Entity. For these types of "flow" relationships the
- 1128 relationshipKind would be set to "Transition".
- Another example is the aggregation of several Occurrences into one containing Occurrence. In this case, the
- relationshipKind would be set to "Composition".
- In this way, an OccurrenceChain can be built by capturing and analyzing the relationships and generating the
- implied chain.

1133 Generalizations

- 1134 The OccurrenceRelationship element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- ElementRelationship (see the SCE specification for more information).

1136 Properties

1137 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for OccurrenceRelationship:

Table 20. OccurrenceRelationship Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
source : Occurrence [1]	The dependent Occurrence.
target : Occurrence [1]	The Occurrence on which the source Occurrence depends.

relationshipKind: RelationshipKind	A description of the kind of the relationship between the two
[1]	Occurrences. See RelationshipKind in the SCE specification for more
	details. This property is read only and set to Transition.

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8.2.15 OccurrenceRole

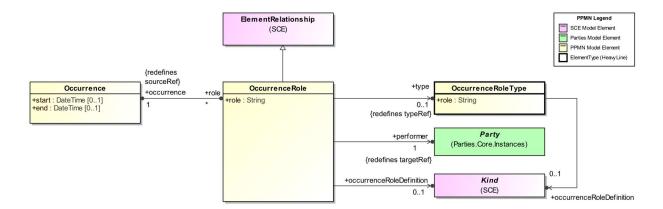
1140 A role played by some *Party* in an *Occurrence*.

OccurrenceRoles indicate how a Party participated in an Occurrence.

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Figure 15: OccurrencesRoles

Generalizations

1147 The *OccurrenceRole* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:

• *ElementRelationship* (see the **SCE** specification for more information).

1149 **Properties**

The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *OccurrenceRole*:

Table 21. OccurrenceRole Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
occurrence : Occurrence [1]	The Occurrence in which the Party plays the role.
occurrenceRoleDefinition : Kind [01]	A <i>Kind</i> that provides a definition of the role the <i>Party</i> played in the <i>Occurrence</i> .
performer : Party [1]	The <i>Party</i> that plays the role in an <i>Occurrence</i> specified by the <i>OccurrenceRole</i> .
role : String []	A textual description of the actual role played by the performer in the activity.
type: OccurrenceRoleType [01]	The type of the role played by the performer Party in the Occurrence.

8.2.16 OccurrenceRoleType

1153 A specification of the type of party expected to play a role an *OccurrenceType*.

Occurrence Types support the definition of expected Occurrences in a Pedigree or Provenance Chain. Essentially,

1155 OccurrenceTypes represent Occurrence instances that are expected to with respect to entities of a particular type

from the perspective of the *InterestedParties*. These expected *OccurrenceTypes* can be organized into graphs,

1157 OccurrenceTypeGraphs, that show an expected sequence or "chain" of those types of Occurrences. Further,

OccurrenceTypes can optionally have sub-chain types so that OccurrenceTypeGraphs can be nested within one

another. OccurrenceTypeRole captures roles expected to be played by Parties.

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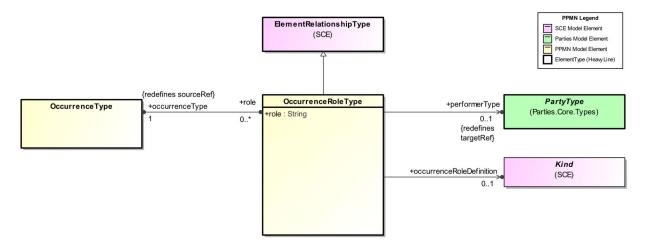
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1163 Figure 16: Occurrence Role Types

Generalizations

The OccurrenceRoleType element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:

• *ElementRelationshipType* (see the SCE specification for more information).

Properties

The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *OccurrenceRoleType*:

Table 22. OccurrenceRoleType Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
occurrenceRoleDefinition : Kind [01]	A <i>Kind</i> that provides a definition of the role the <i>PartyType</i> is expected to play in the <i>OccurrenceType</i> .
occurrenceType : OccurrenceType [1]	The type of <i>Occurrence</i> in which the expectedPerformer to perform in the role.
performerType : PartyType [01]	The <i>Party</i> that is expected to perform in a particular role in an <i>Occurrence</i> .
role : String []	A textual description of the role in the <i>Occurrence</i> .

8.2.17 OccurrenceType

- The type or specification of an Occurrence that may happen or be of interest. An OccurrenceType may have a
- subChainType enabling nesting of OccurrenceChainTypes.

1173 Generalizations

- 1174 The OccurrenceType element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
 - SCE *ElementType* (see the SCE specification for more information).

1176 **Properties**

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1177 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for OccurrenceType:

Table 23. OccurrenceType Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
entityDependency: OccurrenceDependencyType [0*]	A dependency on the <i>ElementTypes</i> that are involved in this <i>OccurrenceType</i> .
kind : OccurrenceKind [01]	A reference to a definition of the specific kind of Occurrence.
location : Location [0*]	The location at which <i>Occurrences</i> of type <i>OccurrenceType</i> are planned or expected to happen.
locationTypes : LocationType [0*]	The types of <i>Locations</i> at which <i>Occurrences</i> of type <i>OccurrenceType</i> are planned or expected to happen.
rationale : Rationale [01]	The Rationale given for the OccurrenceType.
resultingRelationshipType: ElementRelationshipType [0*]	The <i>ElementRelationshipTypes</i> that exist as a result of <i>Occurrences</i> of type <i>OccurrenceType</i> .
role : OccurrenceRoleType [0*]	A set of <i>OccurrenceTypeRoles</i> that specify the role a <i>Party</i> is expected to play in an <i>Occurrence</i> .
subChain : OccurrenceChainType [01]	An OccurrenceChainType that is encapsulated within the OccurrenceType to create a "subchain".
<pre>subjectType : OccurrenceDependencyType [0*]</pre>	A dependency on the <i>ElementTypes</i> that are the subject of this OccurrenceType.

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8.2.18 OccurrenceTypeGraph

1180 A type of Graph that captures the OccurrenceTypes that are expected in the lifecycle of one or more EntityTypes.

1181 Generalizations

- The OccurrenceTypeGraph element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- SCE SCEElement (see the SCE specification for more information).

1184 **Properties**

The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *OccurrenceTypeGraph*:

Table 24. OccurrenceTypeGraph Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
occurrenceNode : OccurrenceGraphNode [1*]	The OccurrenceGraphNodes included in the OccurrenceTypeGraph.
transition: OccurrenceGraphTransition [0*]	The OccurrenceTypeTransitions included in the OccurrenceTypeGraph.

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8.2.19 OccurrenceTypeUsage Node

A kind of OccurrenceGraphNode that identifies the usage of an OccurrenceType in an OccurrenceTypeGraph.

1189 **Generalizations**

- 1190 The OccurrenceTypeUsage Node element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- OccurrenceGraphNode (see the section entitled "OccurrenceGraphNode" for more information).

1192 **Properties**

The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for OccurrenceTypeUsage Node:

Table 25. OccurrenceTypeUsage Node Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
occurrenceType : OccurrenceType [1]	The OccurrenceType that the node represents.

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8.2.20 PPMNRelationshipKind

1196 A class indicating the kind of relationship between two **PPMN** elements.

1197 Generalizations

- The *PPMNRelationshipKind* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- RelationshipKind (see the SCE specification for more information).

1200 **Properties**

The *PPMNRelationshipKind* element does not have any additional attributes and/or associations.

1202 **8.2.21** Rule

1203 A condition that can be evaluated in some context as being either True or False.

1204 Generalizations

1205 The *Rule* element does not inherit any attributes or associations of from another element.

1206 **Properties**

The *Rule* element does not have any additional attributes and/or associations.

8.3 Pedigree

The *Pedigree* package contains elements necessary to capture the lineage or pedigree of *Entities* along with the *Occurrences* that resulted in that lineage.

8.3.1 Pedigree Occurrences

- 1212 The *Pedigree Occurrences* package contains elements necessary to capture the events or activities, i.e. the
- 1213 Occurrences, that affect the lifecycle of Entities.
- 1214 *PedigreeChains* record the actual events or processes that happen as part of the history of an entity of interest.
- 1215 *PedigreeChains* also record a reference to the entity to which the *Occurrences* relate through the entity property.
- 1216 Conceptually, PedigreeChains are "instances" of PedigreeChainTypes and as such may be governed by the relations
 - established in the *PedigreeChainType*. These occurrences represent actual events or activities in the history of one or
- more *Entities* that are of interest to some *Party*.

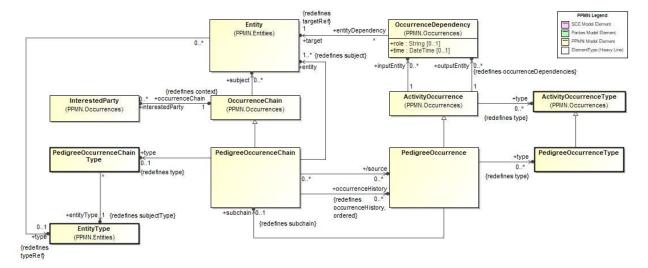
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Figure 17: Pedigree Occurrence Chains - Overview

PedigreeOccurrence is a kind of ActivityOccurrence that affects the lifecycle of one or more Entities.

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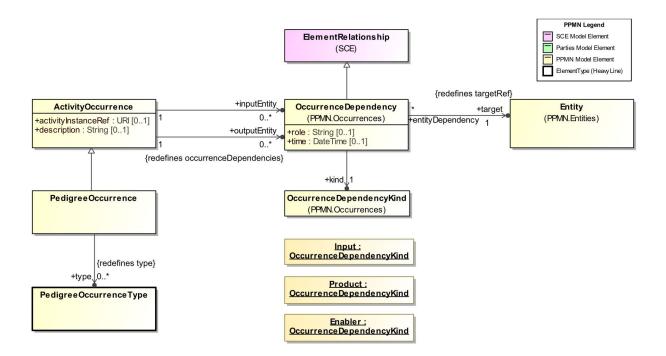


Figure 18: Pedigree Occurrences

PedigreeOccurrenceChains record the actual PedigreeOccurrences that happen as part of the occurrenceHistory property, an ordered list. PedigreeOccurrenceChains include a reference to the Entity or Entities to which the Occurrences relate through the entity property. PedigreeOccurrenceChains are essentially instances of PedigreeChainTypes and as such are governed by the relations established in the PedigreeChainType.

PedigreeOccurrences are instances of *PedigreeOccurrenceTypes*. These occurrences represent actual events or activities in the history of an *Entity* that is of interest to some *Party*.

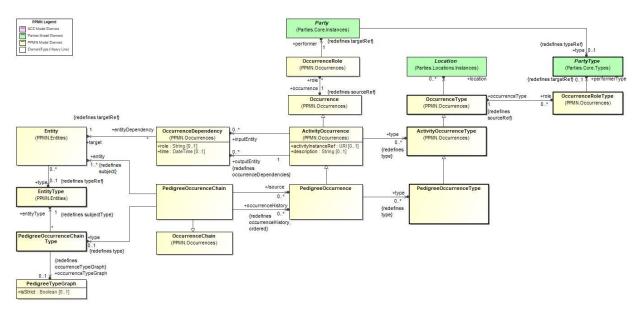


Figure 19: Pedigree Occurrence Chains

PedigreeChainType supports the definition of types of occurrences expected in PedigreeChains related to an

EntityType in which some Party is interested. PedigreeChainTypes are modeled as simple graphs so that rich definitions of entity lifecycles can be created (though they are not required). The model also supports simple definitions of valid PedigreeOccurrenceTypes or no lifecycle definitions at all.

InterestedParty is a kind of PartyRole that indicates that a Party has some interest in the with respect to an entity. PedigreeChainTypes are specific to one or more InterestedParties. As an example, an automobile manufacturer may be interested a set of occurrences related to the building of a car such as StartAssembly, InstallEngine, PaintCar, TestCar, and ShipCar. A dealership on the other hand would likely be interested in tracking other events such as BuildCar, ShipCar, ReceiveCar, and SellCar.

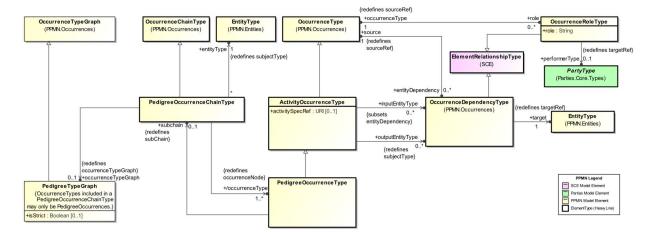


Figure 20: Pedigree Occurrence Chain Type

PedigreeChainType supports the definition of types of occurrences expected in PedigreeChains related to an entity type in which some Party is interested. PedigreeChainTypes are modeled as simple graphs so that rich definitions of entity lifecycles can be created (though they are not required). The model also supports simple definitions of valid PedigreeOccurrenceTypes or no lifecycle definitions at all.

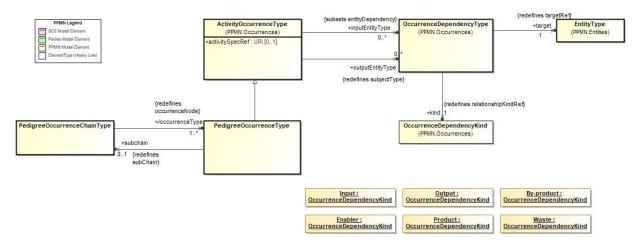


Figure 21: Pedigree Occurrence Types

The lineage of an *Entity*, herein referred to as its "pedigree" or "pedigree chain", is a lattice comprising *Entities* as nodes and derivations (*DerivedFrom* relationships) as edges. Pedigree chains are created by *Occurrences* that result in some number of *Entities* being used to create one or more new *Entities* or evolve one or more existing *Entities*. These *Occurrences* result one or more derivations between "input" *Entities* and the "output" *Entities*.

Given that a particular *Occurrence* may encapsulate a sub-chain of *Occurrences*, derivations may involve a series of one or more *Occurrences* that create or evolve an entity of interest into another. In these cases, the *Occurrences* that comprise the sub-chain would also potentially result in derivations that would combine to result in the derivations of the containing *Occurrence*. As stated above, derivations are noted in the form of a *DerivedFrom* relationship between one *Entity* that is the derivationSource and another that is the derivedEntity. The derivation may be related to an *ActivityOccurrence* that caused the transformation. This may specifically be a *PedigreeOccurrence* but may also be a more general *ActivityOccurrence*. Often, the activities that result in derivations are not easily tracked or quantified and so just noting the *Entity* or *Entities* from which the entity of interest is derived is all that is necessary or in some cases even possible.

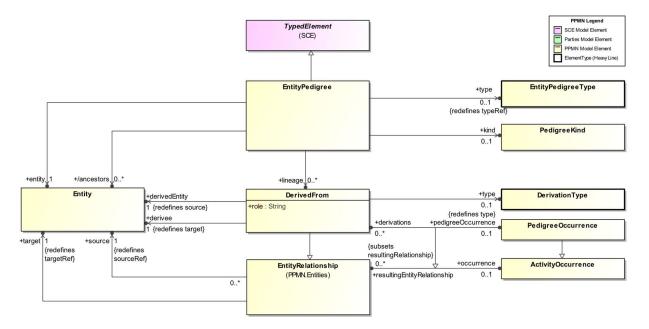
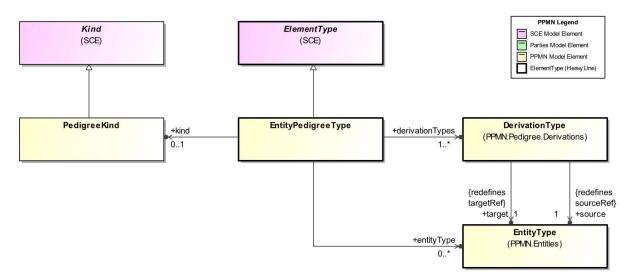


Figure 22: Pedigree "Chains"

EntityPedigreeTypes support the ability to define different kinds of pedigree or lineage of particular kinds of Entities. This is accomplished by specifying the EntityTypes and the types of derivations between them. Derivations involve a series of one or more Occurrences that create or evolve an entity of interest into another. Derivations are noted in the form of a DerivedFrom relationship between one Entity that is the derivationSource and another that is the derivedEntity. To specify the expected type of derivation between two Entities PPMN provides the DerivationType element. In addition, PPMN specifies three types of derivation: revision, quotation, and sourcing. (See section 8.3.2, below, for further explanation.)



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Figure 23: Pedigree Chains Types

8.3.1.1 EntityPedigree

The class representing the pedigree or lineage of an *Entity*.

Generalizations

The *EntityPedigree* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:

• SCE *TypedElement* (see the SCE specification for more information).

1290 Properties

The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *EntityPedigree*:

Table 26. EntityPedigree Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
ancestors : Entity [0*]	The set of <i>Entities</i> from which the entity was derived. This is a derived property determined by walking the set of <i>DerivedFrom</i> relationships from <i>Entity</i> to <i>Entity</i> until the end of each path of the directed acyclic graph (DAG).
entity : Entity [1]	The <i>Entity</i> to which the pedigree applies.
kind : PedigreeKind [01]	A specification of the kind of pedigree the EntityPedigree captures.
lineage : DerivedFrom [0*]	The set of <i>DerivedFrom</i> relationships that led to the creation and/or evolution of the entity. The combination of the <i>DerivedFrom</i> relationships and the <i>Entities</i> at their ends must form a directed acyclic graph (DAG) starting with the entity and ending with <i>Entities</i> that were created by some <i>Occurrence</i> or whose origin is unknown.
type : EntityPedigreeType [01]	

1293 **8.3.1.2** EntityPedigreeType

The type of pedigree or lineage between *Entities* of type entityType.

Generalizations

- The EntityPedigreeType element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- SCE *ElementType* (see the SCE specification for more information).

1298 Properties

The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *EntityPedigreeType*:

Table 27. EntityPedigreeType Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
derivationTypes : DerivationType [1*]	The types of derivations that are captured by the EntityPedigreeType.
entityType : EntityType [0*]	The EntityType(s) to which the EntityPedigreeType applies.
kind : PedigreeKind [01]	The kind of entity pedigree or lineage the EntityPedigreeType represents.

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8.3.1.3 PedigreeKind

1302 A class that indicates the kind of pedigree or lineage between *Entities*.

1303 Generalizations

- The *PedigreeKind* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- *Kind* (see the SCE specification for more information).

1306 Properties

The *PedigreeKind* element does not have any additional attributes and/or associations.

1308 8.3.1.4 PedigreeOccurenceChain

1309 A succession of *PedigreeOccurrences* that have happened in the life of an entity that is of interest to some *Party*.

1310 Generalizations

- 1311 The PedigreeOccurenceChain element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- OccurrenceChain (see the section entitled "OccurrenceChain" for more information).

1313 **Properties**

1314 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *PedigreeOccurenceChain*:

Table 28. PedigreeOccurenceChain Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
entity : Entity [1]	The <i>Entity</i> or <i>Entities</i> for which the <i>PedigreeChain</i> represents the history of <i>PedigreeOccurrences</i> .

occurrenceHistory: PedigreeOccurrence [0*]	A sequence of <i>PedigreeOccurrences</i> that represent the history of <i>PedigreeOccurrences</i> that took place with respect to a particular entity.
source : PedigreeOccurrence [0*]	The <i>PedigreeOccurrences</i> that were the original sources for ancestor entities of the subject entity.
type : PedigreeOccurrenceChainType [01]	The type of the <i>PedigreeChain</i> .

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8.3.1.5 PedigreeOccurrence

- An ActivityOccurrence in the lifecycle of an entity related to the source or evolution of that entity that is of interest
- to some *Party*.

1319 Generalizations

- The *PedigreeOccurrence* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- ActivityOccurrence (see the section entitled "ActivityOccurrence" for more information).

1322 **Properties**

The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *PedigreeOccurrence*:

Table 29. PedigreeOccurrence Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
derivations : DerivedFrom [0*]	Derivations created as a result of the PedigreeOccurrence.
subchain: PedigreeOccurenceChain [01]	A sequence of <i>PedigreeOccurrences</i> that take the inputEntity of the <i>PedigreeOccurrence</i> and transform them into the outputEntity of the <i>PedigreeOccurrence</i> and are encapsulated by the <i>PedigreeOccurrence</i> .
type: PedigreeOccurrenceType [0*]	The type of the <i>PedigreeOccurrence</i> .

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8.3.1.6 PedigreeOccurrenceChainType

- A kind of *OccurrenceChainType* that captures the expected *OccurrenceTypes*, *PedigreeOccurrenceTypes*, that result in the creation or evolution of particular types of entities.
- 1328 Generalizations
- The *PedigreeOccurrenceChainType* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- OccurrenceChainType (see the section entitled "OccurrenceChainType" for more information).
- 1331 **Properties**
- 1332 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *PedigreeOccurrenceChainType*:

Table 30. PedigreeOccurrenceChainType Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
entityType : EntityType [1]	The type of entity expected as a result of the chain.
occurrenceType: PedigreeOccurrenceType [1*]	The occurrenceType derived property is based on the series of relationships between from PedigreeChainType through other classes to PedigreeOccurrenceType: OccurrenceChainType.occurrenceTypeGraph.occurrenceNode.occurrenceType.
occurrenceTypeGraph: PedigreeTypeGraph [01]	A graph of <i>PedigreeOccurrenceTypes</i> that are expected in the lifecycle of a particular type of entity.

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8.3.1.7 PedigreeOccurrenceType

An expected type of *PedigreeOccurrence* in the lifecycle of an entity that is of interest to some *Party*.

1336 Generalizations

- 1337 The *PedigreeOccurrenceType* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- ActivityOccurrenceType (see the section entitled "ActivityOccurrenceType" for more information).

1339 **Properties**

The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *PedigreeOccurrenceType*:

Table 31. PedigreeOccurrenceType Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
subchain: PedigreeOccurrenceChainType [01]	A PedigreeChainType that is encapsulated within the PedigreeOccurrenceType to create a "subchain".

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8.3.1.8 PedigreeTypeGraph

- 1343 A PedigreeChainType is a specification for the types of Occurrences that happen with respect to an entity that are of
- interest to a particular *Party*. If the property isStrict=True, then only the *Occurrences* of type
- 1345 PedigreeOccurrenceType will be included in related PedigreeChains. If the property is False then Occurrences of
- other types may be included in related *PedigreeChains*.

1347 **Generalizations**

- The *PedigreeTypeGraph* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- OccurrenceTypeGraph (see the section entitled "OccurrenceTypeGraph" for more information).

1350 **Properties**

1351 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *PedigreeTypeGraph*:

Table 32. PedigreeTypeGraph Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
isStrict: Boolean [01]	A boolean that specifies whether or not adherence to the <i>PedigreeTypeGraph</i> is strict or not. If the value is True, then only the <i>Occurrences</i> of type <i>PedigreeOccurrenceType</i> will be included in related <i>PedigreeChains</i> . If the value is False then <i>Occurrences</i> of other types may be included in related <i>PedigreeChains</i> .

8.3.2 Derivations

The Derivations package contains elements that capture the derivation relationships between Entities. These elements, in conjuction with Entities, capture the lineage or pedigree of Entities.

Derivations capture the lineal relationships between Entities or Entity Snapshots. Derivations are noted in the form of a *DerivedFrom* relationship, or one of its specializations, between one *Entity* that is the derivationSource and another that is the derivedEntity. A derivation may be the result of a general *ActivityOccurrence* or specifically a *PedigreeOccurrence*. Please note that the activities that result in derivations are not always easily tracked or quantified and so just noting the entity from which the entity of interest is derived is all that is possible.

PPMN specifies four types of derivation: revision, quotation, sourcing, and descendant. Revision is captured by setting the kind attribute of the *DerivationType* to *RevisionOf*. *RevisionOf* is an instanceof *DerivedKind* and is used in situations where one entity is a revision of another as in a report or publication. Quotation is captured by setting the kind attribute of the *DerivationType* to *QuotedFrom* and specifies that part of all of one entity is a repeat of part or all of another entity, presumably some textual report or publication. The quotation may or may not be by the original author of the quoted entity. *SourcedFrom* is captured by setting the kind attribute of the *DerivationType* to *SourcedFrom* and specifies that the entity of interest came from another entity which was in turn produced by some party potentially with some special experience or knowledge. Finally, *DescendantOf* is captured by setting the kind attribute of the *DerivationType* to *DescendantOf* and indicates that the entity of interest is a descendant of the ancestor *Entity*.

