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# ALert MAnagement Service (ALMAS)

Version 1.4 beta

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# Preface

### About the Object Management Group

Founded in 1989, the Object Management Group, Inc. (OMG) is an open membership, not-for-profit computer industry standards consortium that produces and maintains computer industry specifications for interoperable, portable and reusable enterprise applications in distributed, heterogeneous environments. Membership includes Information Technology vendors, end users, government agencies and academia.

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# 1 Scope

The domain of naval Combat Management Systems is characterized by a huge variety of underlying computing platforms, with different and often incompatible means of managing and reporting alerts. Standards-based alert management services are essential for interoperable and open systems. This specification is a standard for ALert MAnagement Service (ALMAS) in CMS systems, consisting of a standard alerts data model and a model for an alert delivery and lifecycle management service.

# 2 Conformance

This specification provides a level of conformance for a minimalist, basic ALMAS system; a fully functional ALMAS system; plus, additional levels for specialized extensions. In addition, conformant ALMAS implementation must conform to one or more of the middleware platform specific models presented in Chapters 8, 9, 10 and 11 of this document in addition to conforming to the XML Alert template data model and the XML initialization PSMs as presented in sections 7.1to 7.3 of this document.

There are three distinct roles in the ALMAS abstracted by the interface classes defined in the ALMAS Management package: Producer, Manager and Receiver. Conformance recognises that a conforming application will be performing only one of these roles and therefore only a subset of the interface will be applicable. Accordingly, conformance is defined in terms of the PIM interface methods that are applicable to each of these roles.

Level	Producer	Manager	Receiver	
1	Invokes:	Implements:	Implements:	
	RaiseAlertFromData	RaiseAlertFromData	AlertDataNotification	
	CancelAlert	CancelAlert		
		Invokes:		
		AlertDataNotification		
2	Implements:	Implements:	Implements:	
	ALMASNotificationListener interface	ALMASConfiguration, ALMASManager,	ALMASReceiver interface	
	Invokes:	ALMASResponder and ALMASProducer interfaces		
	ALMASConfiguration interface and any of the	Invokes:	Any of the ALMASResponder and ALMASManager interface	
	ALMASProducer and ALMASManager interface methods	ALMASNotificationListener and ALMASReceiver interfaces	methods	
3A	N/A	Level 2 plus	Level 2 plus	
		Implements:	Invokes:	
		ALMASResponderExtension s interface	ALMASResponderExtensions interface	
3B	Level 2 plus	Level 2 plus	N/A	

	Invokes:	Implements:	
	RemoveAlertsWithDynamic MessageData	RemoveAlertsWithDynamic MessageData	
3C	Level 2 plus	Level 2 plus	N/A
	Invokes:	Implements:	
	AttachCategorizationRule &	AttachCategorizationRule &	
	DetachCategorizationRule	DetachCategorizationRule	

Level 3A groups together extensions for mulit-language support; 3B is an extension for a more complex alert lifecycle from a producer's perspective; and 3C is an extension for raising alerts indirectly through categorization rules.

Alternatively, configuration may be performed centrally by a system function, in which case applications with the Producer role do not invoke the ALMASConfiguration interface.

# **3** Normative References

The following normative documents contain provisions, which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this specification. For dated references, subsequent amendments to, or revisions of, any of these publications do not apply.

Title (Acronym)	Version /	Organization	Reference / URL
	Date		
Data Distribution Service (DDS)	1.4 / March 2015	OMG	formal/2015-04-10 https://www.omg.org/spec/DDS/1.4/PDF
Interface Definition Language (IDL)	4.2 / January 2018	OMG	formal/2018-01-05 https://www.omg.org/spec/IDL/4.2/PDF
Graph Query Language (GraphQL)	June 2018	Facebook	https://spec.graphql.org/June2018/
OASIS Common Alerting Protocol (OASIS)	1.0 / 2004	OASIS	https://www.oasis-open.org/committees/ download.php/6334/oasis-200402-cap- core-1.0.pdf
Microsoft Component Object Model (COM)	2009	Microsoft	https://www.docs.microsoft.com/en-us/ windows/win32/com/component-object- modelcomportal
Common Object Request Broker Architecture (CORBA)	3.0.3 / March 2004	OMG	https://www.omg.org/spec/CORBA
Extensible Markup Language (XML)	1.0 / 2008	W3C	https://www.w3.org/TR/xml/

## Table 3-1: Normative References

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# 4 Terms and definitions

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### 4.1 General Definitions

- Architecture Board (AB) The OMG plenary that is responsible for ensuring the technical merit and MDA-compliance of RFPs and their submissions.Board of Directors (BoD) The OMG body that is responsible for adopting technology.
- *Component Object Model (COM)* A platform-independent, distributed, object-oriented system for creating binary
- software components that can interact. Common Object Request Broker Architecture (CORBA) - An OMG distributed computing platform specification
- that is independent of implementation languages.
- Common Warehouse Metamodel (CWM) An OMG specification for data repository integration.