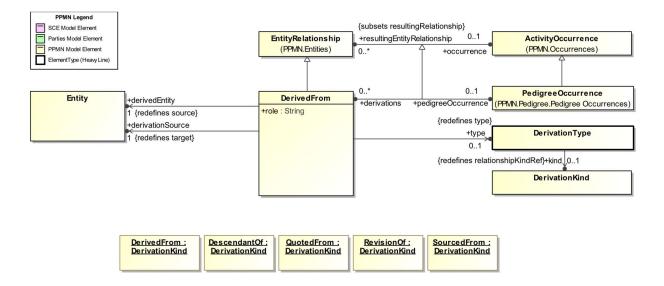


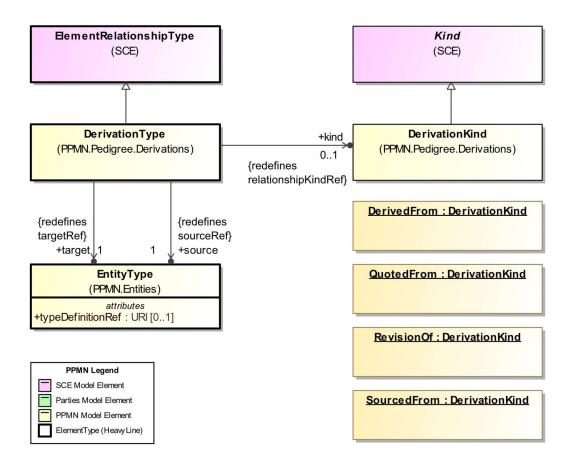
Figure 24: Derivations

DerivationTypes support the definition of the expected kinds of derivations that might result in the generation of one *EntityType* from or more others.

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Figure 25: Derivation Types

8.3.2.1 DerivationKind

A class indicating the kind of derivation that exists between two *Entities*.

Generalizations

- The *DerivationKind* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
 - *Kind* (see the **SCE** specification for more information).

1385 **Properties**

The *DerivationKind* element does not have any additional attributes and/or associations.

8.3.2.2 DerivationType

A kind of *ElementRelationship* that captures the type of derivation between one particular *EntityType* and another.

Generalizations

- The *DerivationType* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
 - *ElementRelationshipType* (see the SCE specification for more information).

Properties

1393 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *DerivationType*:

Table 33. DerivationType Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
kind : DerivationKind [01]	A description of the kind of derivation that produced one <i>Entity</i> from another. See DeivationKind for more details.
source : EntityType [1]	The EntityType that was derived.
target : EntityType [1]	The EntityType from which the source EntityType was derived.

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8.3.2.3 DerivedFrom

- 1396 Derivations are noted in the form of a *DerivedFrom* relationship between one *Entity* that is the
- derivationSource and another that is the derivedEntity. The derivation may be related to an
- 1398 ActivityOccurrence that specifies the particular Occurrence that caused the transformation. Often, the activities that
- result in derivations are not easily tracked or quantified and so just noting the entity from which the entity of interest
- is derived is all that is necessary.

Generalizations

- The *DerivedFrom* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- EntityRelationship (see the section entitled "EntityRelationship" for more information).

1404 **Properties**

1405 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *DerivedFrom*:

Table 34. DerivedFrom Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
derivedEntity : Entity [1]	The Entity that was derived.
derivationSource : Entity [1]	The Entity from which the derivedEntity was derived.
pedigreeOccurrence : PedigreeOccurrence [01]	The PedigreeOccurrence that resulted in the derivation.
role : String []	A string that captures the role in the derivationOccurrence that produced the element.
type: DerivationType [01]	The type of derivation.

1406

1407

8.3.2.4 DescendantOf

1408 DescendantOf is a specialization of DerivedFrom that identifies that the entity of interest is a descendant of another 1409 Entity.

Generalizations

- 1411 The *DescendantOf* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- *DerivedFrom* (see the section entitled "<u>DerivedFrom</u>" for more information).

1413 **Properties**

1410

1414 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *DescendantOf*:

Table 35. DescendantOf Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
ancestor : Entity [1]	The ancestor Entity.
descendant : Entity [1]	The descendant <i>Entity</i> .

1415

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8.3.2.5 QuotedFrom

- Quotation is captured by the *QuotedFrom* specialization of *DerivedFrom* and specifies that part of all of one entity
- is a repeat of part or all of another entity, presumably some textual report or publication. The quotation may or may
- not be by the original author of the quoted entity.

1420 Generalizations

- 1421 The *QuotedFrom* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- *DerivedFrom* (see the section entitled "<u>DerivedFrom</u>" for more information).

1423 **Properties**

The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *QuotedFrom*:

Table 36. QuotedFrom Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
quotation : Entity [1]	The element that is the quotation.
quotedEntity : Entity [1]	The quoted element.

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1426

8.3.2.6 RevisionOf

- Revision is captured in the form of the *RevisionOf* relationship. *RevisionOf* is a specialization of *DerivedFrom* and is used in situations where one entity is a revision of another as in a report or publication.
- 1429 **Generalizations**
- The *RevisionOf* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- DerivedFrom (see the section entitled "DerivedFrom" for more information).

1432 **Properties**

1433 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *RevisionOf*:

Table 37. RevisionOf Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
revisedEntity : Entity [1]	The revised element.
revision : Entity [1]	The result of the revision.

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8.3.2.7 SourcedFrom

SourcedFrom is a specialization of DerivedFrom that identifies that the entity of interest came from another entity which was in turn produced by some party potentially with some special experience or knowledge.

1438 Generalizations

- 1439 The SourcedFrom element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- *DerivedFrom* (see the section entitled "<u>DerivedFrom</u>" for more information).

1441 **Properties**

The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for SourcedFrom:

Table 38. SourcedFrom Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
sourcedEntity: Entity [1]	The sourced element.
sourceEntity: Entity [1]	The entity from which the sourcedEntity was sourced.

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8.4 Provenance

- The Provenance package contains elements related to the notion of the ownership and custody of entities of interest.
- 1446 This includes the *Occurrences* that result in changes in the ownership or custody of those entities of interest.
- 1447 ProvenanceOccurrences are specializations of Occurrence related to changes in ownershp or custody of an entity.
- 1448 ProvenanceOccurrences are instances of ProvenanceOccurrenceType or one of its specializations. Similar to
- 1449 OccurrenceType, ProvenanceOccurrenceType is a specification of "expected" ProvenanceOccurrences. They
- capture the *Parties* expected to be involved in the instances. Expected types of entities to which the occurrences
- refer are noted through the entityType property.
- 1452 A ProvenanceChain records the provenance-related events that happen as part of the lifecycle of an entity. These
- events are recorded as part of the occurrenceHistory property, an ordered list of *ProvenanceOccurrences*. A
- 1454 ProvenanceChain also records a reference to the entity to which the Occurrences relate through the entity
- property. ProvenanceChains are essentially instances of ProvenanceChainTypes and as such are governed by the
- relations established in the *ProvenanceChainType*. If the *ProvenanceChainType* isStrict property is set to
- "True" then the types of occurrences maintained in the *ProvenanceChain* are constrained to those included in the
- 1458 ProvenanceChainType.

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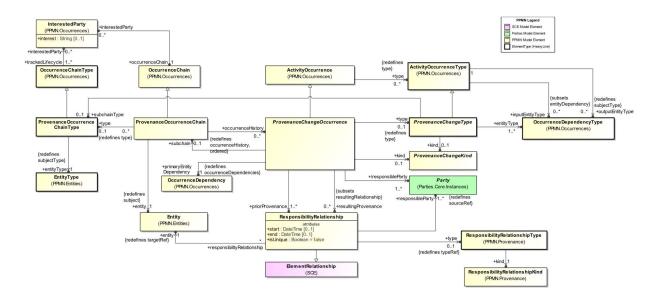


Figure 26: Provenance Occurrence Chains

ProvenanceChains, ProvenanceChainTypes, ProvenanceOccurrences, and ProvenanceOccurrenceTypes follow the same pattern that **PPMN** establishes for Occurrences. This pattern supports the "nesting" of ProvenanceChains within ProvenanceOccurrences. This pattern allows for encapsulation of parts of a chain where the details of the ProvenanceOccurrences of that part of a larger chain are either not known initially or are not deemed important in some context.

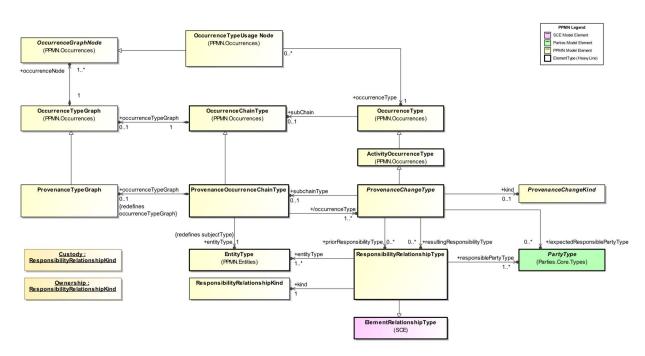


Figure 27: Provenance Occurrence Chain Types

In addition to tracking changes in ownership or custody for an entity of interest over time, stakeholders also require the ability to make direct statements about who owns or has custody of an entity at a particular point in time. The *Ownership* and *Custody* classes provide this capability. Both *Ownership* and *Custody* specializations of

ResponsibilityRelationship and, as such, capture the Party that owns or has custody of, respectively, a particular Entity for a particular period of time. These provenance "records" can either be maintained in real time or generated based on Occurrences that have been tracked for an entity.

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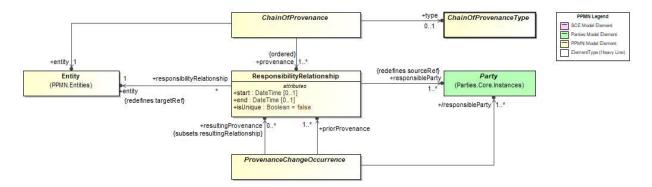
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1481 Figure 28: Provenance "Records"

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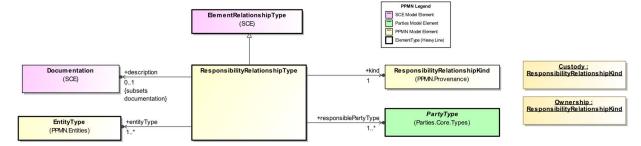
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Figure 29: **Chain of Provenance**

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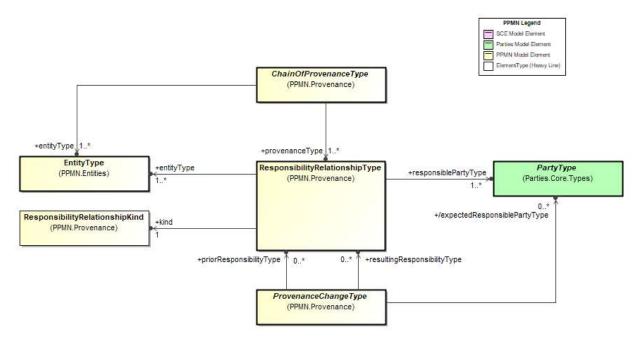
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Figure 30: **Provenance Record Types**

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Figure 31: Chain of Provenance Types

8.4.1 ChainOfProvenance

An ordered set of *ResponsibilityRelationships* that captures the provenance of a particular entity over the course of its lifecycle.

Generalizations

The *ChainOfProvenance* element does not inherit any attributes or associations of from another element.

1500 **Properties**

1501 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *ChainOfProvenance*:

Table 39. ChainOfProvenance Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
entity : Entity [1]	The entity to which the <i>ChainOfProvenance</i> refers.
provenance: ResponsibilityRelationship [1*]	A set of ResponsibilityRelationships related to the provenance of an entity.
type : ChainOfProvenanceType [01]	The type of the ChainOfProvenance.

1502

1503

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8.4.2 ChainOfProvenanceType

An *ElementType* that specifies a set of expected provenance chains (*ChainOfProvenance*) that capture an ordered set of *ResponsibilityRelationships* of type *ResponsibilityRelationshipType*.

Generalizations

The *ChainOfProvenanceType* element does not inherit any attributes or associations of from another element.

Properties

1509 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *ChainOfProvenanceType*:

Table 40. ChainOfProvenanceType Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
entityType : EntityType [1*]	The EntityType for which the ChainOfProvenanceType applies.
<pre>provenanceType : ResponsibilityRelationshipType [1*]</pre>	The type of the responsibility relationships expected to be included in provenance chains of type <i>ChainOfProvenanceType</i> .

1510

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8.4.3 ProvenanceChangeKind

1512 A class indicating the kind of provenance change that is expected.

1513 Generalizations

1514 The ProvenanceChangeKind element does not inherit any attributes or associations of from another element.

1515 **Properties**

1516 The *ProvenanceChangeKind* element does not have any additional attributes and/or associations.

1517 **8.4.4 ProvenanceChangeOccurrence**

An Occurrence in the lifecycle of an entity related to the custody and/or ownership of that entity.

1519 **Generalizations**

- 1520 The ProvenanceChangeOccurrence element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- ActivityOccurrence (see the section entitled "ActivityOccurrence" for more information).

1522 **Properties**

1523 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *ProvenanceChangeOccurrence*:

Table 41. ProvenanceChangeOccurrence Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
kind: ProvenanceChangeKind [01]	A reference to a definition of the specific kind of provenance change.
primaryEntityDependency : OccurrenceDependency [1]	The OccurrenceDependency whose target is the Entity to which the ProvenanceOccurrence applies.
priorProvenance : ResponsibilityRelationship [1*]	The ResponsibilityRelationships prior to the ProvenanceChangeOccurrence.
responsibleParty: Party [1*]	The <i>Party</i> that has responsibility for the entity as a result of the <i>ProvenanceOccurrence</i> .

resultingProvenance: ResponsibilityRelationship [0*]	The ResponsibilityRelationships that result from the ProvenanceChangeOccurrence.
subchain: ProvenanceOccurrenceChain [01]	A <i>ProvenanceChain</i> that is encapsulated by the <i>ProvenanceOccurrence</i> , essentially creating a "sub-chain".
type: ProvenanceChangeType [01]	The type of the <i>ProvenanceOccurrence</i> .

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8.4.5 ProvenanceChangeType

1526 The type of a *ProvenanceOccurrence* in the lifecycle of an entity that is of interest to some *Party*.

1527 **Generalizations**

- The *ProvenanceChangeType* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- ActivityOccurrenceType (see the section entitled "ActivityOccurrenceType" for more information).

1530 **Properties**

The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *ProvenanceChangeType*:

Table 42. ProvenanceChangeType Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
entityType: OccurrenceDependencyType [1*]	A relationship to the expected type of entity involved in the <i>ProvenanceChangeType</i> .
expectedResponsiblePartyType : PartyType [0*]	The <i>Party</i> that is expected to be responsible in some way for an <i>entity</i> of a particular type.
kind: ProvenanceChangeKind [01]	A reference to a definition of the specific kind of provenance change.
priorResponsibilityType: ResponsibilityRelationshipType [0*]	The ResponsibilityRelationsihipType exected to exist prior to occurrences of type ProvenanceChangeType.
resultingResponsibilityType: ResponsibilityRelationshipType [0*]	The type of <i>ResponsibilityRelationships</i> expected as a result of the <i>ProvenanceChangeType</i> .
subchainType: ProvenanceOccurrenceChainType [01]	A <i>ProvenanceChainType</i> that is encapsulated within the <i>ProvenanceOccurrenceType</i> to create a "subchain".

1532

1533

8.4.6 ProvenanceOccurrenceChain

A succession of *ProvenanceOccurrences* that have happened in the life of an entity that is of interest to some *Party*.

1535 **Generalizations**

- 1536 The ProvenanceOccurrenceChain element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- OccurrenceChain (see the section entitled "OccurrenceChain" for more information).

1538 **Properties**

1539 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *ProvenanceOccurrenceChain*:

Table 43. ProvenanceOccurrenceChain Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
entity: Entity [1]	The entity that is the subject of the <i>ProvenanceChain</i> .
occurrenceHistory: ProvenanceChangeOccurrence [0*]	A set of <i>ProvenanceOccurrences</i> that comprise the chain.
type: ProvenanceOccurrenceChainType [01]	The type of the <i>ProvenanceChain</i> .

1540

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8.4.7 ProvenanceOccurrenceChainType

- A kind of OccurrenceChainType that captures a specification for a series of potential ProvenanceOccurrences that
- are expected in a particular context. A *ProvenanceChainType* captures this specification through the
- 1544 occurrenceTypeGraph property a graph of OccurrenceGraphNodes and OccurrenceTransitionTypes.

1545 **Generalizations**

- 1546 The *ProvenanceOccurrenceChainType* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- OccurrenceChainType (see the section entitled "OccurrenceChainType" for more information).

1548 Properties

1549 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *ProvenanceOccurrenceChainType*:

 Table 44.
 ProvenanceOccurrenceChainType Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
entityType : EntityType [1]	The subject of the <i>ProvenanceChainType</i> .
occurrenceType: ProvenanceChangeType [1*]	A derived property that holds the set of <i>ProvenanceOccurrenceTypes</i> that represent the types of <i>ProvenanceOccurrences</i> expected to occur as part of <i>ProvenanceChains</i> that the <i>ProvenanceChainType</i> specifies.
occurrenceTypeGraph: ProvenanceTypeGraph [01]	A graph of <i>ProvenanceOccurrenceTypes</i> that specifies the sequencing of expected <i>ProvenanceOccurrences</i> in the lifecycle of an entity of interest to zero or more <i>InterestedParties</i> .

1550

1551

8.4.8 ProvenanceTypeGraph

- A specialized type of OccurrenceTypeGraph that captures the *ProvenanceOccurrenceTypes* that are expected in the
- lifecycle of one or more types of entities.

Generalizations

- 1555 The *ProvenanceTypeGraph* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- OccurrenceTypeGraph (see the section entitled "OccurrenceTypeGraph" for more information).

1557 **Properties**

1554

1559

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1558 The *ProvenanceTypeGraph* element does not have any additional attributes and/or associations.

8.4.9 ResponsibilityRelationship

- 1560 A ResponsibilityRelationship is a kind of ElementRelationship that specifies a Party has some provenance-related
- responsibility for an entity for a particular period of time.

1562 **Generalizations**

- 1563 The ResponsibilityRelationship element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- ElementRelationship (see the SCE specification for more information).

1565 **Properties**

The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *ResponsibilityRelationship*:

Table 45. ResponsibilityRelationship Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
end : DateTime [01]	The date on which which a <i>Party</i> relinquishes the specified responsibilities with respect to a particular entity.
entity : Entity [1]	The entity for which a <i>Party</i> is responsible from either a custody or ownership perspective.
isUnique : Boolean [] default: false	A boolean that indicates whether or not the responsibility is unique.
kind : ResponsibilityRelationshipKind [01]	The kind of ResponsibilityRelationship between PartyTypes and EntityTypes in a given situation. See ResponsibilityRelationshipKind for more details.
responsibilityDescription: Documentation [01]	A textual description of the responsibility.
responsibleParty : Party [1*]	The <i>Party</i> that is responsible from a provenance perspective for a particular entity.
start : DateTime [01]	The date on which a <i>Party</i> acquires the responsibilities with respect to a particular entity.
type: ResponsibilityRelationshipType [01]	The type of the ResponsibilityRelationship.

8.4.10 ResponsibilityRelationshipKind

1569 A class representing the kind of *ResponsibilityRelationship* between *Parties* and *Entities* in some particular situation.

1570 Generalizations

1567

- 1571 The ResponsibilityRelationshipKind element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- *Kind* (see the **SCE** specification for more information).

1573 **Properties**

1575

1574 The ResponsibilityRelationshipKind element does not have any additional attributes and/or associations.

8.4.11 ResponsibilityRelationshipType

- 1576 A kind of *ElementRelationshipType* that specifies an expected *ResponsibilityRelationship* between *PartyTypes* and
- 1577 EntityTypes in some particular situation.

1578 Generalizations

- The ResponsibilityRelationshipType element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- *ElementRelationshipType* (see the **SCE** specification for more information).

1581 Properties

The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for ResponsibilityRelationshipType:

Table 46. ResponsibilityRelationshipType Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
description: Documentation [01]	A textual description of the responsibility.
entityType : EntityType [1*]	The expected EntityTypes to which the responsibility applies.
kind: ResponsibilityRelationshipKind[1]	A description of the kind of ResponsibilityRelationship between PartyTypes and EntityTypes in a given situation. See ResponsibilityRelationshipKind for more details.
responsiblePartyType : PartyType [1*]	The <i>PartyType</i> that is expected to have the given ResponsibilityRelationshipType with particular EntityTypes in given situations.

1583

1584

8.4.12 **Custody**

- The Custody package provides elements related to the notion of the custody or "physical" control of entities of interest.
- PPMN supports tracking the chain of custody of entities of interest. A *ChainOfCustody* tracks the physical or electronic holder of an entity of interest. It does this by referencing a series of *CustodyOccurrences* that represent
- the custodial history of an entity of interest. A ChainOfCustody may have a ChainOfCustodyType that defines the
- 1590 *CustodyOccrrenceTypes* expected for a particular *EntityType*.

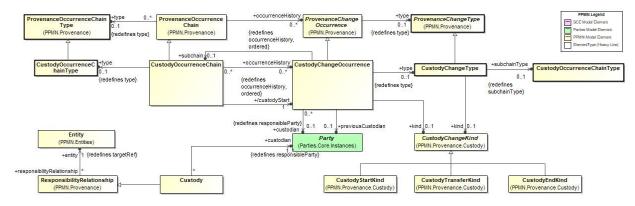


Figure 32: Custody Occurrence Chains

Custody-related classes follow the same pattern that **PPMN** establishes for *Occurrences* generally. This pattern supports the "nesting" of a *ChainOfCustody* within a *CustodyOccurrence*. This pattern allows for encapsulation of parts of a chain where the details of the occurrences of a part of a larger chain are either not known initially or are not deemed important in some context.

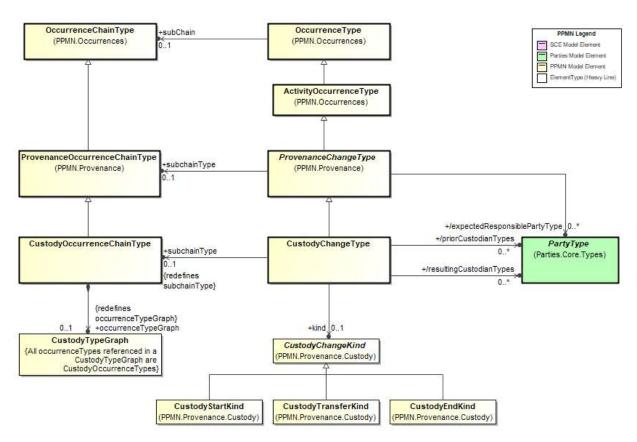
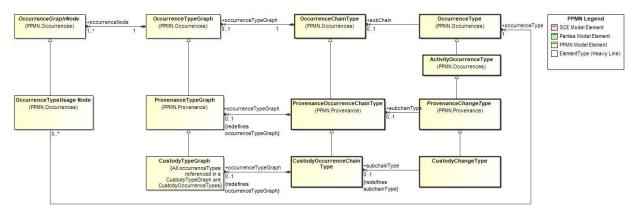


Figure 33: Custody Occurrence Chain Types

Custody-related classes follow the same pattern that **PPMN** establishes for *Occurrences* generally. This pattern supports the "nesting" of a *ChainOfCustody* within a *CustodyOccurrence*. This pattern allows for encapsulation of parts of a chain where the details of the occurrences of a part of a larger chain are either not known initially or are not deemed important in some context.