CORBA Component Model (CCM) - An OMG specification for an implementation language independent distributed component model.

*Data-Centric Publish-Subscribe (DCPS)* – The DDS specification describing the application interfaces and communication semantics for distributed application communication and integration.

Data Distribution Service (DDS) - a middleware protocol and API standard for data-centric connectivity.

Data Local Reconstruction Layer (DLRL) – describes a high-level interface to DDS that allows a simple integration of the DDS Service into the application layer.

*Graph Query Language (GraphQL)* – a query language for Application Programmable Interfaces and a runtime for fulfilling those queries with your existing data.

Interface Definition Language (IDL) - An OMG and ISO standard language for specifying interfaces and associated data structures.

Internet Assigned Numbers Authority (IANA) – a standards organization that oversees global Internet Protocol (IP) address allocation and other internet Protocol-related symbols and numbers.

*Letter of Intent (LOI)* - A letter submitted to the OMG BoD's Business Committee signed by an officer of an organization signifying its intent to respond to the RFP and confirming the organization's willingness to comply with OMG's terms and conditions, and commercial availability requirements.

**Mapping** - Specification of a mechanism for transforming the elements of a model conforming to a particular metamodel into elements of another model that conforms to another (possibly the same) metamodel.

*Metadata* - Data that represents models. For example, a UML model; a CORBA object model expressed in IDL; and a relational database schema expressed using CWM.

Metamodel - A model of models.

*Meta Object Facility (MOF)* - An OMG standard, closely related to UML, that enables metadata management and language definition.

*Model* - A formal specification of the function, structure and/or behavior of an application or system.

- **Model Driven Architecture (MDA)** An approach to IT system specification that separates the specification of functionality from the specification of the implementation of that functionality on a specific technology platform.
- *Normative* Provisions that one must conform to in order to claim compliance with the standard. (as opposed to non-normative or informative which is explanatory material that is included in order to assist in understanding the standard and does not contain any provisions that must be conformed to in order to claim compliance).

*Normative Reference* – References that contain provisions that one must conform to in order to claim compliance with the standard that contains said normative reference.

Platform - A set of subsystems/technologies that provide a coherent set of functionality through interfaces and specified usage patterns that any subsystem that depends on the platform can use without concern for the details of how the functionality provided by the platform is implemented.

Platform Independent Model (PIM) - A model of a subsystem that contains no information specific to the platform, or the technology that is used to realize it.

Platform Specific Model (PSM) - A model of a subsystem that includes information about the specific technology that is used in the realization of it on a specific platform, and hence possibly contains elements that are specific to the platform.

*Quality of Service (QOS)* – in the context of DDS, a rich set of characteristics that define the behavior of the DDS systems (such as reliability, liveliness, durability, etc.)

*Request for Information (RFI)* - A general request to industry, academia, and any other interested parties to submit information about a particular technology area to one of the OMG's Technology Committee subgroups.

Request for Proposal (RFP) - A document requesting OMG members to submit proposals to the OMG's Technology Committee. Such proposals must be received by a certain deadline and are evaluated by the issuing task force. Task Force (TF) - The OMG Technology Committee subgroup responsible for issuing an RFP and evaluating

submission(s).

*Technology Committee (TC)* - The body responsible for recommending technologies for adoption to the BoD. There are two TCs in OMG – Platform TC (PTC), that focuses on IT and modeling infrastructure related standards; and Domain TC (DTC), that focus on domain specific standards.

Unified Modeling Language (UML) - An OMG standard language for specifying the structure and behavior of systems. The standard defines an abstract syntax and a graphical concrete syntax.

UML Profile - A standardized set of extensions and constraints that tailors UML to particular use.

XML Metadata Interchange (XMI) - An OMG standard that facilitates interchange of models via XML documents.

## 4.2 Definitions Specific to this Document

The RFP prompting this response defined the following set of standard terminology which will henceforth be used within this document:

- An *event* is an occurrence that has been detected by the system whose happening must be reported to other members of the system, including human operators.
- An *alert* is an entity of observation regarding an event (or sequence of related events) to be reported (directly or indirectly) to an appropriate set of actors.
- Alert clients are the entities within the system that raise, modify, receive, process, or handle alerts generated by ALMAS.
- An alert template is a generic definition of a type of alert which can be raised, e.g., 'collision warning'

   it requires instantiation to create an alert.
- An *instance* of an alert is a specifically raised alert e.g., 'collision warning with track number 111, bearing 020, range 2nm'

In addition to the general terms defined above, the RFP indicates that there is an expectation that the ALMAS standard will include three main alert categories, as follows:

- Alerts which require no actor action or acknowledgement. This collection of alert templates are generally *informative* or routine alerts, they are usually of lower priority / urgency and require some action by ALMAS to be removed.
- Alerts which require acknowledgement by actor(s). This collection of *acknowledgement* alert templates is usually more urgent alerts where at least one actor must indicate acknowledgement to ALMAS that the alert has been received.
- Alerts which require both acknowledgement and action confirmation by actor(s). This collection of *action* alert templates is frequently used for important or critical events where not only is acknowledgement of the receipt required, but also confirmation that the required action has been taken<sup>1</sup>.