1607 Figure 34: Custody Occurrence Chain Type Pattern

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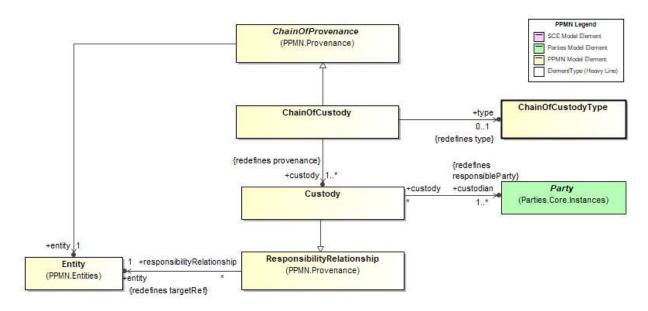
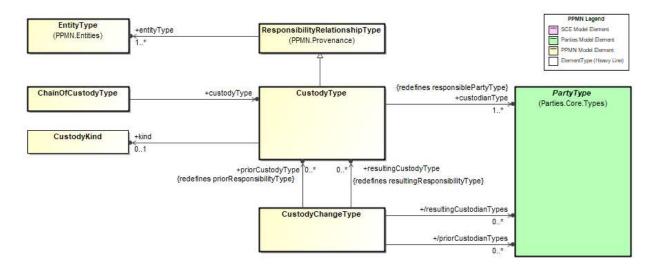


Figure 35: Chain of Custody

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Figure 36: Chain of Custody Types

8.4.12.1 ChainOfCustody

An ordered set of *Custody* relationships that captures the chain of custody of a particular entity over the course of its lifecycle.

Generalizations

- 1620 The *ChainOfCustody* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- ChainOfProvenance (see the section entitled "ChainOfProvenance" for more information).

1622 **Properties**

The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *ChainOfCustody*:

Table 47. ChainOfCustody Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
custody : Custody [1*]	A set of Custody relationships related to the custody of an entity.
type: ChainOfCustodyType [01]	The type of the ChainOfCustody.

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8.4.12.2 ChainOfCustodyType

1626 A specialization of *ChainOfProvenanceType* that specifies instances of custody chains (*ChainOfCustody*) that capture an ordered set of *Custody* relationships of type *CustodyType*.

Generalizations

The ChainOfCustodyType element does not inherit any attributes or associations of from another element.

Properties

The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *ChainOfCustodyType*:

Table 48. ChainOfCustodyType Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
custodyType : CustodyType []	The <i>CustodyType</i> of the <i>Custody</i> responsibility relationships contained in custody chains of type ChainOfCustodyType.

1633

8.4.12.3 Custody

- 1634 Custody is a kind of ProvenanceRecord that specifies a Party that has physical or electronic control of an entity for a
- particular period of time.
- 1636 Generalizations
- 1637 The *Custody* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- ResponsibilityRelationship (see the section entitled "ResponsibilityRelationship" for more information).

1639 Properties

The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *Custody*:

Table 49. Custody Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
custodian : Party [1*]	The <i>Party</i> that acts as the custodian of a particular entity. Redefines responsibleParty.

1641

1642 8.4.12.4 CustodyChangeKind

- 1643 A class indicating the kind of CustodyChangeOccurrence.
- 1644 Generalizations
- The CustodyChangeKind element does not inherit any attributes or associations of from another element.
- 1646 **Properties**
- 1647 The CustodyChangeKind element does not have any additional attributes and/or associations.
- 1648 8.4.12.5 CustodyChangeOccurrence
- An occurrence in the lifecycle of an entity related to the custody of that entity.
- 1650 Generalizations
- 1651 The Custody Change Occurrence element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- *ProvenanceChangeOccurrence* (see the section entitled "<u>ProvenanceChangeOccurrence</u>" for more information).
- 1654 **Properties**
- The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *CustodyChangeOccurrence*:

 Table 50.
 CustodyChangeOccurrence Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
custodian : Party [01]	The <i>Party</i> that has custody of the entity as a result of the <i>CustodyChangeOccurrence</i> .
kind : CustodyChangeKind [01]	The kind of .
previousCustodian : Party [01]	The Party that previously had custody of the entity.
subchain: CustodyOccurrenceChain [01]	A ChainOfCustody that is encapsulated by the CustodyChangeOccurrence essentially creating a "sub-chain".
type: CustodyChangeType [01]	The type of the CustodyChangeOccurrence.

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8.4.12.6 CustodyChangeType

The type of custody-related occurrences in the lifecycle of an entity that is of interest to some *Party*. Specializations of CustodyOccurrence will specify the kind of CustodyOccurrence that has happened or is expected to happen.

Generalizations

- The CustodyChangeType element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
 - *ProvenanceChangeType* (see the section entitled "<u>ProvenanceChangeType</u>" for more information).

1663 Properties

The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for CustodyChangeType:

Table 51. CustodyChangeType Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
kind : CustodyChangeKind [01]	The kind of custody change.
priorCustodianTypes : PartyType [0*]	The type of <i>Party</i> that is expected to relinquish custody of <i>Entities</i> of <i>EntityType</i> as a result of the <i>CustodyOccurrence</i> .
<pre>priorCustodyType : CustodyType [0*]</pre>	The <i>CustodyType</i> of the <i>Custody</i> responsibility relationships expected to be in place prior to <i>CustodyChangeOccurrences</i> of type <i>CustodyChangeType</i> .
resultingCustodianTypes: PartyType [0*]	The type of <i>Party</i> that is expected to have custody of <i>Entities</i> of <i>EntityType</i> as a result of the <i>CustodyOccurrence</i> .
resultingCustodyType : CustodyType [0*]	The <i>CustodyType</i> expected to be the result of occurrences of type <i>CustodyChangeType</i> .
subchainType: CustodyOccurrenceChainType [01]	The expected <i>ChainOfCustodyType</i> that the <i>CustodyOccurrenceType</i> encapsulates.

8.4.12.7 CustodyEndKind

1667 A class indicating the CustodyChangeOccurrence was a kind of end.

Generalizations

- The CustodyEndKind element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- CustodyChangeKind (see the section entitled "CustodyChangeKind" for more information).
- In addition, the *CustodyEndKind* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- *Kind* (see the **SCE** specification for information).

1673 **Properties**

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1668

1674 The CustodyEndKind element does not have any additional attributes and/or associations.

1675 **8.4.12.8 CustodyKind**

1676 A class indicating the kind of *Custody* that a *Party* has with respect to some *Entity*.

1677 **Generalizations**

1678 The CustodyKind element does not inherit any attributes or associations of from another element.

1679 **Properties**

1680 The CustodyKind element does not have any additional attributes and/or associations.

8.4.12.9 CustodyOccurrenceChain

A succession of CustodyChangeOccurrences that have happened in the life of an entity that is of interest to some

1683 *Party*.

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1687

1684 Generalizations

1685 The CustodyOccurrenceChain element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:

• *ProvenanceOccurrenceChain* (see the section entitled "<u>ProvenanceOccurrenceChain</u>" for more information).

1688 **Properties**

The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *CustodyOccurrenceChain*:

Table 52. CustodyOccurrenceChain Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
custodyStart : CustodyChangeOccurrence [1]	The occurrence that starts the <i>ChainOfCustody</i> . This is derived by finding the earliest occurrence in the chain.
occurrenceHistory: CustodyChangeOccurrence [0*]	A set of <i>CustodyOccurrences</i> that comprise the chain.
type: CustodyOccurrenceChainType [01]	The type of the ChainOfCustody.

1690

16911692

8.4.12.10 CustodyOccurrenceChainType

A kind of ProvenanceChainType that captures a specification for a series of expected CustodyOccurrenceTypes that

- are expected for a particular entity type.
- 1694 Generalizations
- The CustodyOccurrenceChainType element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- *ProvenanceOccurrenceChainType* (see the section entitled "<u>ProvenanceOccurrenceChainType</u>" for more information).

1698 Properties

The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *CustodyOccurrenceChainType*:

Table 53. CustodyOccurrenceChainType Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
occurrenceTypeGraph: CustodyTypeGraph [01]	A graph of <i>CustodyOccurrenceTypes</i> that specifies the sequencing of expected <i>CustodyOccurrences</i> in the lifecycle of an entity of interest to one or more <i>InterestedParties</i> .

1700

1701

1703

8.4.12.11 CustodyStartKind

1702 A class indicating the CustodyChangeOccurrence was a kind of start.

Generalizations

- 1704 The CustodyStartKind element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- CustodyChangeKind (see the section entitled "CustodyChangeKind" for more information).
- 1706 In addition, the CustodyStartKind element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- *Kind* (see the **SCE** specification for more information).

1708 Properties

1709 The CustodyStartKind element does not have any additional attributes and/or associations.

1710 8.4.12.12 CustodyTransferKind

1711 A class indicating the CustodyChangeOccurrence was a kind of transfer.

1712 Generalizations

- 1713 The CustodyTransferKind element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- CustodyChangeKind (see the section entitled "CustodyChangeKind" for more information).

1715 **Properties**

1716 The CustodyTransferKind element does not have any additional attributes and/or associations.

1717 **8.4.12.13** CustodyType

- 1718 A specification of the kind of *Custody* that may exist between *Parties* of type *PartyType* and *Entities* of type
- 1719 EntityType.

1720 Generalizations

The *CustodyType* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:

1722 ResponsibilityRelationshipType (see the section entitled "ResponsibilityRelationshipType" for more 1723 information).

1724 **Properties**

1726

1727

1735

1725 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for CustodyType:

CustodyType Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
custodianType : PartyType [1*]	The PartyType expected to have custodial responsibility.
kind : CustodyKind [01]	A specification of the kind of custody responsibility.

8.4.12.14 CustodyTypeGraph

- 1728 A specialized type of *ProvenanceTypeGraph* that captures the *CustodyOccurrenceTypes* that are expected in the
- 1729 lifecycle of one or more types of entities.

1730 Generalizations

- 1731 The CustodyTypeGraph element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- 1732 ProvenanceTypeGraph (see the section entitled "ProvenanceTypeGraph" for more information).

1733 **Properties**

1734 The CustodyTypeGraph element does not have any additional attributes and/or associations.

8.4.13 Ownership

- 1736 An integral aspect of provenance is ownership - the legal or rightful title to an entity. Ownership is important in that
- 1737 it indicates a legal responsibility for the entity and the right to perform actions on or with the entity in accordance
- 1738 with applicable laws and regulations. The Ownership package of PPMN provides elements related to the notion of
- 1739 the ownership of entities of interest by one or more parties.
- 1740 Ownership Occurrences are Occurrences that result in some change in ownership such as the acquisition of an entity
- 1741 by some *Party* or the transfer of ownership of an entity from one *Party* to another. These are useful for two reasons.
- 1742 First, they link ownership "periods" together and provide greater information about the events or processes that
- result in a transition in ownership much like *PedigreeOccurrences* provide insight into how an entity is created or 1743
- evolved over time. Second, Ownership "records" are generated as a result of OwnershipOccurrences and so the 1744
- OwnershipOccurrences provide insight in how and why ownership has changed.. 1745
- 1746 **PPMN** supports several kinds of *OwnershipOccurrenceTypes*: *AcquisitionOccurrenceTypes*,
- 1747 OwnershipTransferOccurrenceTypes, and EndOwnershipOccurrenceTypes. These specializations support the
- 1748 typical ownership transitions that may take place in the lifecycle of an entity but are not expected to be only types of
- 1749 transitions that may occur.
- 1750 A ChainOfOwnership is a kind of ProvenanceChain that tracks the ownership-related Occurrences of an entity of
- 1751 interest. A ChainOfOwnership may be typed in the same way as ProvenanceChains using a
- 1752 ChainOfOwnershipType. ChainOfOwnershipType allows stakeholders to define the expected changes in ownership
- 1753 of entities of a particular type in advance for planning or other purposes.

1754

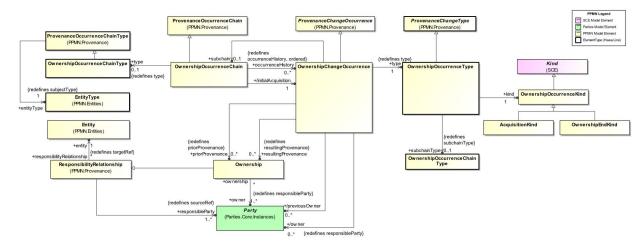


Figure 37: Ownership Occurrence Chains

ChainOfOwnership, ChainOfOwnershipType, OwnershipOccurrences, and OwnershipOccurrenceTypes follow the same pattern established for other types of occurrences. This pattern supports the "nesting" of a ChainOfOwnership within an OwnershipOccurrence. This pattern allows for encapsulation of parts of a chain where the details of the OwnershipOccurrences of that part of a larger chain are either not known initially or are not deemed important in some context.

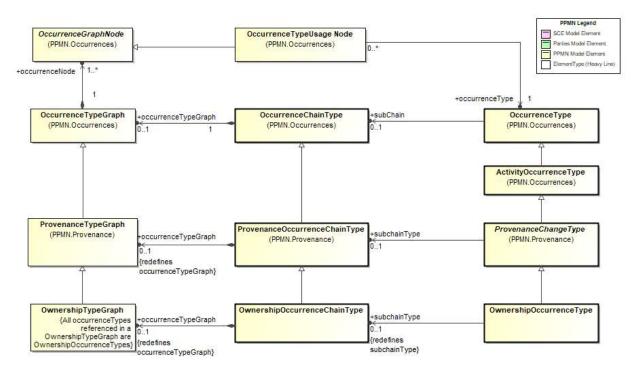


Figure 38: Ownership Occurrence Chain Type Pattern

ChainOfOwnership, ChainOfOwnershipType, OwnershipOccurrences, and OwnershipOccurrenceTypes follow the same pattern established for other types of occurrences. This pattern supports the "nesting" of a ChainOfOwnership within an OwnershipOccurrence. This pattern allows for encapsulation of parts of a chain where the details of the OwnershipOccurrences of that part of a larger chain are either not known initially or are not deemed important in some context.

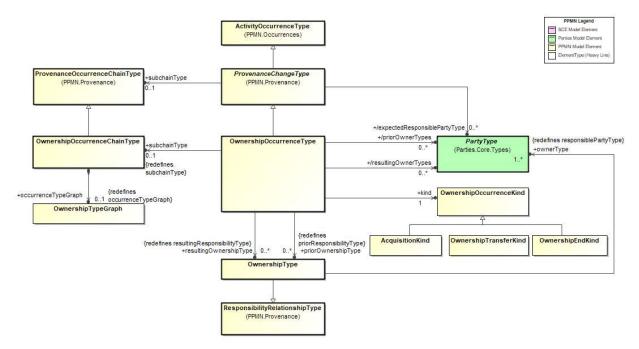


Figure 39: Ownership Occurrence Chain Types

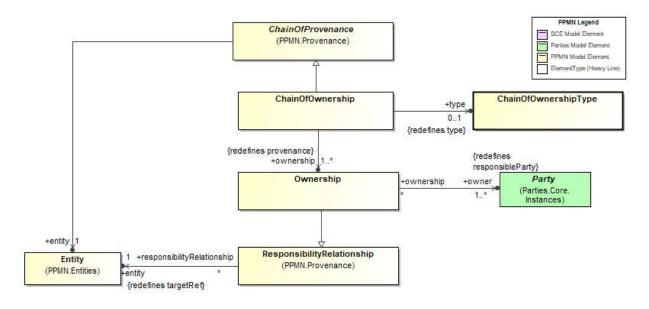
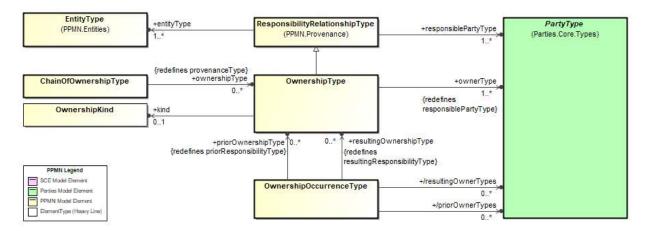


Figure 40: Chain of Ownership

Pedigree and Provenance Model and Notation v1.0



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Figure 41: Chain of Ownership Types

8.4.13.1 AcquisitionKind

1783 A class indicating how a *ChainOfOwnership* was started.

Generalizations

- 1785 The AcquisitionKind element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
 - OwnershipOccurrenceKind (see the section entitled "OwnershipOccurrenceKind" for more information).

1787 **Properties**

1788 The AcquisitionKind element does not have any additional attributes and/or associations.

1789 **8.4.13.2 ChainOfOwnership**

1790 An ordered set of *Ownership* relationships that captures the ownership of a particular entity over the course of its lifecycle.

Generalizations

- 1793 The *ChainOfOwnership* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
 - ChainOfProvenance (see the section entitled "ChainOfProvenance" for more information).

1795 **Properties**

1796 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *ChainOfOwnership*:

Table 55. ChainOfOwnership Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
ownership : Ownership [1*]	A set of Ownership relationships related to the ownership of an entity.
type : ChainOfOwnershipType [01]	The type of the ChainOfOwnership.

8.4.13.3 ChainOfOwnershipType

- 1799 A specialization of *ChainOfProvenanceType* that specifies instances of ownership chains (*ChainOfOwnership*) that capture an ordered set of *Ownership* relationships of type *OwnershipType*.
- 1801 Generalizations
- 1802 The ChainOfOwnershipType element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- ChainOfProvenanceType (see the section entitled "ChainOfProvenanceType" for more information).

1804 Properties

The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *ChainOfOwnershipType*:

Table 56. ChainOfOwnershipType Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
<pre>ownershipType : OwnershipType [0*]</pre>	The <i>OwnershipType</i> of the <i>Ownership</i> responsibility relationships included in <i>ChainOfOwnershps</i> that are of type <i>ChainOfOwnershipType</i> .

1806

1807

1798

8.4.13.4 Ownership

1808 A kind of *ProvenanceRecord* relationship that specifies a *Party* is playing the role of *Owner* of an entity for a particular period of time.

1810 Generalizations

- 1811 The *Ownership* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- ResponsibilityRelationship (see the section entitled "ResponsibilityRelationship" for more information).

1813 **Properties**

The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *Ownership*:

Table 57. Ownership Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
owner : Party [1*]	The <i>Party</i> that acts as the owner of a particular entity. Redefines responsible Party.

1815

1816

8.4.13.5 OwnershipChangeOccurrence

An *Occurrence* in the lifecycle of an entity related to the ownership of that entity.

1818 **Generalizations**

- 1819 The OwnershipChangeOccurrence element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- 1820 *ProvenanceChangeOccurrence* (see the section entitled "<u>ProvenanceChangeOccurrence</u>" for more information).

1822 **Properties**

The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *OwnershipChangeOccurrence*:

Table 58. OwnershipChangeOccurrence Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
owner : Party [0*]	The <i>Party</i> that has ownership of the entity as a result of the <i>OwnershipOccurrence</i> .
previousOwner : Party [0*]	The previous owner(s) of the entity.
priorProvenance : Ownership [0*]	The Ownership relationships prior to the OwnershipChangeOccurrence.
resultingProvenance : Ownership [0*]	The Ownership relationships that result from the OwnershipChangeOccurrence.
subchain: OwnershipOccurrenceChain [01]	A ChainOfOwnership that is encapsulated by the OwnershipOccurrence essentially creating a "sub-chain".
type: OwnershipOccurrenceType [1]	The type of the OwnershipChangeOccurrence.

1825

8.4.13.6 OwnershipEndKind

1826 A class indicating how the *ChainOfOwnership* was ended.

1827 **Generalizations**

- The OwnershipEndKind element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- OwnershipOccurrenceKind (see the section entitled "OwnershipOccurrenceKind" for more information).

1830 **Properties**

The OwnershipEndKind element does not have any additional attributes and/or associations.

1832 **8.4.13.7 OwnershipKind**

1833 A specification of a particular kind of ownership responsibility.

1834 Generalizations

The OwnershipKind element does not inherit any attributes or associations of from another element.

1836 **Properties**

1838

The *OwnershipKind* element does not have any additional attributes and/or associations.

8.4.13.8 OwnershipOccurrenceChain

A succession of *OwnershipOccurrences* that have happened in the life of an entity that is of interest to some *Party*.

1840 Generalizations

- The OwnershipOccurrenceChain element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- *ProvenanceOccurrenceChain* (see the section entitled "<u>ProvenanceOccurrenceChain</u>" for more information).

Properties

1845 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for OwnershipOccurrenceChain:

Table 59. OwnershipOccurrenceChain Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
initialAcquisition: OwnershipChangeOccurrence [1]	The occurrence that starts the <i>ChainOfOwnership</i> . This is derived by finding the earliest occurrence in the chain.
occurrenceHistory: OwnershipChangeOccurrence [0*]	A set of OwnershipOccurrences that comprise the chain.
type: OwnershipOccurrenceChainType [01]	The type of the ChainOfOwnership.

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8.4.13.9 OwnershipOccurrenceChainType

A kind of ProvenanceChainType that captures a specification for a series of expected OwnershipOccurrenceTypes 1848 that are expected for a particular entity type. An OwnershipOccurrenceType captures this specification through the 1849 1850

occurrenceTypeGraph property - a graph of OccurrenceGraphNodes and OccurrenceTransitionTypes.

Generalizations

1852 The OwnershipOccurrenceChainType element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:

> ProvenanceOccurrenceChainType (see the section entitled "ProvenanceOccurrenceChainType" for more information).

Properties

1856 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for OwnershipOccurrenceChainType:

Table 60. OwnershipOccurrenceChainType Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
occurrenceTypeGraph: OwnershipTypeGraph [01]	A graph of <u>OwnershipOccurrenceTypes</u> that specifies the sequencing of expected <u>OwnershipOccurrences</u> in the lifecycle of an entity of interest to one or more <u>InterestedParties</u> .

1857

1858

1860 1861

1862

1863

8.4.13.10 OwnershipOccurrenceKind

1859 A class indicating the kind of *OwnershipOccurrence* that is expected.

Generalizations

The OwnershipOccurrenceKind element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:

Kind (see the **SCE** specification for more information).

Properties

1864 The OwnershipOccurrenceKind element does not have any additional attributes and/or associations.

8.4.13.11 OwnershipOccurrenceType

- 1866 The type of OwnershipOccurrence in the lifecycle of an entity that is of interest to some Party. Specializations of
- 1867 OwnershipOccurrenceType will specify the kind of OwnershipOccurrence that has happened.

1868 Generalizations

- The OwnershipOccurrenceType element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
 - *ProvenanceChangeType* (see the section entitled "<u>ProvenanceChangeType</u>" for more information).

1871 **Properties**

1865

1870

1872 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for OwnershipOccurrenceType:

Table 61. OwnershipOccurrenceType Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
kind: OwnershipOccurrenceKind [1]	A reference to a definition of the specific kind of <i>OwnershipOccurrenceType</i> .
priorOwnershipType: OwnershipType [0*]	The OwnershipType exected to exist prior to occurrences of type OwnershipOccurrenceType.
priorOwnerTypes : PartyType [0*]	The type of <i>Party</i> that is expected to relinquish ownership of <i>Entities</i> of <i>EntityType</i> as a result of the <i>OwnershipOccurrence</i> .
resultingOwnershipType : OwnershipType [0*]	The <i>OwnershipType</i> expected to be the result of occurrences of type <i>OwnershipOccurrenceType</i> .
resultingOwnerTypes : PartyType [0*]	The type of <i>Party</i> that is expected to have owership of <i>Entities</i> of <i>EntityType</i> as a result of <i>Occurrences</i> of the <i>OwnershipOccurrenceType</i> .
subchainType: OwnershipOccurrenceChainType [01]	A ChainOfOwnershipType that is encapsulated within the OwnershipOccurrenceType to create a "subchain".

1873

1874

8.4.13.12 OwnershipTransferKind

1875 A class indicating how a *ChainOfOwnership* was started.

1876 **Generalizations**

1877 The OwnershipTransferKind element does not inherit any attributes or associations of from another element.

1878 **Properties**

The OwnershipTransferKind element does not have any additional attributes and/or associations.

1880 **8.4.13.13 OwnershipType**

The type of *Ownership* that may exist between *Parties* of type *PartyType* and *Entities* of type *EntityType*.

1882 Generalizations

- The *OwnershipType* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- ResponsibilityRelationshipType (see the section entitled "ResponsibilityRelationshipType" for more information).

Properties

The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *OwnershipType*:

Table 62. OwnershipType Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
kind : OwnershipKind [01]	A specification of the kind of ownership responsibility.
ownerType : PartyType [1*]	The PartyType expected to have ownership responsibility.

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1901 1902

1903 1904

1886

8.4.13.14 OwnershipTypeGraph

A specialized type of *ProvenanceTypeGraph* that captures the *OwnershipOccurrenceTypes* that are expected in the lifecycle of one or more types of entities.

Generalizations

- The OwnershipTypeGraph element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- *ProvenanceTypeGraph* (see the section entitled "ProvenanceTypeGraph" for more information).

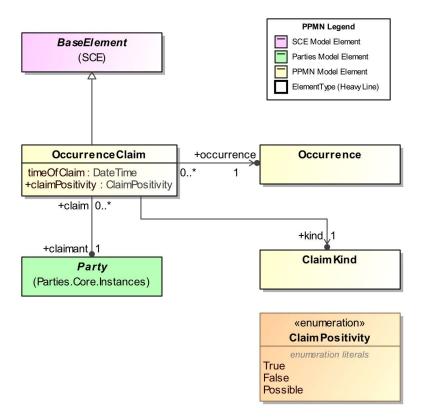
1895 **Properties**

The OwnershipTypeGraph element does not have any additional attributes and/or associations.

8.5 Claims

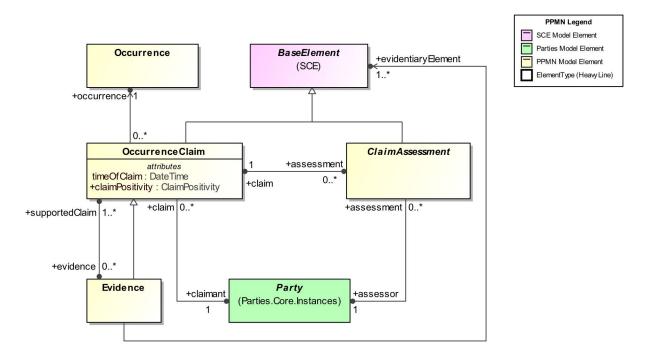
1898 The Claims package contains elements related to Claims made by Parties about Occurrences.

In many situations, pedigree and/or provenance information about entities is put forth by some party as being true when in fact, that information may be disputed and even shown to be false. *Claims* provide a mechanism to note the *Party* (the claimant) that claims an *Occurrence* has happened. The time the claim was made is captured as well as whether the *Claim* was made in a "positive" or "negative" manner (the claimPositivity). ClaimPositivity states whether the Claim was made in a "positive" manner, i.e., the Occurrence is claimed to have happened, or a "negative" maner, i.e., the Occurrence is claimed *not to have happened*. A claimPositivity of "Possible" means that the Occurrence *may* have happened.



1909 Figure 42: Claims

A Claim may be assessed in some way as stated by a ClaimAssessment by some Party (the assessor). The actual method or mechanism of the assessment is outside the scope of this specification.



1916

Figure 43: Claim Assessments

8.5.1 ClaimPositivity

A enumeration that indicates whether the statement asserted by a Claim is asserted as being true, false, or possible.

Table 63. ClaimPositivity Literals

Literal	Description
False	Indicates that the Claim asserts the Occurrence did not happen.
Possible	Indicates that the Claim asserts the Occurrence may have happened.
True	Indicates that the Claim asserts the Occurrence happened.

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1924

8.5.2 ClaimAssessment

1920 An assessment of a Claim by an assessor.

Generalizations

The ClaimAssessment element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:

• SCE SCEElement (see the SCE specification for more information).

Properties

The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *ClaimAssessment*:

Table 64. ClaimAssessment Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
assessor : Party [1]	The Party that made the assessment.
claim: OccurrenceClaim [1]	The Claim about which the assessment was made.

1927

8.5.3 ClaimKind

1928 A class that indicates the kind of *Claim* that has been made.

1929 Generalizations

- 1930 The *ClaimKind* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- *Kind* (see the **SCE** specification for more information).

1932 **Properties**

1933 The *ClaimKind* element does not have any additional attributes and/or associations.

1934 **Generalizations**

- 1935 The *Evidence* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- OccurrenceClaim (see the section entitled "OccurrenceClaim" for more information).

1937 **Properties**

1938 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for Evidence:

Table 65. Evidence Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
evidentiaryElement : SCEElement [1*]	The elements that comprise the <i>Evidence</i> for the supported <i>Claims</i> .
supportedClaim : OccurrenceClaim [1*]	The <i>Claims</i> that the <i>Evidence</i> is intended to support.

1939

1940

8.5.4 OccurrenceClaim

1941 A statement made by a Party about whether an Occurrence happened or not.

1942 **Generalizations**

- 1943 The OccurrenceClaim element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- SCE SCEElement (see the SCE specification for more information).

1945 **Properties**

1946 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for OccurrenceClaim:

Table 66. OccurrenceClaim Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
assessment : ClaimAssessment [0*]	An assessment of the Claim.
claimant : Party [1]	The Party that made the Claim.
claimPositivity : ClaimPositivity []	A property that states whether the claim is said to be true, false or possible.
evidence : Evidence [0*]	The Evidence intended to support the Claim.
kind : ClaimKind [1]	The kind of assertion of the Claim.
occurrence : Occurrence [1]	The Occurrence about which the Claim was made.
timeOfClaim : DateTime []	The time the Claim was made.

19481949

8.6 Rationale

The Rationale package contains elements that provide the ability to capture the rationale for *Occurrences*.

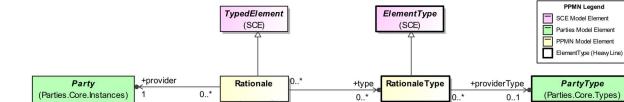
1950 PPMN supports the ability to capture a Rationale, the reasoning or justification, for Occurrences and

OccurrenceTypes. RationaleType enables capture of the type of a particular Rationale or of the kind of Rationale

that is expected in a particular context.

195219531954

1951



+rationale

Occurrence Type

(PPMN.Occurrences

0..1

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19571958

1959

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Figure 44: Rationale

8.6.1 Rationale

A class representing the basis for an *Occurrence or OccurrenceType*.

+rationale

Occurrence

(PPMN.Occurrences)

Generalizations

The Rationale element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:

• SCE *TypedElement* (see the section SCE specification for more information).

1962 **Properties**

The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *Rationale*:

Table 67. Rationale Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
provider : Party [1]	The <i>Party</i> that provided the <i>Rationale</i> .
type: RationaleType [0*]	The class(es) that provide(s) a specification of the <i>Rationale</i> .

1965

1969

8.6.2 RationaleType

1966 A class representing the type or classification of a *Rationale*.

1967 **Generalizations**

1968 The *RationaleType* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:

• SCE *ElementType* (see the SCE specification for more information).

1970 **Properties**

1971 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *RationaleType*:

Table 68. RationaleType Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
providerType : PartyType [01]	The <i>PartyType</i> that is expected to provide the kind of <i>Rationale</i> specified by the <i>RationaleType</i> .

1972

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1979

8.7 Annotations

The Annotation package contains elements related to the notion of annotation of elements with notes about that element.

1976 Annotations are applied to BaseElements for any purpose that suits the business needs of an organization.

Annotations can exist independently of those elements providing a "catalog" of Annotations. AnnotationTemplate

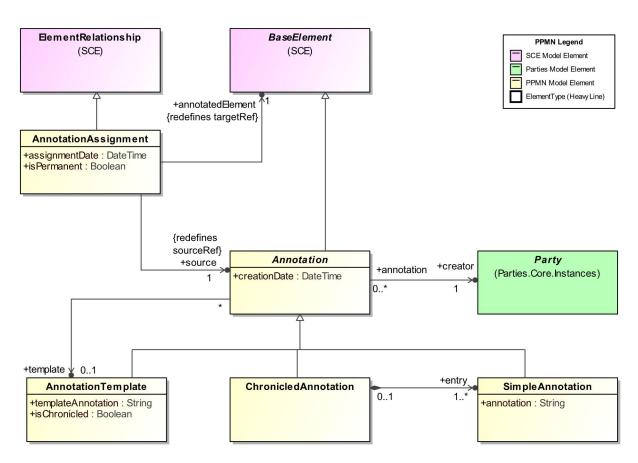
1978 provides a means of creating base annotations that can be "instantiated" as either SimpleAnnotations or

Chronicled Annotations. Annotations may have an association to the Annotation Template from which they were

1980 created. The *Party* creating an *Annotation* is captured as the creator. That *Party* or another *Party* may assign an

annotation to a BaseElement through an AnnotationAssignment relationship.

1981 1982



1985 Figure 45: Annotations

1986 **8.7.1.1 Annotation**

A note or series of notes related to some BaseElement in a PPM information set.

Generalizations

The Annotation element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:

• SCE BaseElement (see the SCE specification for more information).

1991 **Properties**

The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *Annotation*:

Table 69. Annotation Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
creationDate : DateTime []	The Date/Time that the Annotation was created.
creator : Party [1]	The Party that created the annotation.
template : AnnotationTemplate [01]	The template from which an Annotation was created.

1993

1984

1988

1989

8.7.1.2 AnnotationAssignment

1995 An association that links an Annotation to a BaseElement in a PPMN information set.

1996 Generalizations

- The AnnotationAssignment element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
 - *ElementRelationship* (see the **SCE** specification for more information).

1999 **Properties**

The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *AnnotationAssignment*:

Table 70. AnnotationAssignment Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
annotatedElement : BaseElement [1]	The element to which the <i>Annotation</i> has been assigned.
assignmentDate : DateTime []	The Date/Time the Annotation was applied.
isPermanent : Boolean []	A boolean specifying whether or not the <i>Annotation</i> is intended to be permanent.
source : Annotation [1]	The Annotation that has been assigned to some element.

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1998

2000

8.7.1.3 AnnotationTemplate

A kind of *Annotation* that is intended to be used as a template for other *Annotations*.

2004 Generalizations

2005 The Annotation Template element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:

• *Annotation* (see the section entitled "<u>Annotation</u>" for more information).

2007 **Properties**

2008 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *AnnotationTemplate*:

Table 71. AnnotationTemplate Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
isChronicled : Boolean []	A boolean that specifies whether the <i>Annotations</i> created with this template are <i>ChronicledAnnotations</i> or not.
templateAnnotation : String []	A default string that is meant for recurring use.

2009

2010

2014

8.7.1.4 ChronicledAnnotation

A kind of *Annotation* that has a series of time-based entries. Individual entries are captured as *SimpleAnnotations* with the isPermenant flag set to True. The creationDate of the *SimpleAnnotations* that represent the entries of a *ChronicledAnnotation* captures the date the *ChronicledAnnotation* was updated.

Generalizations

- 2015 The *ChronicledAnnotation* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- Annotation (see the section entitled "Annotation" for more information).

2017 **Properties**

2018 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *ChronicledAnnotation*:

Table 72. ChronicledAnnotation Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
entry: SimpleAnnotation [1*]	A SimpleAnnotation that represents one entry in a ChronicledAnnotation.

2019

2020

8.7.1.5 SimpleAnnotation

A kind of Annotation that is a simple note related to one or more BaseElements in a PPM information set.

2022 Generalizations

- 2023 The SimpleAnnotation element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- Annotation (see the section entitled "Annotation" for more information).

2025 **Properties**

2026 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for SimpleAnnotation:

Table 73. SimpleAnnotation Attributes and/or Associations

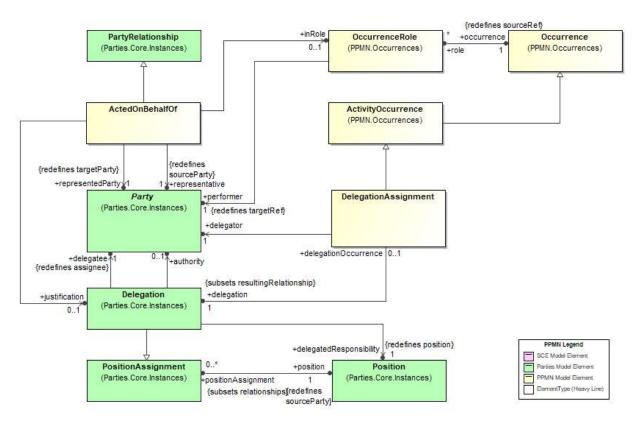
Property/Association	Description
annotation : String []	A string containing the text of the <i>Annotation</i> .

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8.8 Delegation

- The Delegation package provides elements related to the notion of delegation of responsibility for an entity from one party to another.
- Delegation captures the notion that a Party may assign a set of responsibilities to another party. The responsibilities
- being assigned are essentially captured as a Role. The class ActedOnBehalfOf is a relationship that states that one
- 2033 Party was acting for or representing another Party and that action may be justified by a Delegation. The property
- 2034 inRole allows a model to specify that the *Party* acted on behalf of another *Party* while performing a particular role
- in an Occurrence.



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Figure 46: Delegation

8.8.1 ActedOnBehalfOf

A relationship that indicates that one *Party* represented another *Party* in some way. That action may be justified by some *Delegation* of responsibilities.

Generalizations

- The ActedOnBehalfOf element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
 - PartyRelationship (see the section entitled "PartyRelationship" for more information).

2045 **Properties**

2046 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for ActedOnBehalfOf:

Table 74. ActedOnBehalfOf Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
inRole : OccurrenceRole [01]	The OccurrenceRole in which one Party acted on behalf of another Party.
justification: Delegation [01]	The <i>Delegation</i> that provides justification for the representative to act on the part of the representedParty.
representative : Party [1]	The Party representing the representedParty.
representedParty : Party [1]	The Party on whose part the representative acted.

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8.8.2 DelegationAssignment

2049 A kind of ActivityOccurrence wherein one Party delegates a set of responsibilities to another Party.

Generalizations

- 2051 The *DelegationAssignment* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
 - ActivityOccurrence (see the section entitled "ActivityOccurrence" for more information).

2053 **Properties**

The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *DelegationAssignment*:

Table 75. DelegationAssignment Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
delegation : Delegation [1]	The Delegation that was the result of the DelegationAssignment.
delegator : Party [1]	The Party responsible for the DelegationAssignment.

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8.9 Additional Relationships

- In addition to Delegation and Derivation, PPMN includes a number of other types of relationships that are important to pedigree and/or provenance. These additional relationships are described herein.
- PPMN includes several other types of relationships that may be important to particular stakeholders in addition to derivations and delegations. These cover the concepts of attribution, specialization, alternates and general "informing of".
- Attribution is captured through the *AttributedTo* relationship. This element states that an entity of interest was generated through some unknown activity or action of the *Party*.
- The *AlternateOf* relationship states that two entities or elements represent the same thing or aspects of the same thing. The *AlternateOf* relationship will generally between two entities of some type. However, this is not always the case. It may be useful in certain situations to note alternate *Parties* or *Occurrences*. Note that the source and target of the *AlternateOf* must both be of the same general "type". In other words they must both be, for example, *Entities*, or both be *Parties*, or both be *Occurrences*.
- The *Informed* relationship is used to show that one *Occurrence* provided information or insight to or in some way affected another *Occurrence*. For example a testing process may inform a redesign of an assembly line for a manufacturer.

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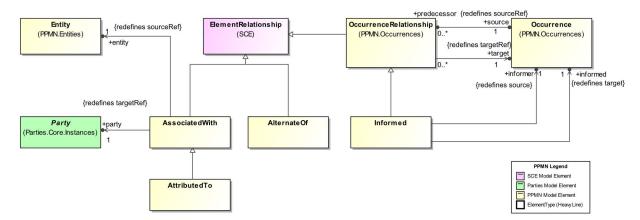


Figure 47: Additional PPMN Relationships

8.9.1 AlternateOf

The *AlternateOf* relationship is a kind of *ElementRelationship* that states that two elements represent the same thing or aspects of the same thing. The *AlternateOf* relationship will generally between two entities of some type.

However, this is not always the case. It may be useful in certain situations to note alternate *Parties* or *Occurrences*.

Note that the source and target of the AlternateOf must both be of the same general "type". In other words

they must both be, for example, *Entities*, or both be *Parties*, or both be *Occurrences*.

Generalizations

The *AlternateOf* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:

• *ElementRelationship* (see the **SCE** specification for more information).

Properties

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The AlternateOf element does not have any additional attributes and/or associations.

8.9.2 AssociatedWith

The AssociatedWith relationship is a kind of ElementRelationship that captures the fact that a Party is associated in some way with an Entity.

Generalizations

The AssociatedWith element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:

• *ElementRelationship* (see the **SCE** specification for more information).

Properties

2094 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for AssociatedWith:

Table 76. AttributedTo Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
entity : Entity [1]	An entity that is associated with some <i>Party</i> .
party: Party [1]	The Party to which some entity is associated.

8.9.3 AttributedTo

The *AttributedTo* relationship is a kind of *AssociatedWith* relationship that captures the fact that some activity or action of a *Party* created, transformed, or destroyed an Entity.

Generalizations

- 2100 The AttributedTo element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- AssociatedWith (see the section entitled "AssociatedWith" for more information).

2102 **8.9.4** Informed

The *Informed* relationship is a kind of *ElementRelationship* that is used to show that one *Occurrence* provided

2104 information or insight to or in some way affected another *Occurrence*.

2105 Generalizations

- 2106 The *Informed* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- OccurrenceRelationship (see the section entitled "OccurrenceRelationship" for more information).

2108 Properties

2109 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *Informed*:

Table 77. Informed Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
informed : Occurrence [1]	The Occurrence that was informed by the source Occurrence.
informer : Occurrence [1]	The Occurrence that informed another Occurrence.

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8.10 Packaging

- 2112 PPMN Packaging consists of elements that allow users to group or "package up" sets of occurrences associated with
- the pedigree and provenance of entities of interest as well as elements that define expected occurrences. The
- 2114 packaging follows the pattern laid out in the Specification Common elements (SCE) specification and used in the
- 2115 Parties specification as well.
- The Pedigree and Provenance Metamodel and Notation supports the capture of events that happen in the lifecycle of
- 2117 entities of interest including creation, evolution, destruction, as well as changes in ownership and custody. In
- 2118 addition to capturing events that happened in the past, the specification also enables specifying events that are
- 2119 expected to happen in the future. As stated previously, these elements are loosely referred to as the "instances" and
- 2120 "types", respectively. The main packaging structures of PPMN support packaging of these elements using
- 2121 *PPMNInstances* and the *PPMNDefinitions* elements.
- 2122 PPMNInstances are specializations of PartyInstances and are designed to group "instances" related to events that
- have taken place in the lifecycle of entities of interest. These elements include actual events or Occurrences, the
- 2124 Entities, and the Parties involved.
- 2125 PPMNDefinitions are specializations of PartyDefinitions and are designed to group the PPMN "types", i.e. the
- 2126 elements related to "expected" Occurrences. These elements include OccurrenceTypes, EntityTypes, and PartyTypes
- among others.
- 2128 PPMNInstances and PPMNDefinitions together are included in PPMNModels along with relevant *PPMNKinds*.
- 2129 PPMNModels represent the semantics of the model versus the presentation elements contained in the PPMNDI
- 2130 package. PPMNModels are specializations of PartyModels and so may include PartyInstances and PartyDefinitions
- 2131 as well.

All of these elements are brought together as a complete bundle in the *PPMNModelPackage*. *PPMNModelPackages* contain both the model elements via the model property as well as the presentation elements via the presentation property. *PPMNModelPackages* are a specialization of *PartyModelPackage* and so may contain all of the *Party*-related elements contained therein.

All **PPMN** packages and models are specializations of **SCE** *Package* and as such can contain other **SCE** *Packages* or their specializations. They can also include imports of external elements through the *Import* element in **SCE**.

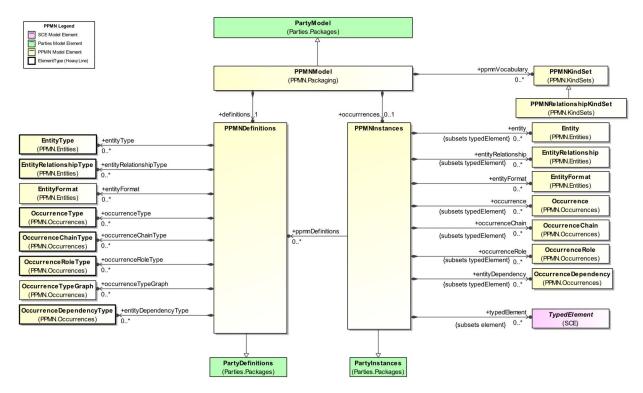


Figure 48: PPMN Packaging

8.10.1 PPMNDefinitions

A kind of *PartyDefinitions* that is the container for "Type-related" PPMN elements. Type-related elements include elements such as *OccurrenceChainTypes* and its specializations, *OccurrenceTypes* and its specializations, and profiles. Type-related elements are contained in *TypePackages*.

Generalizations

- The *PPMNDefinitions* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
 - PartyDefinitions (see the section entitled "PartyDefinitions" for more information).

Properties

The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *PPMNDefinitions*:

Table 78. PPMNDefinitions Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
entityDependencyType: OccurrenceDependencyType [0*]	A list of EntityDependencyTypes within the PPMNModel.
entityFormat : EntityFormat [0*]	A list of the <i>EntityFormats</i> referenced within the <i>PPMNDefinitions</i> package.
entityRelationshipType: EntityRelationshipType [0*]	A list of EntityRelationshipTypes within the PPMNModel.
entityType : EntityType [0*]	A list of EntitieTypes within the PPMNModel.
occurrenceChainType: OccurrenceChainType [0*]	A list of OccurrenceChainTypes within the PPMNModel.
occurrenceRoleType : OccurrenceRoleType [0*]	A list of OccurrenceRoleTypes within the PPMNModel.
occurrenceType : OccurrenceType [0*]	A list of OccurrenceTypes within the PPMNModel.
occurrenceTypeGraph: OccurrenceTypeGraph [0*]	A list of OccurrenceTypeGraphs within the PPMNModel.

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8.10.2 PPMNInstances

- 2155 **PPMN** information sets are exchanged in bulk through the *OccurrenceSet* element. The *OccurrenceSet* element
- provides the outermost container for other **PPMN** elements contained in one or more *PPMNPackages*. The
- 2157 occurrence chains, occurrences and other "instance-related" elements are contained within one or more
- 2158 OccurrenceSets while "type-related" elements such as OccurrenceChainTypes, and OccurrenceTypes if present are
- 2159 contained within definitions packages.

2160 Generalizations

- The *PPMNInstances* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- PartyInstances (see the section entitled "PartyInstances" for more information).

2163 **Properties**

The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *PPMNInstances*:

Table 79. PPMNInstances Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
entity : Entity [0*]	A list of <i>Entities</i> of interest within the <i>PPMNModel</i> .
entityDependency: OccurrenceDependency [0*]	A list of EntityDependencies within the PPMNModel.

entityFormat : EntityFormat [0*]	A list of the <i>EntityFormats</i> referenced within the <i>PPMNInstances</i> package.
entityRelationship : EntityRelationship [0*]	A list of EntityRelationships within the PPMNModel.
occurrence : Occurrence [0*]	A list of Occurrences within the PPMNModel.
occurrenceChain : OccurrenceChain [0*]	A list of OccurrenceChains within the PPMNModel.
occurrenceRole : OccurrenceRole [0*]	A list of OccurrenceRoles within the PPMNModel.
ppmnDefinitions : PPMNDefinitions [0*]	The property refers to zero or more <i>PPMNDefinitions</i> packages that contains the <i>ElementTypes</i> that provide a basis for the instances contained in the <i>PartyInstances</i> package.
typedElement : TypedElement [0*]	A list of <i>TypedElements</i> within the <i>PPMNModel</i> .

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8.10.3 PPMNModel

- 2167 A *PPMNModel* is the main container for semantic elements of a **PPMN** model including types, instances, and
- 2168 KindSets. As a specialization of *PartyModel* it also contains Party-related types, and instances. These elements are
- separate from the visual elements included in the PPMNModelPackage.

2170 Generalizations

- The *PPMNModel* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- PartyModel (see the section entitled "PartyModel" for more information).

2173 **Properties**

2174 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *PPMNModel*:

Table 80. PPMNModel Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
definitions : PPMNDefinitions [1]	The packages that contain the elements that represent the definitions of a PPMN model. These elements generally include the type elements.
occurrences : PPMNInstances [01]	The packages that contain the elements that represent the definitions of a PPMN model. These elements generally include the type elements.
ppmnVocabulary: PPMNVocabulary [0*]	The ppmnVocabulary is a list of terms (as <i>Kinds</i>) that provide an extensible mechanism to define the elements of enumerations in a <i>PPMNModel</i> .

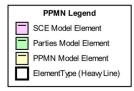
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8.11 Primitives

- The Primitives package contains primitive data elements used by other packages in PPMN.
- 2179 PPMN uses the four primitives shown in the figure in addition to other UML primitives.

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Figure 49: PPMN Primitives

2183 **8.11.1 DateTime**

A primitive that captures a point in time including a date and the time of day to greatest precision practical.

Generalizations

The DateTime element does not inherit any attributes or associations of from another element.

2187 **Properties**

2188 The *DateTime* element does not have any additional attributes and/or associations.

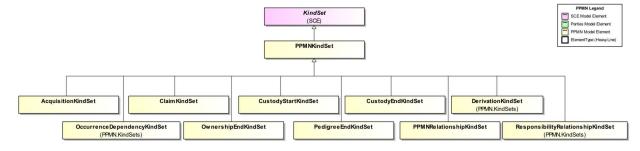
8.12 KindSets

2190 *PPMNKindSet* are sets of terms used within a **PPMN** model that are defined by an external ontology. The terms link to formal definitions for the terms used within the model. The *Kind* element, or a specialization thereof, is used to name the term and provide a link to the definitions. *PPMNVocabularies* are contained within a *PPMNModel* 2193 package.

The following figure presents the elements related to the **PPMN** *KindSets* section:

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Figure 50: PPMN KindSets

8.12.1 PPMNKindSet

2200 PPMNKindSet are lists of terms used as possible values for properties within PPMN. The terms are specializations
 2201 of the Kind element that can be used to relate to the term to an external definition or meaning. The terms themselves

- do not represent the definitions or meanings but provide links to an external source. The KindSet mechanism is used to support extensibility of the specification.
- 2204 Generalizations
- The *PPMNKindSet* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- KindSet (see the SCE specification for more information).
- 2207 **Properties**
- 2208 The *PPMNKindSet* element does not have any additional attributes and/or associations.
- 2209 8.12.2 AcquisitionKindSet
- 2210 A kind of *PPMNKindSet* that includes terms that specify how a *ChainOfOwnership* was started.
- 2211 Generalizations
- 2212 The AcquisitionKindSet element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- PPMNKindSet (see the section entitled "PPMNKindSet" for more information).
- 2214 Properties
- 2215 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for AcquisitionKindSet:

Table 81. AcquisitionKindSet Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
term : AcquisitionKind [1*]	A list of the terms representing valid AcquisitionKinds.

2217 **8.12.3 ClaimKindSet**

- 2218 A kind of *PPMNKindSet* that includes terms that indicate the kind of *Claim* that has been made.
- 2219 Generalizations
- 2220 The ClaimKindSet element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- *PPMNKindSet* (see the section entitled "<u>PPMNKindSet</u>" for more information).
- 2222 Properties
- 2223 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for ClaimKindSet:

Table 82. ClaimKindSet Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
term : ClaimKind [1*]	A list of the terms representing valid <i>ClaimKinds</i> within a PPMN Model.

2225 8.12.4 CustodyEndKindSet

2226 A kind of *PPMNKindSet* that includes terms that specify how a *ChainOfCustody* was ended.

2227 Generalizations

- The *CustodyEndKindSet* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- PPMNKindSet (see the section entitled "PPMNKindSet" for more information).

2230 **Properties**

2231 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *CustodyEndKindSet*:

Table 83. CustodyEndKindSet Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
term : CustodyEndKind [1*]	A list of the terms representing valid <i>CustodyEndKinds</i> within a PPMN Model.

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8.12.5 CustodyStartKindSet

2234 A kind of *PPMNKindSet* that includes terms that specify how a *ChainOfCustody* was started.

2235 Generalizations

- 2236 The *CustodyStartKindSet* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- PPMNKindSet (see the section entitled "PPMNKindSet" for more information).

2238 **Properties**

2239 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *CustodyStartKindSet*:

Table 84. CustodyStartKindSet Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
term : CustodyStartKind [1*]	A list of the terms representing valid <i>CustodyStartKinds</i> within a PPMN Model.

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8.12.6 DerivationKindSet

A kind of *PPMNKindSet* that includes terms that specify the type of derivation relationship that exists between two *Entities*.

2244 Generalizations

- The *DerivationKindSet* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- *PPMNKindSet* (see the section entitled "PPMNKindSet" for more information).

2247 **Properties**

2248 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *DerivationKindSet*:

Table 85. DerivationKindSet Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
term : DerivationKind [1*]	A list of the terms representing valid <i>DerivationTypes</i> within a PPMN Model.

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8.12.7 OccurrenceDependencyKindSet

2251 A kind of *PPMNKindSet* that includes terms that specify how the type of dependency an *Occurrence* has on an

2252 Entity.

2253 Generalizations

2254 The OccurrenceDependencyKindSet element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:

• *PPMNKindSet* (see the section entitled "<u>PPMNKindSet</u>" for more information).

2256 Properties

2257 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for OccurrenceDependencyKindSet:

Table 86. OccurrenceDependencyKindSet Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
term : OccurrenceDependencyKind [1*]	A list of the terms representing valid OccurrenceDependencies within a PPMN Model.

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8.12.8 OwnershipEndKindSet

2260 A kind of *PPMNKindSet* that includes terms that specify how the *ChainOfOwnership* was ended.

2261 Generalizations

2262 The OwnershipEndKindSet element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:

• *PPMNKindSet* (see the section entitled "PPMNKindSet" for more information).

2264 Properties

2265 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *OwnershipEndKindSet*:

Table 87. OwnershipEndKindSet Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
term : OwnershipEndKind [1*]	A list of the terms representing valid <i>OwnershipEndKinds</i> within a PPMN Model.

2267

8.12.9 PedigreeEndKindSet

A kind of *PPMNKindSet* that includes terms that specify the kind of relationship between two **PPMN** elements.

2269 Generalizations

- 2270 The *PedigreeEndKindSet* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- PPMNKindSet (see the section entitled "PPMNKindSet" for more information).

2272 **Properties**

2273 The *PedigreeEndKindSet* element does not have any additional attributes and/or associations.

2274 8.12.10 PPMNRelationshipKindSet

A kind of *PPMNKindSet* that includes terms that specify the kind of relationship between two **PPMN** elements.

2276 Generalizations

- 2277 The PPMNRelationshipKindSet element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- PPMNKindSet (see the section entitled "PPMNKindSet" for more information).

2279 **Properties**

2280 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *PPMNRelationshipKindSet*:

Table 88. PPMNRelationshipKindSet Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
term : RelationshipKind [0*]	A list of the terms representing valid <i>RelationshipKinds</i> within a PPMN model.

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8.12.11 ResponsibilityRelationshipKindSet

A kind of *PPMNKindSet*that includes terms that specify the kind of *ResponsibilityRelationship* exists between one or more *Parties* and an *Entity*.

Generalizations

- 2286 The ResponsibilityRelationshipKindSet element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- *PPMNKindSet* (see the section entitled "<u>PPMNKindSet</u>" for more information).

2288 **Properties**

2289 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for ResponsibilityRelationshipKindSet:

Table 89. ResponsibilityRelationshipKindSet Attributes and/or Associations

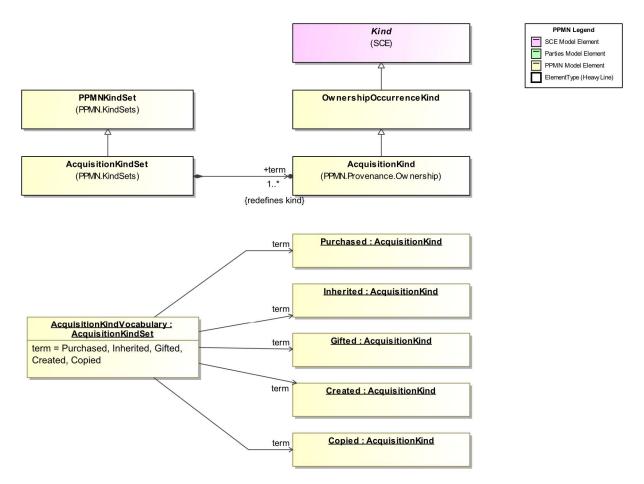
Property/Association	Description
term: ResponsibilityRelationshipKind [0*]	A list of the terms representing valid <i>RelationshipKinds</i> within a PPMN model.

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9 PPMN Library

- A Library is included in **PPMN** to provide standard instances that are intended to be implemented by tools supporting **PPMN**. Currently, **PPMN** defines the instances for *AcquisitionKinds*, *ClaimKinds*, *CustodyStartKinds*, *CustodyEndKinds*, *OwnershipEndKinds*, *PedigreeEndKinds*, and *RelationshipKinds* (See following sections).
- 2295 9.1 AcquisitionKinds
- The *AcquisitionKinds* library contains instances that represent the standard ways in which ownership of an entity may begin. These elements are instances of *AcquisitionKind*. The set can be extended with additional instances of *AcquisitionKind* or a specialization thereof.
- The following figure presents the instances of the *AcquisitionKind* element that are terms for the AcquisitionKindSet:



2304 Figure 51: AcquisitionKinds

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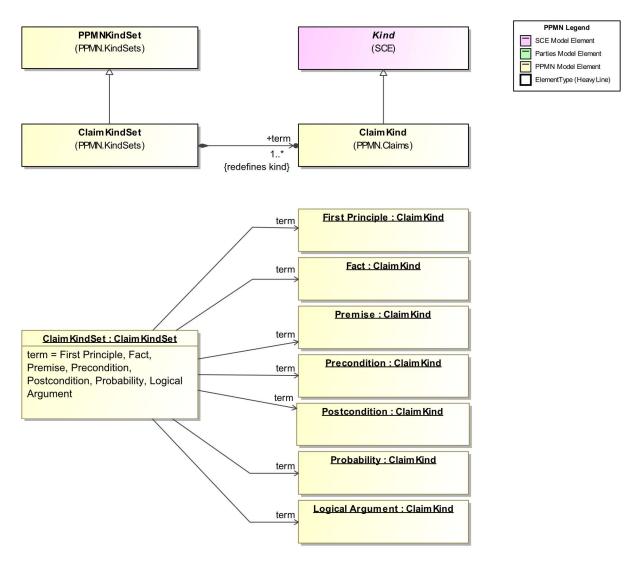
The following table provides a definition of the terms included in the AcquisitionKinds set.

Table 90. AcquisitionKinds KindSet

#	Name	Documentation
1	AcquisitionKindSet	A kind of PPMNKindSet that includes terms that specify how a <i>ChainOfOwnership</i> was started.
2	Copied	An instance that indicates that a Party gained ownership of an entity by copying another entity.
3	Created	An instance that indicates that a Party gained ownership of an entity by creating it.
4	Gifted	An instance that indicates that a Party gained ownership of an entity by receiving it as a gift.
5	Inherited	An instance that indicates that a Party gained ownership of an entity as part of an inheritance.
6	Purchased	An instance that indicates that a Party gained ownership of an entity by purchasing the entity.

2307 9.1.1 AcquisitionKindSet

- 2308 A kind of *PPMNKindSet* that includes terms that specify how a *ChainOfOwnership* was started.
- 2309 **9.1.2** Copied
- 2310 An instance that indicates that a Party gained ownership of an entity by copying another entity.
- 2311 **9.1.3** Created
- 2312 An instance that indicates that a Party gained ownership of an entity by creating it.
- 2313 **9.1.4 Gifted**
- An instance that indicates that a Party gained ownership of an entity by receiving it as a gift.
- 2315 **9.1.5** Inherited
- An instance that indicates that a Party gained ownership of an entity as part of an inheritance.
- 2317 **9.1.6** Purchased
- 2318 An instance that indicates that a Party gained ownership of an entity by purchasing the entity.
- **9.2 ClaimKinds**
- 2320 The ClaimKinds library contains instances that represent the standard types of claims that can be made in regards to
- a set of PPMN elements. These elements are instances of *ClaimKind*. The KindSet can be extended with additional
- instances of *ClaimKinds* or a specialization thereof.
- The following figure presents the instances of the ClaimKind element that are terms for the ClaimKindSet:



2327 Figure 52: ClaimKinds

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The following table provides a definition of the terms included in the *ClaimKinds* set.

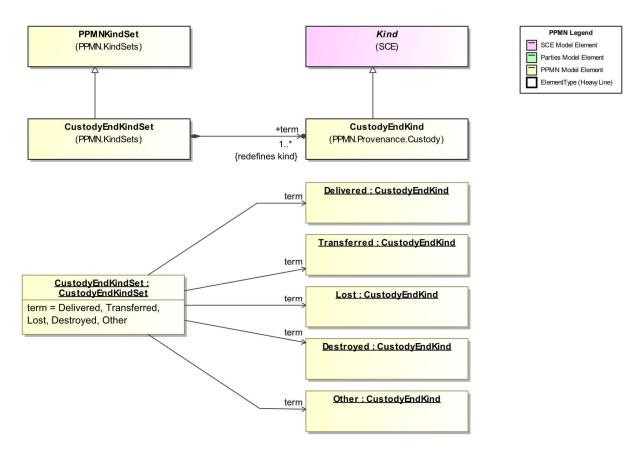
Table 91. ClaimKinds KindSet

#	Name	Documentation
1	ClaimKindSet	A set of terms that specify the kinds of claims may be made.
2	Fact	A basic assertion.
3	First Principle	A foundational assertion that is held as true.
4	Logical Argument	An assertion that is based on other assertions.
5	Postcondition	An assertion that is assumed to be true at the end of a process.
6	Precondition	An assertion that is assumed to be true at the start of a process.
7	Premise	An assertion that is used in a logical argument.

#	Name	Documentation
8	Probability	An assertion that indicates some degree of truth.

2330 **9.2.1 ClaimKindSet**

- A set of terms that specify the kinds of claims may be made.
- 2332 **9.2.2** Fact
- 2333 A basic assertion.
- 2334 9.2.3 First Principle
- A foundational assertion that is held as true.
- 2336 **9.2.4** Logical Argument
- An assertion that is based on other assertions.
- 2338 **9.2.5** Postcondition
- An assertion that is assumed to be true at the end of a process.
- **9.2.6 Precondition**
- An assertion that is assumed to be true at the start of a process.
- 2342 **9.2.7** Premise
- An assertion that is used in a logical argument.
- 2344 **9.2.8** Probability
- 2345 An assertion that indicates some degree of truth.
- 2346 9.3 CustodyEndKinds
- 2347 The Custody EndKinds library contains instances that represent the standard ways in which custody of an entity may
- 2348 end. These elements are instances of CustodyEndKind. The set can be extended with additional instances of
- 2349 *CustodyEndKind* or a specialization thereof.
- 2350 The following figure presents the instances of the CustodyEndKind element that are terms for the
- 2351 CustodyEndKindSet:
- 2352
- 2353



2355 Figure 53: CustodyEndKinds

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The following table provides a definition of the terms included in the *CustodyEndKinds* set.

Table 92. CustodyEndKinds KindSet

#	Name	Documentation	
1	CustodyEndKindSet	A set of terms that specify the kind of <i>CustodyOccurrence</i> that results in the end of a <i>ChainOfCustody</i> .	
2	Delivered	An instance that specifies that an entity was delivered to some other <i>Party</i> .	
3	Destroyed	An instance that specifies that an entity was destroyed.	
4	Lost	An instance that specifies that an entity was lost.	
5	Other	An instance that specifies that custody of an entity was relinquished in some other way.	
6	Transferred	An instance that specifies that an entity was transferred to some other <i>Party</i> .	

9.3.1 CustodyEndKindSet

2359 A set of terms that specify the kind of *CustodyOccurrence* that results in the end of a *ChainOfCustody*.

9.3.2 Delivered

An instance that specifies that an entity was delivered to some other *Party*.

9.3.3 Destroyed

2363 An instance that specifies that an entity was destroyed.

2364 **9.3.4** Lost

An instance that specifies that an entity was lost.

9.3.5 Other

An instance that specifies that custody of an entity was relinquished in some other way.

9.3.6 Transferred

An instance that specifies that an entity was transferred to some other *Party*.

9.4 CustodyStartKinds

2371 The Custody StartKinds library contains instances that represent the standard ways in which custody of an entity may

begin. These elements are instances of CustodyStartKind. The set can be extended with additional instances of

2373 CustodyStartKind or a specialization thereof.

The following figure presents the instances of the CustodyStartKind element that are terms for the

2375 CustodyStartKindSet:

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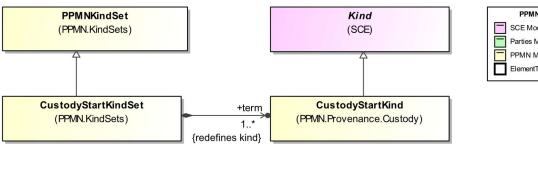
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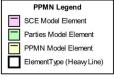
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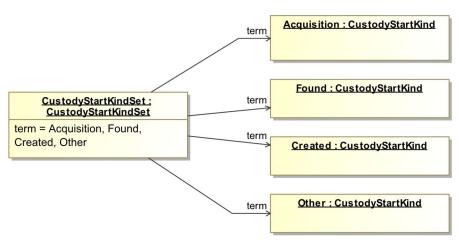


Figure 54: CustodyStartKinds

The following table provides a definition of the terms included in the *CustodyStartKinds* set.

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Table 93. CustodyStartKinds KindSet

#	Name	Documentation
1	CustodyStartKindSet	A set of terms that specify the kind of <i>CustodyOccurrence</i> that results in the start of a <i>ChainOfCustody</i> .
2	Acquisition	An instance that indicates that a <i>Party</i> gains custody of an entity through some type of acquisition.
3	Created	An instance that indicates that a <i>Party</i> gains custody of an entity by creation of the entity.
4	Found	An instance that indicates that a <i>Party</i> gains custody of an entity when the entity is found.
5	Other	An instance that indicates that a <i>Party</i> gains custody of an entity by some other event.

9.4.1 CustodyStartKindSet

A set of terms that specify the kind of *CustodyOccurrence* that results in the start of a *ChainOfCustody*.

9.4.2 Acquisition

An instance that indicates that a *Party* gains custody of an entity through some type of acquisition.

2386 **9.4.3** Created

An instance that indicates that a *Party* gains custody of an entity by creation of the entity.

2388 **9.4.4** Found

2389 An instance that indicates that a *Party* gains custody of an entity when the entity is found.

2390 **9.4.5** Other

An instance that indicates that a *Party* gains custody of an entity by some other event.

9.5 DerivationKinds

2393 The following table provides a definition of the terms included in the *DerivationKinds* set.

2394

Table 94. DerivationKinds KindSet

#	Name	Documentation
1	DerivationKindSet	A set of terms that specify the kind of derivation that exists between two <i>Entities</i> .
2	DerivedFrom	DerivedFrom indicates that source <i>EntityTypes</i> are derived in some way from target <i>EntityTypes</i> .
3	DescendantOf	DescendantOf indicates that source <i>EntityType</i> is a descendant of the target <i>EntityType</i> .
4	QuotedFrom	QuotedFrom indicates that source <i>EntityTypes</i> are quoted from target <i>EntityTypes</i> .

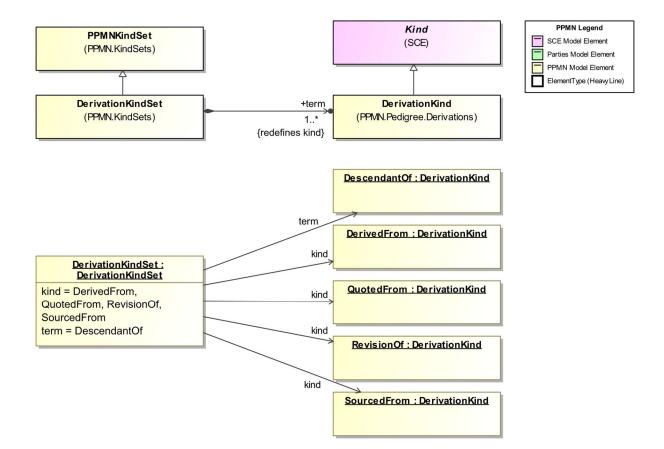
#	Name	Documentation
5	RevisionOf	RevisionOf indicates that source EntityTypes are revisions of
3	Revisionor	target EntityTypes.
6	SourcedFrom	SouredFrom indicates that source EntityTypes are sourced from
0	SourcedFrom	from target <i>EntityTypes</i> which in turn are produced by some party
		potentially with some special experience or knowledge.

The following figure presents the instances of the *RelationshipKind* element that are terms for the PPMNRelationshipKindSet:

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2405

2400 Figure 55: DerivationKinds

9.5.1 DerivationKindSet

A set of terms that specify the kind of derivation that exists between two *Entities*.

9.5.2 DerivedFrom

2404 DerivedFrom indicates that source *EntityTypes* are derived in some way from target *EntityTypes*.

9.5.3 DescendantOf

2406 DescendantOf indicates that source *EntityType* is a descendant of the target *EntityType*.

9.5.4 QuotedFrom

2408 QuotedFrom indicates that source *EntityTypes* are quoted from target *EntityTypes*.

9.5.5 RevisionOf

2410 RevisionOf indicates that source *EntityTypes* are revisions of target *EntityTypes*.

9.5.6 SourcedFrom

SourcedFrom indicates that source *EntityTypes* are sourced from from target *EntityTypes* which in turn are produced by some party potentially with some special experience or knowledge.

9.6 OccurrenceDependencyKinds

The *OccurrenceDependencyKinds* library contains instances that represent the standard ways in which an *Occurrence* may depend on an *Entity*. These elements are instances of *OccurrenceDependencyKind*. The set can be extended with additional instances of *OccurrenceDependencyKind* or a specialization thereof.

The following figure presents the instances of the *OccurrencDependencyKind* element that are terms for the OccurrenceDependencyKindSet:

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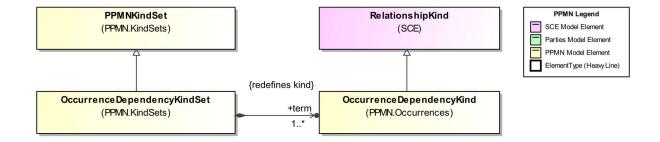
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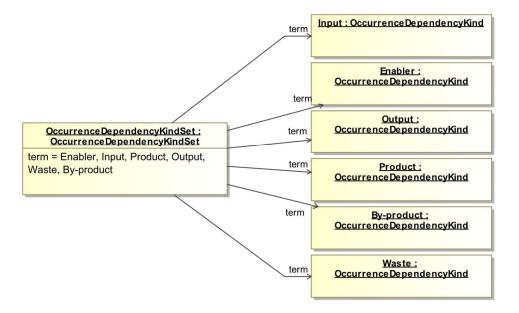


Figure 56: OccurrenceDependencyKinds

The following table provides a definition of the terms included in the OccurrenceDependencyKinds set.

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2423

Table 95. OccurrenceDependencyKinds KindSet

#	Name	Documentation
1	OccurrenceDependencyKindSet	A set of terms that specify the kind of <i>OccurrenceDependency</i> that exists between two <i>Occurrences</i> .
2	By-product	By-product indicates that the source <i>Occurrence</i> produces or creates the target <i>Entity</i> as a by-product during the course of the <i>Occurrence</i> .
3	Enabler	Enabler indicates that the source Occurrence uses the target Entity in some way that enables the Occurrence. However, the Entity is not used or become a part of any of the products or by-products of the Occurrence.
4	Input	Input indicates that the target <i>Entity</i> is an input to the source <i>Occurrence</i> is an input during the course of the <i>Occurrence</i> .
5	Output	Output indicates that the target <i>Entity</i> is an output of some kind of the <i>Occurrence</i> .
6	Product	Product indicates that the source Occurrence produces or creates the target Entity during the course of the Occurrence. This is a more specific type of Output.
7	Waste	Waste indicates that the source Occurrence produces or creates the target Entity as waste during the course of the Occurrence. This is a more specific type of Output.

9.6.1 OccurrenceDependencyKindSet

2427 A set of terms that specify the kind of OccurrenceDependency that exists between two Occurrences.

2428 **9.6.2 By-product**

- 2429 By-product indicates that the source *Occurrence* produces or creates the target *Entity* as a by-product
- 2430 during the course of the *Occurrence*.

2431 **9.6.3 Enabler**

- 2432 Enabler indicates that the source Occurrence uses the target Entity in some way that enables the
- 2433 Occurrence. However, the Entity is not used or become a part of any of the products or by-products of the
- 2434 Occurrence.

2426

2435 **9.6.4** Input

- 2436 Input indicates that the target *Entity* is an input to the source *Occurrence* during the course of the
- 2437 Occurrence.

2438

9.6.5 **Output**

2439 Output indicates that the target *Entity* is an output of some kind of the *Occurrence*..

9.6.6 Product

2441 Product indicates that the source *Occurrence* produces or creates the target *Entity* during the course of the *Occurrence*.

9.6.7 Waste

Waste indicates that the source *Occurrence* produces or creates the target *Entity* as waste during the course of the *Occurrence*.

9.7 OwnershipEndKinds

The *OwnershipEndKinds* library contains instances that represent the standard ways in which ownership of an entity may end. These elements are instances of *OwnershipEndKind*. The set can be extended with additional instances of *OwnershipEndKind* or a specialization thereof.

The following figure presents the instances of the *OwnershipEndKind* element that are terms for the OwnershipEndKindSet:

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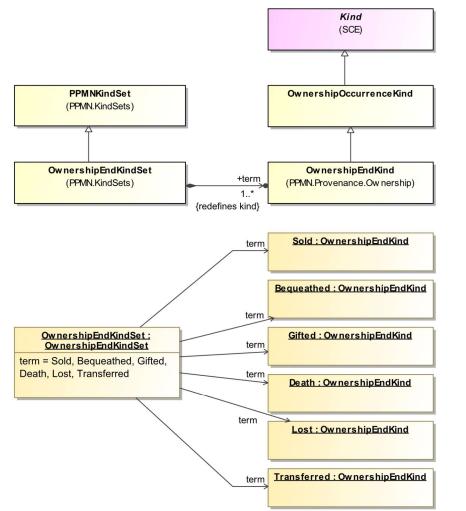
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PPMN Legend

☐ SCE Model ⊟ement
 ☐ Parties Model ⊟ement
 ☐ PPMN Model ⊟ement
 ☐ BementType (Heavy Line)

Figure 57: OwnershipEndKinds

The following table provides a definition of the terms included in the *OwnershipEndKinds* set.

Table 96. OwnershipEndKinds KindSet

#	Name	Documentation
1	OwnershipEndKindSet	A set of terms that specify how the <i>ChainOfOwnership</i> was ended.
2	Bequeathed	An instance that specifies that an entity was bequeathed to some other party.
3	Death	An instance that specifies that an entity died.
4	Gifted	An instance that specifies that an entity was gifted to some other <i>Party</i> .
5	Lost	An instance that specifies that an entity was lost.
6	Sold	An instance that specifies that an entity was sold to some other <i>Party</i> .
7	Transferred	An instance that specifies that ownership of an entity was transferred to some other <i>Party</i> .

2458 9.7.1 OwnershipEndKindSet

A set of terms that specify how the *ChainOfOwnership* was ended.

9.7.2 Bequeathed

An instance that specifies that an entity was bequeathed to some other party.

2462 **9.7.3 Death**

2456

2457

An instance that specifies that an entity died.

2464 **9.7.4 Gifted**

An instance that specifies that an entity was gifted to some other *Party*.

2466 **9.7.5** Lost

An instance that specifies that an entity was lost.

2468 **9.7.6** Sold

2472

An instance that specifies that an entity was sold to some other *Party*.

2470 9.7.7 Transferred

2471 An instance that specifies that ownership of an entity was transferred to some other *Party*.

9.8 PPMNRelationshipKinds

- 2473 The *PPMNRelationshiipKinds* library contains instances that represent the standard types of relationships between
- 2474 PPMN elements. This library extends the SCE RelationshipKinds library of terms to add Transition. These
- 2475 elements are instances of SCE RelationshiipKind. The set can be extended with additional instances of
- 2476 RelationshiipKind or a specialization thereof.
- 2477 The following figure presents the instances of the *RelationshipKind* element that are terms for the
- 2478 PPMNRelationshipKindSet:

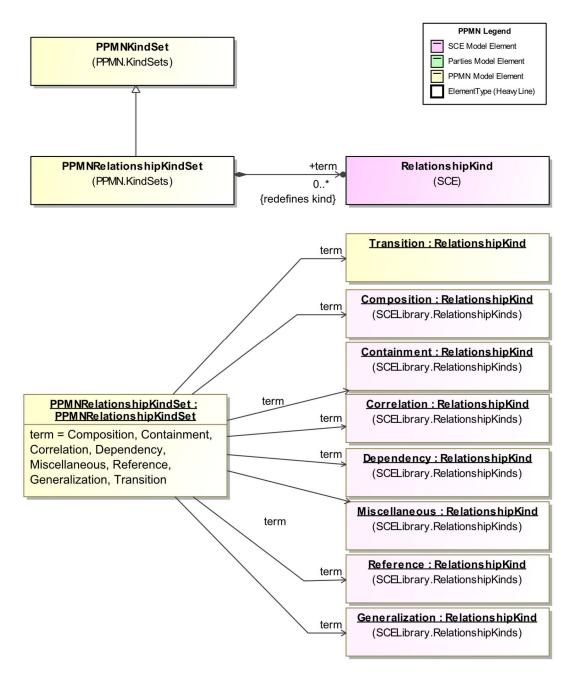


Figure 58: PPMNRelationshipKinds

The following table provides a definition of the terms included in the *PPMNRelationshipKinds* Vocabulary.

Table 97. PPMNRelationshipKinds KindSet

#	Name	Documentation
1	PPMNRelationshipKinds	A kind of PPMNKindSet that includes terms that specify the kind of relationship between two PPMN elements.
2	Composition	Composition indicates that the source element is composed of, in part, the target element. Other elements could be included in this composition.
3	Containment	Containment indicates that the source element is a container for the target element.
4	Correlation	Correlation indicates that the source element is correlated with the target element. This is often used when a mapping is required between the structures of two data elements.
5	Dependency	Dependency indicates that target element is dependent in some way on the source element.
6	Generalization	Generalization indicates that the source element is a generalization of the target element (which is based on and extends the source).
7	Miscellaneous	Miscellaneous indicates that source element has some relationship with the target element that is of a kind that is not expressed through the other <i>RelationshipKind</i> instances.
8	Reference	Reference indicates that source element references the target element.
9	Transition	Transition indicates that "flow" or sequencing moves from the source element to the target element.

2485 **9.8.1 PPMNRelationshipKinds**

A kind of PPMNKindSet that includes terms that specify the kind of relationship between two **PPMN** elements.

9.8.2 Transition

2488 Transition indicates that "flow" or sequencing moves from the source element to the target element.

2489 9.8.3 Additional Terms from SCE

2490 **9.8.3.1 Reference**

2492

2495

2491 Reference indicates that source element references the target element.

9.8.3.2 Miscellaneous

2493 Miscellaneous indicates that source element has some relationship with the target element that is of a kind that is not expressed through the other *RelationshipKind* instances.

9.8.3.3 Composition

2496 Composition indicates that the source element is composed of, in part, the target element. Other elements could be included in this composition.

2498 **9.8.3.4 Dependency**

2499 Dependency indicates that target element is dependent in some way on the source element.

9.8.3.5 Containment

2501 Containment indicates that the source element is a container for the target element.

9.8.3.6 Correlation

Correlation indicates that the source element is correlated with the target element. This is often used when a mapping is required between the structures of two data elements.

9.8.3.7 Generalization

Generalization indicates that the source element is a generalization of the target element (which is based on and extends the source).

9.9 ResponsibilityRelationshipKinds

The following figure presents the instances of the *ResponsibilityRelationshipKind* element that are terms for the ResponsibilityRelationshipKindSet:

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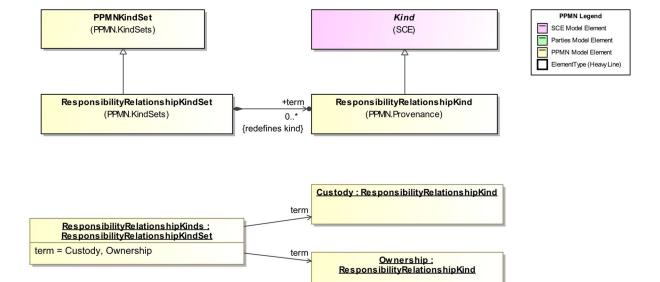
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Figure 59: ResponsibilityRelationshipKinds

The following table provides a definition of the terms included in the *PPMNRelationshipKinds* set.

Table 98. ResponsibilityRelationshipKinds KindSet

#	Name	Documentation
1	ResponsibilityRelationshipKinds	A kind of PPMNKindSet that includes terms that specify the kind of responsibility a <i>Party</i> has with respect to an <i>Entity</i> .
2	Custody	Custody indicates that the source element has custody (immediate charge of or control over) the target element.
3	Ownership	Ownership indicates that the source element owns the target element.

9.9.1 ResponsibilityRelationshipKinds

- 2518 A kind of PPMNKindSet that includes terms that specify the kind of responsibility a *Party* has with respect to an
- 2519 Entity.

2517

- 2520 **9.9.2** Custody
- 2521 Custody indicates that the source element has custody (immediate charge of or control over) the target
- 2522 element.
- 2523 **9.9.3 Ownership**
- 2524 Ownership indicates that the source element owns the target element.

2525 10 Parties Model

- 2526 This section defines the semantic elements of the **Parties** Metamodel. The main topics are organized into Core
- 2527 Elements, Locations, Packages, Vocabularies, and Primitives.
- 2528
- 2529 **10.1** Core
- 2530 The Core elements of the Parties metamodel contains elements related to people, organizations, roles, automated
- 2531 systems and the relationships between them. The elements are separated into Instances and Types. The Instances
- 2532 section defines elements that enable modeling specific Parties (i.e., people, organizations, positions and roles and
- 2533 their interrelationships). The Types section defines elements that enable modeling the kinds of Parties that are of
- interest in some context.
- 2535 **10.1.1 Instances**
- 2536 The Core Intances section of the **Parties** metamodel contains elements related to people, organizations, roles,
- automated systems and the relationships between them. These elements enable modeling specific Parties. Elements
- in the Core.Instances section are generally specializations of SCE TypedElements and as such may have an
- 2539 ElementType specified. The corresponding types are described below in the Core. Types section.
- 2540 A Party is an abstract concept intended to generalize the notions of Organization, Person, Position or Non-Human
- 2541 Agent essentially things that can be proactive and play a part in a business context. This generalization
- acknowledges the fact that many of the same business interactions can be defined regardless of the particular type of
- party involved. For instance, in the sale of a parcel of land, the seller might be a *Person* or an *Organization* or even
- 2544 a *Position* in an *Organization* wherein that *Position* is responsible for handling real estate transactions. Likewise for
- 2545 the buyer. The *Party* pattern captures this notion in a succinct manner that has broad applicability.
- 2546

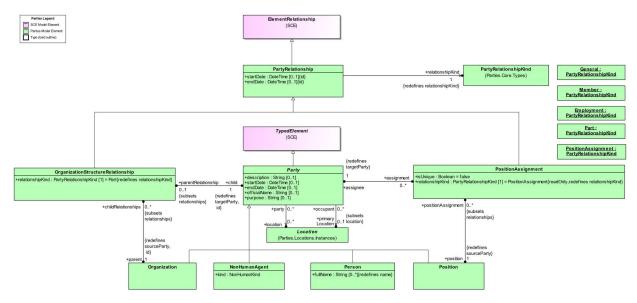


Figure 60: Parties

PartyRelationships capture relationships between *Parties*. The precise kind of relationship is specified by the relationshipKind property. There are two specializations of PartyRelationship:

OrganizationalStructureRelationship and PositionAssignment. OrganizationalStructureRelationship supports the specification of the structure of an Organization while PositionAssignment supports the assignment of Parties to Positions.

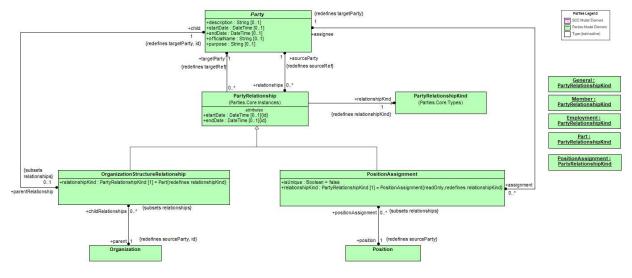
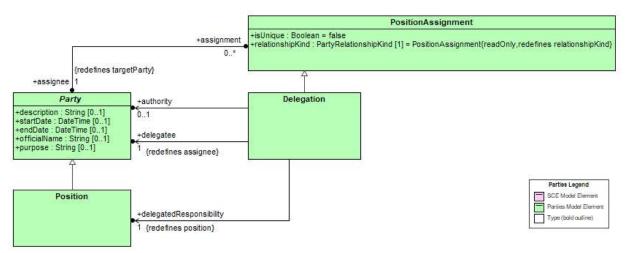


Figure 61: Party Relationships

Delegation captures the notion that a Party may assign a set of responsibilities to another party. The responsibilities being assigned are essentially captured as a *Position*.



2560 Figure **62**: Delegation

PartyRoles represent a role that a Party may play in some context. For instance, in the sale of a parcel of land, the Seller might be a Person or an Organization or even a Position in an Organization wherein that Position is responsible for handling real estate transactions. Likewise for the buyer. The PartyRole captures this notion in a succinct manner that has broad applicability.

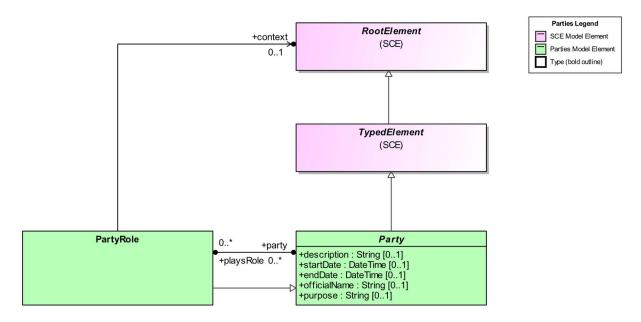
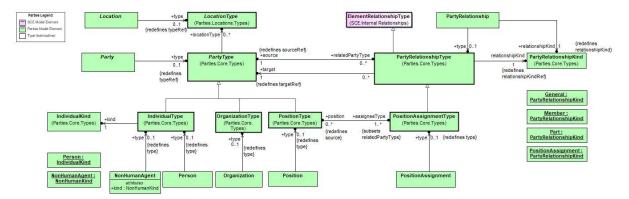


Figure 63: Party Role

This diagram shows the mapping of Party and its specializations to PartyType and its specializations.



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Figure 64: Parties and Party Types

10.1.1.1 Delegation

A kind of *PositionAssignment* relationship that states that one *Party* has been assigned a set of responsibilities by some authority.

Generalizations

- 2577 The *Delegation* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
 - PositionAssignment (see the section entitled "PositionAssignment" for more information).

2579 **Properties**

2580 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *Delegation*:

Table 99. Delegation Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
authority: Party [01]	The <i>Party</i> on whose authority the <i>Delegation</i> was made.
delegatedResponsibility : Position [1]	The responsibilities, stated as a <i>Role</i> , that are being delegated.
delegatee : Party [1]	The Party to whom the Role was delegated.

2581

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2584

10.1.1.2 NonHumanAgent

2583 Some type of automated system.

Generalizations

- 2585 The *NonHumanAgent* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- Party (see the section entitled "Party" for more information).

2587 **Properties**

2588 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *NonHumanAgent*:

Table 100. NonHumanAgent Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
kind : NonHumanKind []	An instance that indicates the kind of NonHumanAgent the element represents.
type : IndividualType [01]	The class that provides a specification of the <i>Automation</i> .

2590

10.1.1.3 Organization

- Organization is used to represent a group of *Parties*. The group may be a company, a department within a company,
- a club, a consortium, or some other group.

2593 **Generalizations**

- 2594 The *Organization* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- Party (see the section entitled "Party" for more information).

2596 **Properties**

2597 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *Organization*:

Table 101. Organization Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
childRelationships: OrganizationStructureRelationship [0*]	A set of relationships to the members of the <i>Organization</i> .
type: OrganizationType [01]	The class that provides a specification of the Organization.

2598

2599

2603

10.1.1.4 OrganizationStructureRelationship

2600 A specialization of PartyRelationship used to indicate internal structural relationships of a *Party*.

2601 Generalizations

- 2602 The OrganizationStructureRelationship element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
 - PartyRelationship (see the section entitled "PartyRelationship" for more information).

2604 Properties

The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *OrganizationStructureRelationship*:

Table 102. OrganizationStructureRelationship Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
child: Party [1]	The Party that is a member of the organization.
parent : Organization [1]	The Organization in which the Party is a member.

relationshipKind: PartyRelationshipKind[1] default: Part	The kind of structural relationship an Organization has with another Party.
--	---

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2610

2611

10.1.1.5 Party

2608 Party is an abstract concept representing a Person, Role, Organization, or other entity involved in some activity,

2609 interaction or endeavor.

Generalizations

- The *Party* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- SCE *TypedElement* (see the SCE specification for more information).

2613 **Properties**

2614 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *Party*:

Table 103. Party Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
assignment : PositionAssignment [0*]	A relationship indicating a <i>Position</i> to which the <i>Party</i> has been assigned.
description : String [01]	A textual description of the <i>Party</i> .
endDate : DateTime [01]	The effective end date of the <i>Party</i> .
location : Location [0*]	The location of the <i>Party</i> .
officialName : String [01]	The official name of the <i>Party</i> .
parentRelationship: OrganizationStructureRelationship [01]	A set of relationships to the <i>Organizations</i> in which the <i>Party</i> has membership.
playsRole : PartyRole [0*]	The roles played by a <i>Party</i> .
primaryLocation : Location [01]	The primary location of the <i>Party</i> .
purpose : String [01]	The purpose of the <i>Party</i> with respect to the pedigree and/or provenance context.
relationships : PartyRelationship [0*]	PartyRelationships in which the Party is involved.

startDate : DateTime [01]	The effective start date of the <i>Party</i> .
type: PartyType [01]	The class that provides a specification of the <i>Party</i> .

2616

10.1.1.6 PartyRelationship

2617 A kind of *ElementRelationshiip* that indicates a relationship between two *Parties*.

2618 Generalizations

- 2619 The *PartyRelationship* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- ElementRelationship (see the SCE specification for more information).

2621 **Properties**

2622 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *PartyRelationship*:

Table 104. PartyRelationship Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
endDate : DateTime [01]	The effective end date of the relationship.
relationshipKind: PartyRelationshipKind[1]	The kind of relationship between two Parties.
sourceParty : Party [1]	The source <i>Party</i> of the relationship.
startDate : DateTime [01]	The effective start date of the relationship.
targetParty : Party [1]	The target <i>Party</i> of the relationship.
type: PartyRelationshipType [01]	The class that provide a specification of the <i>PartyRelationship</i> .

2623

2624

10.1.1.7 PartyRole

A role played by a *Party* in some context. For instance, a Buyer or a Supplier.

2626 Generalizations

- The *PartyRole* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- Party (see the section entitled "Party" for more information).

2629 **Properties**

2630 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *PartyRole*:

Table 105. PartyRole Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
context : BaseElement [01]	The context in which the <i>Party</i> plays the role.
party: Party [0*]	The <i>Party</i> that plays the role.
type: PartyRoleType [01]	The class that provides a specification of the <i>PartyRole</i> .

2632

10.1.1.8 Person

2633 An individual homo sapiens.

2634 Generalizations

- 2635 The *Person* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- Party (see the section entitled "Party" for more information).

2637 **Properties**

2638 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *Person*:

Table 106. Person Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
fullName : String [0*]	The full name of the <i>Person</i> .
type : IndividualType [01]	The class that provides a specification of the <i>Person</i> .

2639

2640

10.1.1.9 Position

- A Position is a formally defined role in an *Organization* filled by some *Person*. *Positions* are often associated with a set of responsibilities in some context.
- 2643 Examples of *Positions* include Chief Executive Officer or Technical Staff Member.

26442645

Generalizations

- 2646 The *Position* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- Party (see the section entitled "Party" for more information).

2648 Properties

2649 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *Position*:

Table 107. Position Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
positionAssignment : PositionAssignment [0*]	A PositionAssignment that indicates the Party that fills the Position.
type: PositionType [01]	The class that provides a specification of the <i>Position</i> .

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10.1.1.10 PositionAssignment

Position Assignment indicates a Party is assigned to a particular Position for a particular period of time.

Generalizations

- The *PositionAssignment* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- PartyRelationship (see the section entitled "PartyRelationship" for more information).

2656 **Properties**

2657 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *PositionAssignment*:

Table 108. PositionAssignment Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
assignee : Party [1]	The Party that fills or filled the Position.
isUnique : Boolean [] default: false	A boolean stating whether only one <i>Party</i> filled a particular Role during that particular date range.
position : Position [1]	The Position filled by the noted Party.
relationshipKind: PartyRelationshipKind [1] default: PositionAssignment	The kind of relationship between an Organization and a Position within that Organization.
type: PositionAssignmentType [01]	The class that provides a specification of the <i>PositionAssignment</i> .

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10.1.2 Types

- The Core. Types section of the **Parties** metamodel contains elements related to the kinds of people, organizations, roles, automated systems and the relationships between them that are of interest in some context. These elements enable modeling kinds of Parties rather than particular Parties. Elements in the Core. Types section are generally specializations of **SCE** *ElementTypes* and as such provide a specification Parties to be created using elements in the Core. Instances section described above.
- 2665 PartyTypes define the types or classifications of Parties. PartyTypes provide the ability to specify or "configure"
 2666 organizational structures for different kinds of parties such as companies, non-profits, community organizations and
 2667 many others. PartyType configurations can be used to provide a constraint mechanism on the Parties created in
 2668 some context though the Party metamodel does not require their use.
- While *PartyType* itself is abstract, the Party metamodel includes the concrete specializations *OrganizationType*, *IndividualType*, and *PositionType*. These types correspond to the concrete specializations of *Party* where

IndividualType is used as the type for *Person*, *Automation*, and *SoftwareAgent* with the kind property set appropriately,

PartyRelationshipTypes capture the possible relationships between PartyTypes. PartyRelationshipTypes have a PartyRelationshipKind that specifies the kind of relationship: Part, Member, Assignment, or General. (See PartyRelationshipKind.) PositionAssignmentType captures the particular relationship type wherein one or more PartyTypes are expected to fill (or be assigned to) a particular PositionType.

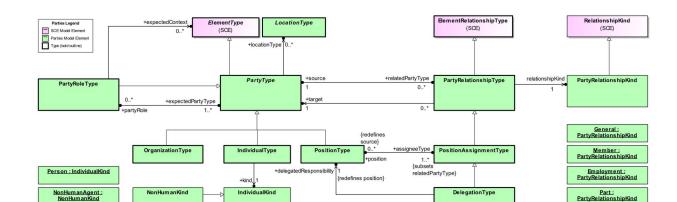


Figure 65: Party Types

Machinery: NonHumanKing

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PartyRoles define the types or classifications of the roles that may be played by one or more kinds of Parties (i.e., PartyTypes) in some context. The expectedPartyType property specifies which PartyTypes are expected to play PartyRoles of that PartyRoleType.

Kind (SCE)

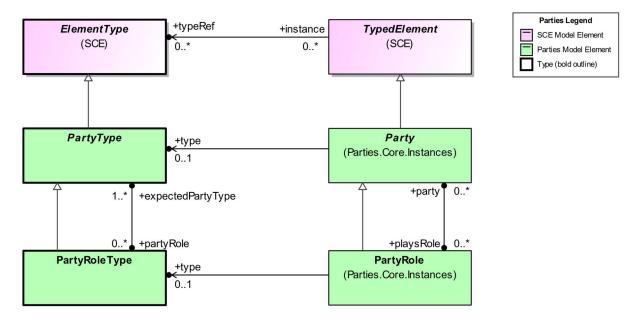


Figure 66: Party Role Type

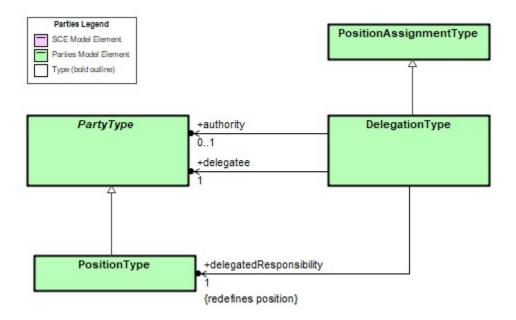
PositionAssignment:

Delegation : PartyRelationshipKind Delegation captures the notion that a Party may assign a set of responsibilities to another party. *DelegationType* supports the ability to state that the responsibilities associated with a *PositionType* may be delegated to particular *PartyTypes* on the authority of some *PartyType*.



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Figure 67: Delegation Types

10.1.2.1 DelegationType

2693 DelegationType indicates a particular PartyType is delegated responsibility for particular PositionType by an authority.

Generalizations

The *DelegationType* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:

• *PositionAssignmentType* (see the section entitled "<u>PositionAssignmentType</u>" for more information).

Properties

The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *DelegationType*:

Table 109. DelegationType Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
authority: PartyType [01]	The <i>PartyType</i> expected to be the authority by which the delegation approved.
delegatedResponsibility : PositionType [1]	The set of responsibilities as defined by a <i>PositionType</i> that may be delegated.
delegatee : PartyType [1]	The <i>PartyType</i> to whom the responsibilities are expected to be delegated.

10.1.2.2 IndividualKind

IndividualKind is a specialization of Kind that serves as the foundation for terms in a PartyKindSet that is used to specify the kinds of IndividualTypes in a Parties model. Instead of being defined a fixed enumerated list, the kinds are defined through instances of IndividualKind present in the IndividualKinds library. The instances defined in that library SHALL be included in any Parties implementation. However, the implementation can allow additional kinds of individuals through the addition of new instances of IndividualKind in the IndividualKinds library.

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Generalizations

- 2709 The *IndividualKind* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- *Kind* (see the SCE specification for more information).

2711 **Properties**

The *IndividualKind* element does not have any additional attributes and/or associations.

10.1.2.3 IndividualType

- A kind of *PartyType* representing the type or classification of a *Party* of interest that is an individual such as a
- 2715 *Person, Automation, or SoftwareAgent.*

2716 Generalizations

- 2717 The *IndividualType* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- PartyType (see the section entitled "PartyType" for more information).

2719 **Properties**

2720 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *IndividualType*:

Table 110. IndividualType Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
kind : IndividualKind [1]	An instance that indicates the kind of individual the <i>IndividualType</i> represents.

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10.1.2.4 NonHumanKind

- 2723 NonHumanKind is a kind of IndividualKind that serves as the foundation for terms in a PartyVocabulary that is
- 2724 used to specify the kinds of NonHumanAgents in a Parties model. Instead of being defined as a fixed enumerated
- list, the kinds are defined through instances of *NonHumanKind* present in the *IndividualKinds* library. The instances
- defined in that library SHALL be included in any **Parties** implementation. However, the implementation can allow
- 2727 additional kinds of individuals through the addition of new instances of NonHumanKind in the IndividualKinds
- 2728 library.

Generalizations

- 2730 The NonHumanKind element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- IndividualKind (see the section entitled "IndividualKind" for more information).

2732 **Properties**

2733 The NonHumanKind element does not have any additional attributes and/or associations.

2734 **10.1.2.5 OrganizationType**

A kind of *PartyType* that represents the type or classification of an *Organization*.

2736 Generalizations

- 2737 The *OrganizationType* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- PartyType (see the section entitled "PartyType" for more information).

2739 **Properties**

The *OrganizationType* element does not have any additional attributes and/or associations.

10.1.2.6 PartyRelationshipKind

- 2742 PartyRelationshipKind is a specialization of RelationshipKind that serves as the foundation for terms for a
- 2743 PartiesKindSet that is used to specify the kind of relationship that exists between two PartyTypes related by a
- 2744 PartyRelationshipType. Instead of being defined a fixed enumerated list, the kinds are defined through instances of
- 2745 PartyRelationshipKind present in the PartyRelationshipKinds library. The instances defined in the Parties Library
- 2746 SHALL be included in any **Parties** implementation. However, the implementation can allow additional kinds of
- 2747 relationship types through the addition of new instances of *PartyRelationshipKind* in the *PartyRelationshipKinds*
- 2748 library.

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Generalizations

- 2750 The PartyRelationshipKind element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- RelationshipKind (see the section entitled "RelationshipKind" for more information).

2752 **Properties**

2753 The PartyRelationshipKind element does not have any additional attributes and/or associations.

2754 **10.1.2.7 PartyRelationshipType**

A kind of *ElementRelationshiip* that indicates a relationship between two *PartyTypes*.

2756 Generalizations

- 2757 The *PartyRelationshipType* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- ElementRelationshipType (see the SCE specification for more information).

2759 **Properties**

2760 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *PartyRelationshipType*:

Table 111. PartyRelationshipType Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
relationshipKind : PartyRelationshipKind [1]	A specification of the kind of relationship of expected to exist between two Parties or PartyTypes.
source : PartyType [1]	The source <i>PartyType</i> of the relationship.
target : PartyType [1]	The target <i>PartyType</i> of the relationship.

2762 **10.1.2.8 PartyRoleType**

A type or classification of a role that may be played by a particular *PartyType* in some context. For instance, a Buyer or a Supplier.

2765 **Generalizations**

- 2766 The *PartyRoleType* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
 - *PartyType* (see the section entitled "<u>PartyType</u>" for more information).

2768 Properties

2769 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *PartyRoleType*:

Table 112. PartyRoleType Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
expectedContext : ElementType [0*]	The context in which instances of the <i>PartyRoleType</i> are expected to occur.
expectedPartyType : PartyType [1*]	The type of <i>Party</i> that is expected to play the role specified by the <i>PartyRoleType</i> .

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10.1.2.9 PartyType

2772 An abstract class representing the type or classification of a *Party* of interest.

2773 Generalizations

- 2774 The *PartyType* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- SCE *ElementType* (see the SCE specification for more information).

2776 **Properties**

The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *PartyType*:

Table 113. PartyType Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
locationType : LocationType [0*]	The type of <i>Location</i> at which the instances of the <i>PartyType</i> are expected to be located.
partyRole : PartyRoleType [0*]	The type(s) of roles that <i>Parties</i> of type <i>PartyType</i> are expected to play.
relatedPartyType: PartyRelationshipType [0*]	The related <i>PartyType</i> of a relationship.

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10.1.2.10 PositionAssignmentType

2780 PositionAssignmentType indicates a particular PartyType is expected to fill particular PositionType.

2781 Generalizations

The *PositionAssignmentType* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:

• PartyRelationshipType (see the section entitled "PartyRelationshipType" for more information).

Properties

The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *PositionAssignmentType*:

Table 114. PositionAssignmentType Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
kind: [1]	The kind relationship between the <i>PartyTypes</i> that is set to <i>Assignment</i>
position : PositionType [0*]	The <i>PositionType</i> that will be filled by the <i>PartyType</i> referenced by the target of the <i>PositionTypeAssignment</i> .

2786

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10.1.2.11 PositionType

2788 A kind of *PartyType* that represents the type or classification of a *Position*.

2789 Generalizations

- 2790 The *PositionType* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- PartyType (see the section entitled "PartyType" for more information).

2792 **Properties**

The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *PositionType*:

Table 115. PositionType Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
assigneeType: PositionAssignmentType [1*]	A <i>PositionAssignmentType</i> that indicates the <i>PartyType</i> that may fill the <i>PositionType</i> .

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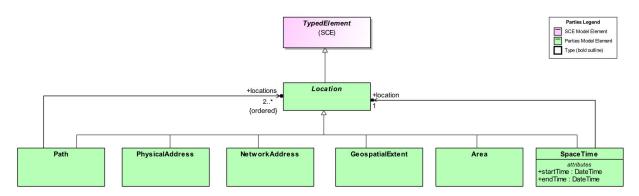
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10.2 Locations

The Locations package contains elements related to physical or virtual locations.

10.2.1 Instances

- The Locations.Intances section of the **Parties** metamodel contains elements related to locations and the relationships
- between them. These elements enable modeling specific locations at which Parties may reside. Elements in the
- 2800 Locations.Instances section are generally specializations of SCE TypedElements and as such may have an
- 2801 ElementType specified. The corresponding types are described below in the Locations. Types section.
- 2802 Organizations may deem the location at which an occurrence took place to be of significance. In those situations a
- 2803 Location, either physical or virtual, may be captured in conjunction with an Occurrence.



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2809

Figure 68: Locations

2807 **10.2.1.1 Area**

A kind of location that encompasses some region in the world.

Generalizations

- 2810 The *Area* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- Location (see the section entitled "Location" for more information).

2812 **Properties**

2813 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *Area*:

Table 116. Area Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
type: AreaType [01]	The class that provides a specification of the Area.

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10.2.1.2 GeospatialExtent

A location that is a volume in the world such as a container or a room.

2817 Generalizations

- 2818 The *GeospatialExtent* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- Location (see the section entitled "Location" for more information).

2820 **Properties**

The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *GeospatialExtent*:

Table 117. GeospatialExtent Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
type: VolumeType [01]	The class that provides a specification of the GeospatialExtent.

- 2823 **10.2.1.3** Location
- A particular place or position.
- 2825 Generalizations
- The *Location* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- SCE *TypedElement* (see the SCE specification for more information).
- 2828 **Properties**
- The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *Location*:

Table 118. Location Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
description : String [01]	A description of the <i>Location</i> .
type: LocationType [01]	The class that provides a specification of the <i>Location</i> .

2830

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10.2.1.4 NetworkAddress

- The address of an element or node on a network.
- 2833 Generalizations
- 2834 The NetworkAddress element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- Location (see the section entitled "Location" for more information).
- 2836 **Properties**
- 2837 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *NetworkAddress*:

Table 119. NetworkAddress Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
type : NetworkAddressType [01]	The class that provides a specification of the NetworkAddress.

2838

2839

10.2.1.5 Path

- 2840 An ordered collection of *Locations*.
- 2841 Generalizations
- The *Path* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- Location (see the section entitled "Location" for more information).
- 2844 **Properties**
- 2845 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *Path*:

Table 120. Path Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
locations : Location [2*]	The locations that specify the <i>Path</i> .
type: PathType [01]	The class that provides a specification of the <i>Path</i> .

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2850

10.2.1.6 PhysicalAddress

A physical location in the real world that has an identifiable address.

2849 **Generalizations**

- The *PhysicalAddress* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- Location (see the section entitled "Location" for more information).

2852 **Properties**

2853 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *PhysicalAddress*:

Table 121. Physical Address Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
type: PointType [01]	The class that provides a specification of the <i>PhyicalAddress</i> .

2854

2855

10.2.1.7 **SpaceTime**

2856 A *Location* at a particular point in time.

2857 **Generalizations**

- 2858 The *SpaceTime* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- Location (see the section entitled "Location" for more information).

2860 Properties

The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *SpaceTime*:

Table 122. SpaceTime Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
endTime : DateTime []	The ending time of the <i>SpaceTime</i> .
location : Location [1]	The location of the <i>SpaceTime</i> .
startTime : DateTime []	The starting time of the <i>SpaceTime</i> .
type: SpaceTimeType [01]	The class that provides a specification of the <i>SpaceTime</i> .

2863 **10.2.2** Types

- The Locations. Types section of the **Parties** metamodel contains elements related to the kinds of locations and the
- relationships between them that are of interest in some context. These elements enable modeling kinds of Locations
- 2866 rather than particular Locations. Elements in the Locations. Types section are generally specializations of SCE
- 2867 ElementTypes and as such provide a specification of Locations to be created using elements in the
- 2868 Locations. Instances section described above.

2869 **10.2.2.1** AreaType

2870 A kind of *LocationType* that states that a *Location* is a region or surface in the world.

2871 Generalizations

- The *AreaType* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- LocationType (see the section entitled "LocationType" for more information).

2874 **Properties**

2875 The AreaType element does not have any additional attributes and/or associations.

2876 **10.2.2.2 LocationType**

2877 A class representing the type or classification of a *Location*...

2878 Generalizations

- 2879 The *LocationType* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- SCE ElementType (see the SCE specification for more information).

2881 **Properties**

The *LocationType* element does not have any additional attributes and/or associations.

2883 10.2.2.3 NetworkAddressType

A class that specifies that *Locations* of this type are *NetworkAddresses*.

2885 Generalizations

- 2886 The *NetworkAddressType* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- LocationType (see the section entitled "LocationType" for more information).

2888 **Properties**

2889 The NetworkAddressType element does not have any additional attributes and/or associations.

2890 **10.2.2.4 PathType**

A kind of *LocationType* that states that a *Location* is a path.

2892 **Generalizations**

- The *PathType* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- LocationType (see the section entitled "LocationType" for more information).

2895 **Properties**

The *PathType* element does not have any additional attributes and/or associations.

2897 **10.2.2.5** PointType

A kind of *LocationType* that states that a *Location* is a specific point in the world.

2899 Generalizations

- 2900 The *PointType* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- LocationType (see the section entitled "LocationType" for more information).

2902 **Properties**

2903 The *PointType* element does not have any additional attributes and/or associations.

2904 **10.2.2.6 SpaceTimeType**

A kind of *LocationType* that states that a *Location* is a *Location* at a particular time.

2906 Generalizations

- 2907 The *SpaceTimeType* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- LocationType (see the section entitled "LocationType" for more information).

2909 Properties

2910 The SpaceTimeType element does not have any additional attributes and/or associations.

2911 **10.2.2.7 VolumeType**

A kind of *LocationType* that states that a *Location* is a volume in the world such as a container or room.

2913 **Generalizations**

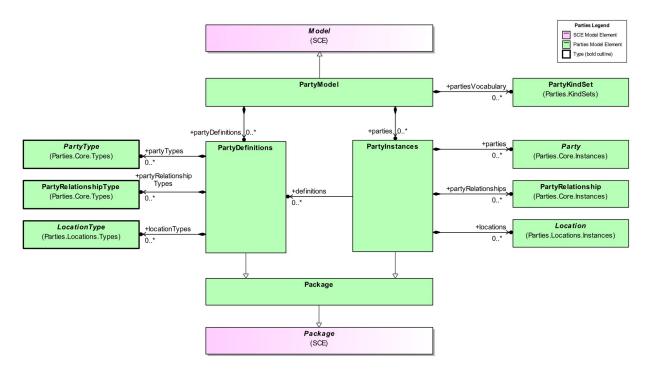
- 2914 The *VolumeType* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- LocationType (see the section entitled "LocationType" for more information).

2916 Properties

2917 The VolumeType element does not have any additional attributes and/or associations.

10.3 Packages

- 2919 The Packages package provides elements to support the packaging of Parties-related elements.
- 2920 The following figure presents the attributes and associations for the **Parties** packaging elements, including details
- about the elements they contain:



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Figure 69: Party Packages

10.3.1 Package

2926 Package is a kind of SCE Package that that is concrete. Parties Packages are a general packaging mechanism that can be used to hold any group of model elements.

2928 Generalizations

- 2929 The *Package* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- SCE *Package* (see the SCE specification for more information).

2931 **Properties**

2932 *Package* has no additional properties.

10.3.2 PartyDefinitions

2934 *PartyDefinitions* is a kind of *Package* that contains the definitions of PartyTypes that are used to specify types of Party structures.

2936 Generalizations

- 2937 The *PartyDefinitions* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- Package (see the section entitled "Package" for more information).

2939 **Properties**

2940 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *PartyDefinitions*:

Table 123. PartyDefinitions Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
locationTypes: LocationType [0*]	The locationTypes property references the <i>LocationTypes</i> contained within the <i>PartyDefinitions</i> package.
partyRelationshipTypes: PartyRelationshipType [0*]	The partyRelationshipTypes property references the PartyRelationshipTypes contained within the PartyDefinitions package.
partyTypes : PartyType [0*]	The partyTypes property references the <i>PartyTypes</i> contained within the <i>PartyDefinitions</i> package.

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10.3.3 PartyInstances

2943 PartyInstances is kind of Package package that contains Parties, PartyRelationships, and their Locations.

Generalizations

- 2945 The *PartyInstances* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
 - Package (see the section entitled "Package" for more information).

2947 **Properties**

2948 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *PartyInstances*:

Table 124. PartyInstances Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
definitions: PartyDefinitions [0*]	The property refers to zero or more <i>SCEDefinitions</i> packages that contains the <i>ElementTypes</i> that provide a basis for the instances contained in the <i>PartyInstances</i> package.
locations : Location [0*]	The locations property references the <i>Location</i> elements contained within the <i>PartyInstances</i> package.
parties : Party [0*]	The parties property references the <i>Party</i> elements contained within the <i>PartyInstances</i> package.
partyRelationships: PartyRelationship [0*]	The partRelationships property references the PartyRelationship elements contained within the PartyInstances package.

2950 10.3.4 PartyModel

2951 PartyModel is kind of SCE Model that contains definitions of types of Parties as well as specifications of Party

2952 structures themselves.

Generalizations

2954 The *PartyModel* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:

• **SCE** *Model* (see the **SCE** specification for more information).

2956 **Properties**

2953

2955

2957 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *PartyModel*:

Table 125. PartyModel Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
parties: PartyInstances [0*]	The parties property subsets the <i>SCEModel</i> instances property. It contains a list of all the <i>PartyInstance</i> sub-packages contained within a <i>SCEModel</i> .
partiesVocabulary: PartyVocabulary [0*]	The partiesVocabulary is a list of terms (as <i>Kinds</i>) that provide an extensible mechanism to define the elements of enumerations in a <i>PartiesModel</i> .
partyDefinitions : PartyDefinitions [0*]	The partyDefinitions property subsets the SCEModel definitions property. It contains a list of all the PartyDefinitions sub-packages contained within a PartyModel.

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10.4 Primitives

The *Primitives* package provides primitive data elements used by other **Parties** elements.

The following figure presents the primitive elements used in the **Parties** metamodel:







2964 Figure 70: Primitives

2965 **10.4.1 DateTime**

A primitive that captures a point in time including a date and the time of day to greatest precision practical.

2967 Generalizations

2968 The *DateTime* element does not inherit any attributes or associations of from another element.

2969 Properties

The *DateTime* element does not have any additional attributes and/or associations.

10.5 PartyKindSets

PartyKindSets are sets of terms used within a **Parties** model that are defined by an external ontology. The terms link to formal definitions for the terms used within the model. The *Kind* element is used to name the term provide a link to the definitions. PartyVocabularies are contained within an PartiesModel package.

The following figure presents the elements related to the *PartyKindSet* section:

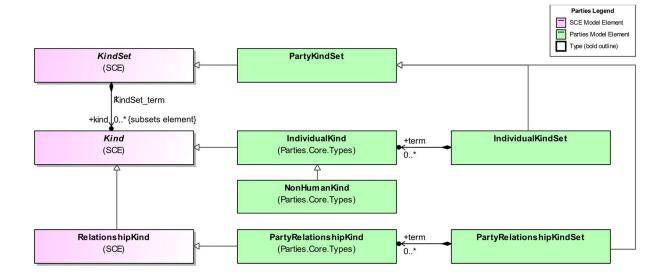


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Figure 71: PartyKindSets

10.5.1 PartyKindSet

A *PartyKindSet* is a kind of *SCEVocabulary* that includes a list of terms defined as instances of the *Kind* element. As instances of *Kind*, or a specialization thereof, the instances can be used to relate the terms to external definitions of the meaning of the term. The terms themselves do not represent the definitions or meanings but provide links to an external source. The **Parties** model contains two *KindSets*: *PartyRelationshipKinds* and *IndividualKinds*.

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Generalizations

- The *PartyKindSet* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:
- KindSet (see the SCE specification for more information).

2988 Properties

2989 The *PartyKindSet* element does not have any additional attributes and/or associations.

10.5.2 IndividualKindSet

A *IndividualKindSet* is a kind of *PartiesKindSet* that includes a list of terms defined as instances of *IndividualKind*, itself a *Kind*. As instances of a specialization of *Kind*, the instances can be used to relate the terms to external definitions of the meaning of the term. The terms themselves do not represent the definitions or meanings but provide links to an external source.

Generalizations

The *IndividualKindSet* element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:

• *PartyKindSet* (see the section entitled "<u>PartyKindSet</u>" for more information).

Properties

2999 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *IndividualKindSet*:

Table 126. IndividualKindSet Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
term : IndividualKind [0*]	A list of the terms representing valid IndividualKinds.

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10.5.3 PartyRelationshipKindSet

A *PartyRelationshipKindSet* is a kind of *PartiesVocabulary* that includes a list of terms defined as instances of *PartyRelationshipKind*, itself a specialization of *Kind*. As instances of a specialization of *Kind*, the instances can be used to relate the terms to external definitions of the meaning of the term. The terms themselves do not represent the definitions or meanings but provide links to an external source.

Generalizations

The PartyRelationshipKindSet element inherits the attributes and/or associations of:

• *PartyKindSet* (see the section entitled "<u>PartyKindSet</u>" for more information).

3009 Properties

3010 The following table presents the additional attributes and/or associations for *PartyRelationshipKindSet*:

Table 127. PartyRelationshipKindSet Attributes and/or Associations

Property/Association	Description
term : PartyRelationshipKind [0*]	A list of the terms representing valid PartyRelationshipKinds.

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11 Parties Library

- A Library is included in the **Parties** specification to provide standard values that that are intended to be provided by tools implementing the **Parties** specification. Currently, **Parties** defines the standard values for two vocabularies:
- 3015 IndividualKinds and PartyRelationshipKinds (See next sections).

11.1 IndividualKinds

- The *IndividualKinds* package contains the instances representing the standard *IndividualKinds* set. This set provides
- 3018 a standard set of terms for the kinds of Individuals that can be instantiated within a Parties model. These elements
- include an instance of a *PartiesKindSet*, IndividualKinds, which represents the set itself as well as instances
- of *IndividualKind* representing the kinds of Individuals that may be instantiated.
- The *IndividualKind* element is used to indicate a specific kind IndividualType that is to be created. The instances
- defined in this Library SHALL be included in any **Parties** implementation. However, the implementation can allow
- additional instances of the class to represent new Individual Types.

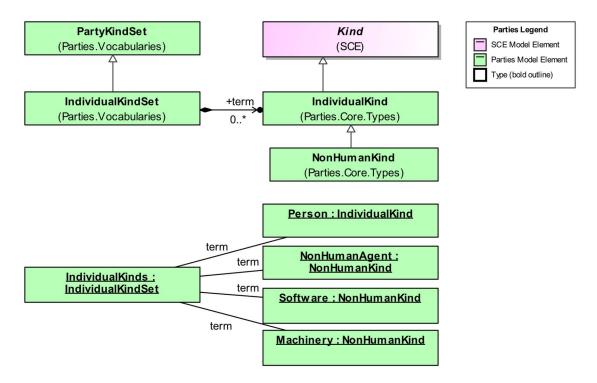
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3028 Figure 72: IndividualKinds

The following table provides a definition of the terms included in the *IndividualKinds* set.

Table 128. IndividualKinds KindSet

#	Name	Documentation	
1	IndividualKinds	IndividualKinds is an instance of <i>PartiesKindSet</i> that includes terms for the kinds of <i>PartyRelationships</i> that may be created in a Parties model.	
2	Machinery	Machinery indicates that the type of NonHumanKind is a machine of some kind.	
3	NonHumanAgent	NonHumanAgent indicates that the type of individual is an automated system of some kind.	
4	Person	Person indicates that the type of individual is a person.	
5	Software	Software indicates that the type of individual is a software module of some kind.	

11.1.1 IndividualKinds

3032 IndividualKinds is an instance of *PartiesVocabulary* that includes terms for the kinds of *PartyRelationships* that may be created in a **Parties** model.

11.1.2 Machinery

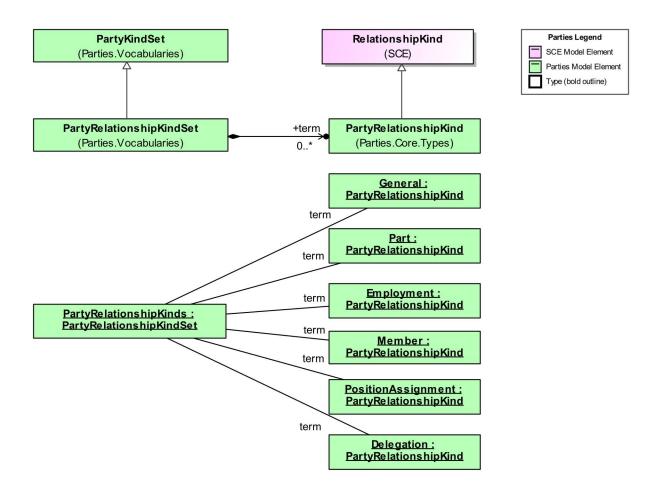
3035 Machinery indicates that the type of NonHumanKind is a machine of some kind.

11.1.3 NonHumanAgent

- 3037 NonHumanAgent indicates that the type of individual is an automated system of some kind.
- 3038 **11.1.4** Person

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- 3039 Person indicates that the type of individual is a person.
- 3040 **11.1.5 Software**
- 3041 Software indicates that the type of individual is a software module of some kind.
- 3042 11.2 PartyRelationshipKinds
- 3043 The PartyRelationshipKinds package contains one instance of an SCE KindSet: PartyRelationshipKind
- which is provided by the **Parties** Library. The purpose of this set is to provide a set of standard terms for the
- different types of relationships between Parties. These terms will be represented by instances of the
- 3046 PartyRelationshipKind element.
- The instances defined in this Library SHALL be included in any Parties implementation. However, the
- 3048 implementation can allow additional instances of the class if required for a particular modeling situation. Specifying
- 3049 the kinds of Party relationships using this instantiation mechanism rather than a fixed enumerated list enables
- extension of the kinds of relationships that are possible without having to modify the standard.
- The following figure presents the instances for the PartyRelationshipKind element that are terms for the instance
- 3052 (PartyRelationshipKinds) of the *PartiesKindSet* element.



3056 Figure 73: PartyRelationshipKinds

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The following table provides a definition of the terms included in the *PartyRelationshipKinds* Vocabulary.

Table 129. PartyRelationshipKinds KindSet

#	Name	Documentation	
1	PartyRelationshipKinds	PartyRelationshipKinds is an instance of <i>PartiesKindSet</i> that includes terms for the kinds of <i>PartyRelationships</i> that may be created in a Parties model.	
2	Delegation	Delegation indicates that the target element of the PartyRelationship, either a Party or PartyType has been delegated the responsibilities associated with the source element, either a Position or PositionType, respectively.	
3	Employment	Employment indicates that the targetParty element of the <i>PartyRelationship</i> is employed by the sourceParty.	
4	General	General indicates the existence of some general relationship between the source element of the <i>PartyRelationship</i> is a member of the target element.	
5	Member	Member indicates that the target element of the <i>PartyRelationship</i> is a member of the source element.	

#	Name	Documentation
6	Part indicates that the target element of the PartyRelationsh	
		part of the source element.
7	PositionAssignment	Assignment indicates that the source element of the
/	1 Osition/Assignment	PartyRelationship, either a Party or PartyType is assigned to the
		target element, either a <i>Position</i> or <i>PositionType</i> , respectively.

3059 11.2.1 PartyRelationshipKinds

- 3060 PartyRelationshipKinds is an instance of *PartiesKindSet* that includes terms for the kinds of
- 3061 PartyRelationships that may be created in a **Parties** model.

11.2.2 Delegation

- 3063 Delegation indicates that the target element of the PartyRelationship, either a Party or PartyType has been
- delegated the responsibilities associated with the source element, either a *Position* or *PositionType*, respectively.

11.2.3 Employment

- 3066 Employment indicates that the targetParty element of the PartyRelationship is employed by the
- 3067 sourceParty.

3068 **11.2.4 General**

- 3069 General indicates the existence of some general relationship between the source element of the
- 3070 PartyRelationship is a member of the target element.

3071 **11.2.5** Member

3072 Member indicates that the target element of the PartyRelationship is a member of the source element.

3073 **11.2.6** Part

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3074 Part indicates that the target element of the *PartyRelationship* is a part of the source element.

11.2.7 PositionAssignment

- 3076 Assignment indicates that the source element of the PartyRelationship, either a Party or PartyType is assigned
- 3077 to the target element, either a *Position* or *PositionType*, respectively.

12 PPMN and Parties Diagram Interchange (PPMN DI and Parties DI)

3081 **12.1** Scope

- This chapter describes the **PPMN** and **Parties** Diagram Interchange (**PPMN DI** and **Parties DI**, respectively).
- 3083 **PPMN DI** extends the **Parties DI**. The **Parties DI** uses the diagram interchange capabilities provided in **SCE** (see
- the SCE 1.0 Beta 1 specification (dtc/22-01-04)). The **PPMN DI** is meant to facilitate the interchange of **PPMN** and
- Parties diagrams between tools rather than being used for internal diagram representation by the tools. The simplest
- interchange approach to ensure the unambiguous rendering of **PPMN** and **Parties** diagrams was chosen. As such,
- 3087 **PPMN DI** does not aim to preserve or interchange any "tool smarts" between the source and target tools (e.g.,
- 3088 layout smarts, efficient styling, etc.).

3089 **PPMN DI** does not ascertain that **PPMN** or **Parties** diagrams are syntactically or semantically correct.

12.2 Diagram Definition and Interchange

- 3091 **PPMN DI** and **Parties DI**, through their extension of the **SCE DI** meta-model are defined as a MOF-based meta-
- 3092 models. As such, their instances can be serialized and interchanged using XMI. PPMN DI and Parties DI are also
- defined by the **SCEDI** XML schema. Thus, their instances can also be serialized and interchanged using XML.
- The SCE DI (see the SCE 1.0 Beta 1 specification) is harmonized with the OMG Diagram Definition (DD)
- standard version 1.1. The referenced DD contains two main parts: the Diagram Commons (DC) and the Diagram
- 3096 Interchange (DI). The DC defines common types like bounds and points, while the DI provides a framework for
- defining domain-specific diagram models. As a domain-specific DI, SCE DI defines a few new meta-model classes
- that derive from the abstract classes DI.

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- The focus of PPMN DI and Parties DI is the interchange of laid out shapes and edges that constitute PPMN and
- Parties diagrams, respectively. Each shape and edge references a particular PPMN or Parties model element. The
- referenced model elements are all part of an actual PPMN or Parties model. As such, PPMN DI and Parties DI are
- meant to only contain information that is neither present nor derivable, from the original model whenever possible.
- 3103 Simply put, to render a PPMN or Parties diagram both the proper DI instance(s) (including PPMN, Parties, and
- 3104 SCE DI instances) as well as the referenced PPMN and/or Parties model instance(s) are REQUIRED.
- From the PPMN DI perspective, a PPMN diagram is a particular snapshot of a PPMN model at a certain point in
- 3106 time. Multiple PPMN diagrams can be exchanged referencing model elements from the same PPMN model. Each
- diagram may provide an incomplete or partial depiction of the content of the **PPMN** model. The exporting tool is
- free to decide how many diagrams are exported and the importing tool is free to decide if and how to present the
- 3109 contained diagrams to the user. Similarly for **Parties DI**.

3110 **12.3 Notation**

- 3111 As a specification that contains elements that can notated graphically, **PPMN** specifies the depiction for **PPMN**
- diagram elements, including **Parties** elements and **SCE** *DiagramArtifact* elements.
- 3113 Serializing a **PPMN** diagram (including those that contain only **Parties** model elements) for interchange requires the
- 3114 specification of a collection of SCEShape(s) and SCEEdge(s) in the SCEDiagram. The SCEShape(s) and
- 3115 SCEEdge(s) attributes must be populated in such a way as to allow the unambiguous rendering of the PPMN
- diagram by the receiving party. More specifically, the SCEShape(s) and SCEEdge(s) MUST reference PPMN (or
- Parties) model elements. If no BaseElement is referenced or if the reference is invalid, it is expected that this shape
- 3118 or edge will not be depicted.
- When rendering a **PPMN** diagram, the correct depiction of an SCEShape or SCEEdge depends mainly on the
- referenced model element and its particular attributes and/or references. The purpose of this clause is to: provide a
- 3121 library of the **PPMN** and **Parties** element depictions, and to provide an unambiguous resolution between the
- referenced model element [BaseElement] and their depiction. Depiction resolution tables are provided below for
- 3123 both SCEShape and SCEEdge.

3124 **12.3.1** Labels

- Both SCEShape and SCEEdge elements may have labels (its name attribute) placed on the shape/edge, or above or
- 3126 below the shape/edge, in any direction or location, depending on the preference of the modeler or modeling tool
- 3127 vendor.
- Labels are optional for SCEShape and SCEEdge. When there is a label, the position of the label is specified by the
- bounds of the SCELabel of the SCEShape or SCEEdge. Simply put, label visibility is defined by the presence of the
- 3130 SCELabel element.
- The bounds of the SCELabel are optional and always relative to the containing SCEDiagram's origin point. The
- depiction resolution tables provided below exemplify default label positions if no bounds are provided for the
- 3133 SCELabel (for SCEShape kinds and SCEEdge kinds (see sections above)).
- When the SCELabel is contained in a SCEShape, the text to display is the name of the BaseElement.

12.3.2 Shape Resolution

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- 3136 SCEShape can be used to represent any of the non-relationship elements from PPMN and Parties models. These
- 3137 include elements such as Entity, EntityType, Occurrence, OccurrenceType, Organization, and
- 3138 OrganizationType. When a SCEShape is used to depict a diagram element the actual shape is determined by the
- 3139 referred PPMN or Parties model element.

12.3.2.1 Depiction for PPMN Diagram Elements

The following table presents the depiction resolutions for **PPMN** elements:

Table 130. Depiction Resolution of PPMN Shapes

PPMN Element	PPMN Element Attributes	Depiction
Entity		Name: Type
EntityType		Name
EntitySnapshot		Name : Type 🗬
EntityTypeSnapshot		Name 🗘
EntityFormat		Name #
Occurrence		Name : Type
Occurrence (with Subchain)		Name : Type
		(H)
OccurrenceChain		Name : Type
		0000

	T	
OccurrenceType		Name
OccurrenceChainType (with		Name
Subchain)		±
OccurrenceBranchNode		
		\downarrow
Claim (as shape)	claimedToBe = true	₱ Name T
		claimedToBe = true timeOfClaim = 2021-02-01
Claim (as shape)	claimedToBe = false	Name F
		claimedToBe = false timeOfClaim = 2021-02-01
Claim (as shape)	claimedToBe = possible	Name P
		claimedToBe = possible timeOfClaim = 2021-02-01
PedigreeChain		Name: Type
		0000
PedigreeOccurrence		Name : Type ::•
PedigreeChainType		Name ::•
		0000
PedigreeOccurrenceType		Name ::•
real-greed court office 1, pe		Name
CustodyChain		Name : Type 💟
		9000
CustodyOccurrence		Name : Type 💟
·		
CustodyOccurrence (Custody	kind = instance of	Name : Type 🔘
Start)	CustodyStartKind	
CustodyOccurrence (Custody	kind = instance of	Name : Type
Transfer)	CustodyTransferKind	Ť
CustodyOccurrence (Custody	kind = instance of	Name : Type •
Start)	CustodyEndKind	
CustodyChainType		Name 🔍
		9990
CustodyOccurrenceType		Name
	ı	

CustodyOccurrenceType (CustodyStart type)	kind = instance of CustodyStartKind	Name
CustodyOccurrenceType (CustodyTransfer type)	kind = instance of CustodyTransferKind	Name
CustodyOccurrenceType (CustodyEnd type)	kind = instance of CustodyEndKind	Name
Custody (with attributes)		Name: Type kind: Custody start: 1-10-2020 end: 2-3-2021
OwnershipOccurrenceChain		Name : Type
OwnershipChangeOccurrence		Name : Type
OwnershipChangeOccurrence (Acquisition)	kind = instance of OwnershipStartKind	Name : Type (O)
OwnershipChangeOccurrence (Ownership Change)	kind = instance of OwnershipTransferKind	Name : Type (➡)
OwnershipChangeOccurrence (End of Ownership Chain)	kind = instance of OwnershipEndKind	Name : Type
OwnershipChainType		Name \(\rightarrow \)
OwnershipOccurrenceType		Name
OwnershipOccurrenceType (Ownership Start)	kind = instance of OwnershipStartKind	Name (O)
OwnershipOccurrenceType (Ownership Transfer)	kind = instance of OwnershipTransferKind	Name (**)
OwnershipOccurrenceType (ownership End)	kind = instance of OwnershipEndKind	Name
Ownership (with attributes)		Name: Type kind: Ownership start: 1-10-2020 end: 2-3-2021

12.3.2.2 Depiction for Parties Diagram Elements

3143 The following table presents the depiction resolutions for **Parties** elements:

Table 131. Depiction Resolution of Parties Shapes

Parties Element	Parties Element Attributes	Depiction
Organization		Name: Type
Person		Name: Type
Position		Name : Type
NonHumanAgent		Name:Type
Software		Name:Type
Machinery		Name: Type
PartyRole		Name:Type
OrganizationType		Name M
IndividualType (Person)	kind = Person	Name
IndividualType (NonHumanAgent)	kind = NonHumanAgent	Name
IndividualType (Software)	kind = Software	Name
IndividualType (Machinery)	kind = Machinery	Name &
PositionType		Name 📥
PartyRoleType		Name
Area		þ

Path	
PhysicalAddress	•
NetworkAddress	
GeospacialExtent	
SpaceTime	

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12.3.3 Edge Resolution

3146 SCEEdge can be used to represent and of the **PPMN** or **Parties** relationships including relationships such as

3147 EntityRelationship, OccurrenceDependency, and PartyRelationship.

12.3.3.1 Depiction for PPMN Diagram Elements

3149 The following table presents the depiction resolutions for **PPMN** edges:

Table 132. Depiction Resolution of PPMN Edges

PPMN Element	PPMN Element Attribute	Depiction
EntityRelationship (Generalization)	relationshipKindRef = Generalization	
EntityRelationship (Containment)	relationshipKindRef = Containment	
EntityRelationship (Composition)	relationshipKindRef = Composition	•
EntityRelationship (Dependency)	relationshipKindRef = Dependency	>
EntityRelationship (Miscellaneous)	relationshipKindRef = Miscellaneous	──
EntityRelationship (Reference)	relationshipKindRef = Reference	«reference»
DerivedFrom		«derivedFrom»
RevisionOf		«revisionOf»
QuotedFrom		
SourcedFrom		«sourcedFrom»
DerivationType (DerivedFrom)	kind = DerivedFrom	«derivedFrom»

DerivationType (RevisionOf)	kind = RevisionOf	«revisionOf»
DerivationType (QuotedFrom)	kind = QuotedFrom	«quotedFrom»
DerivationType (SourcedFrom)	kind = SourcedFrom	
OccurrenceRelationship		──
OccurrenceDependency	kind = Input	role name «input»
OccurrenceDependency	kind = Enabler	role name «enabler»
OccurrenceDependency	kind = Output	role name «output»
OccurrenceDependency	kind = Product	role name «product»
OccurrenceDependency	kind = By-product	role name «by-product»
OccurrenceDependency	kind = Waste	role name «waste»
OccurrenceDependencyType	kind = Input	role name «input»
OccurrenceDependencyType	kind = Enabler	role name «enabler»
OccurrenceDependencyType	kind = Output	role name «output»
OccurrenceDependencyType	kind = Product	role name «product»

OccurrenceDependencyType	kind = By-product	role name wby-product»
OccurrenceDependencyType	kind = Waste	role name «waste»
OccurrenceRole		role name
OccurrenceRoleType		role type name
OccurrenceGraphTransition	relationshipKind = Transition	─
Custody (as relationship)		▶
CustodyType (as relationship)		▶>
Ownership (as relationship)		•
OwnershipType (as relationship)		•

12.3.3.2 Depiction for Parties Diagram Elements

The following table presents the depiction resolutions for **Parties** edges:

Table 133. Depiction Resolution of Parties Edges

Parties Element	Parties Element Attribute	Depiction
PartyRelationship (General)	relationshipKind = General	name
PartyRelationship (Member)	relationshipKind = Member	
PartyRelationship (Employment)	relationshipKind = Employment	name → «employment»
OrganizationalStructureRelationship	relationshipKind = Part	name
PositionAssignment	relationshipKind = PositionAssignment	name
Delegation (without Authority shown)		name «delegation»
Delegation (with Authority shown)	authority = not null	Name:Type
PartyRelationshipType (General)	relationshipKind = Member	name

PartyRelationshipType (Member)	relationshipKind = Member	name > «member»
PartyRelationshipType (Employment)	relationshipKind = Employment	
PartyRelationshipType (Part)	relationshipKind = Part	name
PositionAssignmentType	relationshipKind = PositionAssignment	name
DelegationType (without Authority shown)	relationshipKind = Delegation	name «delegation»
DelegationType (with Authority shown)	relationshipKind = Delegation	Name widelegation name

Annex A: PROV Traceability

3155 (informative)

A key requirement of **PPMN** is to support all the capabilities available in the <u>W3C PROV</u> specification. This ANNEX describes the traceability of PPMN elements to elements in W3C PROV. Please note that the model of the W3C PROV specification presented herein is an interpretation in UML of that specification by the PPMN authors.

This diagram shows the PPMN and W3C PROV concepts related to the primary three PROV elements - Agent, Entity, and Activity.

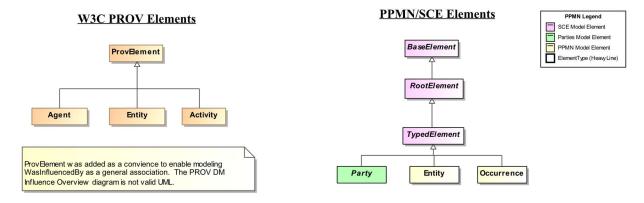
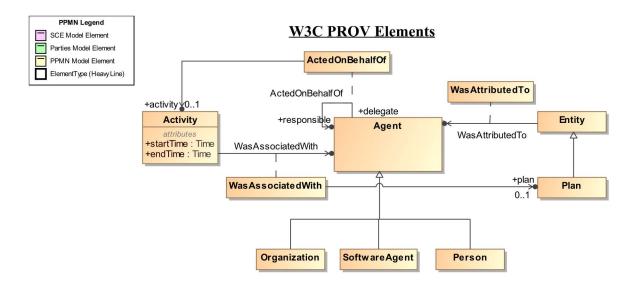


Figure 74: PPMN Trace to PROV - Primary PROV Elements

This diagram shows the PPMN and W3C PROV concepts related to Agents, Responsibility, and Influence.



PPMN/SCE Elements

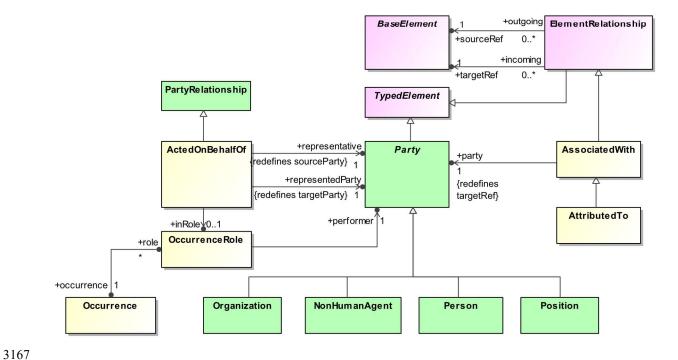
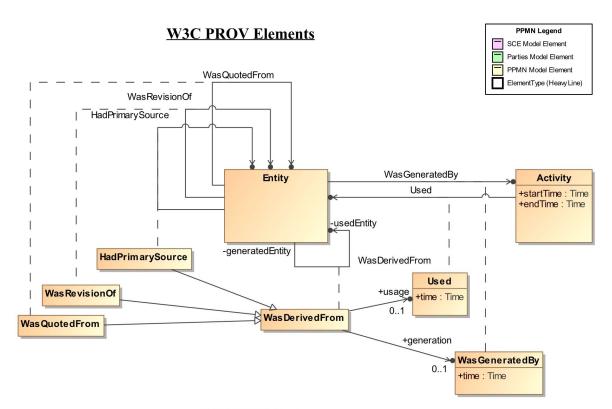


Figure 75: PPMN Trace to PROV - Agents, Responsibility, and Influence

This diagram shows the PPMN and W3C PROV concepts related to Derivations.

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PPMN/SCE Elements

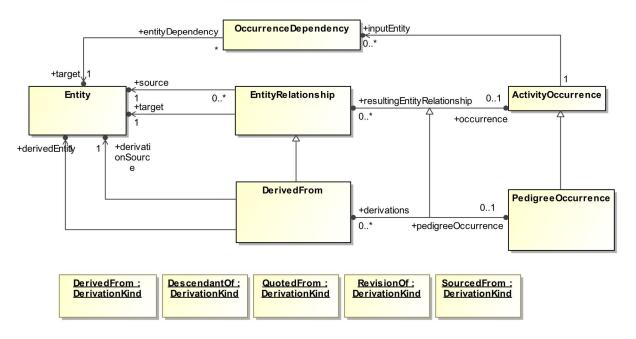


Figure 76: PPMN Trace to PROV - Derivations

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This diagram shows the PPMN and W3C PROV concepts related to Entities and their relationships to Activities (or Occurrences in PPMN).

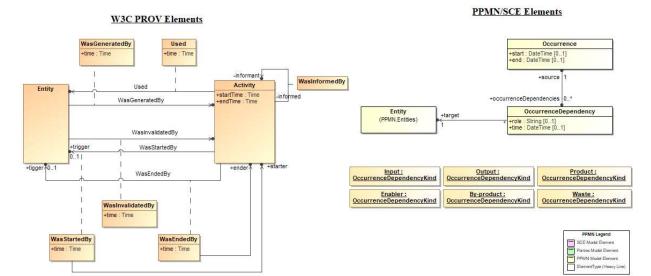


Figure 77: PPMN Trace to PROV - Entities and Activities

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This diagram shows the PPMN and W3C PROV concepts related to Influence.

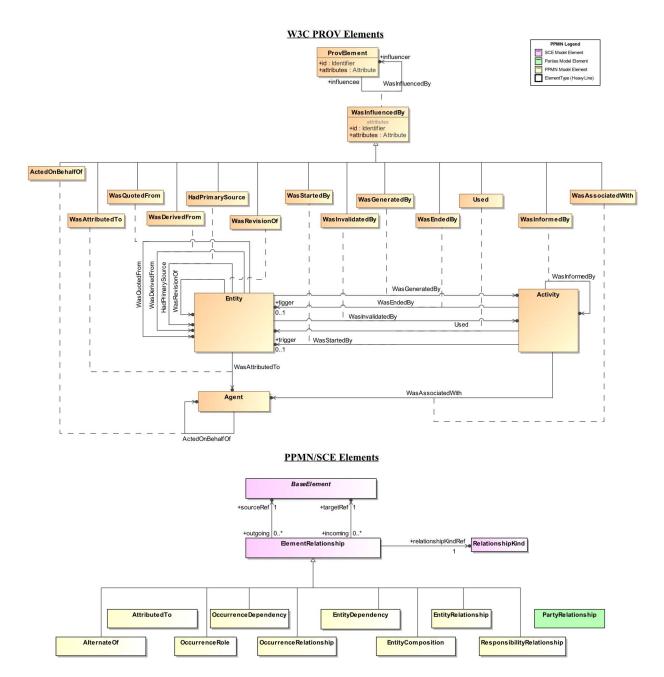
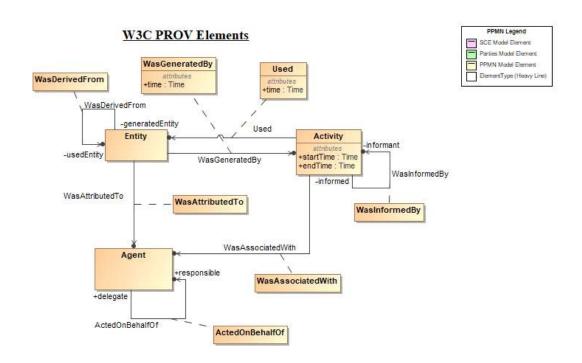


Figure 78: PPMN Trace to PROV - Influence

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This diagram shows the PPMN and W3C PROV concepts related to the core PROV elements.



PPMN/SCE Elements

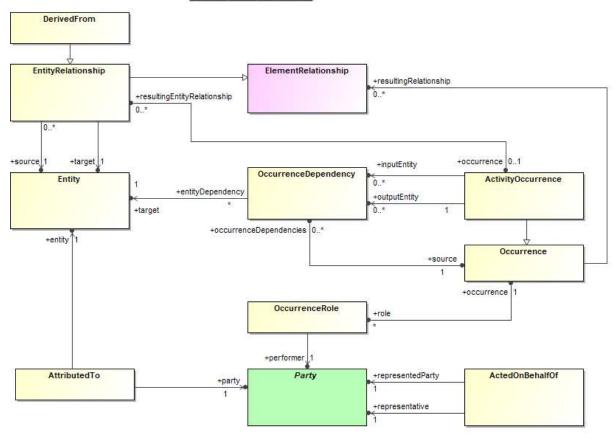


Figure 79: PPMN Trace to PROV - PROV Core Structures

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