# **5** Acronyms and Abbreviations

CMS	(Naval) Combat Management System
CORBA	Common Object Request Broker Architecture
DCOM	Distributed Component Object Model
НТТР	HyperText Transfer Protocol
OMG	Object Management Group
RFP	Request For Proposal
UML	Unified Modelling Language
XML	eXtensible Mark-up Language

<sup>1</sup> Definition of the required action is not within the scope of ALMAS.

# 6 Platform Independent Model (PIM)

The PIM has been split into three packages as follows:

- ALMAS Client Callbacks: The interface to be implemented by system components that wish to be notified
  of ALMAS events such as alerts created, deleted, etc.
- ALMAS Data Model: The structures and their relationships used in an ALMAS system.
- ALMAS Management: Components of the ALMAS system responsible for setting up ALMAS and alert lifecycle oversight.

These are described below, note that ALMAS Categorization is an optional PIM for attaching event-based categorization rules to alerts defined in the core parts of this specification. Section 6.5 describes ALMAS dynamic behavior: alert state transition as well as the interactions between ALMAS Receivers, Producers, and the ALMAS System itself.

## 6.1 ALMAS Client Callbacks

ALMAS Client Callbacks are the interfaces to be implemented by system components that wish to be notified of ALMAS events such as alerts created, deleted, etc. There are two classes in this package. In order to be plugged into the ALMAS system, a client must implement one of these interfaces, and register with the Alert Manager.

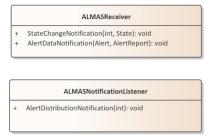


Figure 6-1: PIM class diagram for ALMAS Clients

#### 6.1.1 ALMASNotificationListener

Class provided by registering notification listeners for receipt of alert distribution notifications.

#### 6.1.1.1 Operation

Name	Туре	Summary
AlertDistributionNotification(int)	public void[Parameters]AlertID: int	This is called as soon as an alter requiring confirmation has been received by the ALMAS system. This callback is generated when the alert is in the Raised state. (Note: StateChangeNotification callbacks are also generated for this event.) The onward distribution is notified through additional StateChangeNotification callbacks.

### 6.1.2 ALMASReceiver

Class provided by registering alert receivers for provision of the notification callbacks. Only clients that implement this interface and register as receivers can access active alert data. Clients can only register if they are built against the

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Unknown Author 10/25/2024 17:47 ALMAS interface; therefore, no runtime security control is required in this context. Note: The ALMASResponder interface is used to notify ALMAS of "progress" in satisfying the received alert.

### 6.1.2.1 Operation

Name	Туре	Summary
StateChangeNotification(int, Enumeration)	public void[Parameters]AlertID: int,NewState: Enumeration	Indicates a change of state of an alert to a receiver who has registered for this alert's state change notifications. These states are the same states as used in CurrentState for an Alert. This callback is generated for an alert's initial state and all subsequent state transitions. it is not generated when an alert instance is deleted. (Note: instances can only be deleted by the ALMAS system from a non-current state).
AlertDataNotification(Alert, AlertReport)	public void[Parameters]AlertInfo: Alert,Report: AlertReport	Provides notifications of new and modified alert data.

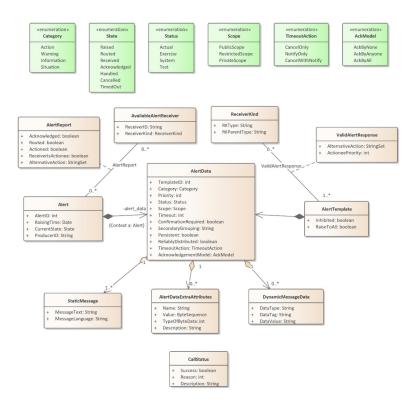
## 6.2 ALMAS Data Model

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The classes described in this section provide the definition of the contents of Alerts, Alert Templates, and Receivers for ALMAS. The two primary concepts in this data model are of an Alert Template and an Alert. The Alert Template describes the static description of a pre-defined class of alerts, while an Alert contains the specific attributes of a "live" Alert within the ALMAS system. Both utilize the AlertData class to describe many of their field attributes and values.

Note that the constraint called 'alert\_data' in the figure below is defined as follows:

"context a: Alert inv: if ((a.alert\_data.Category = Information) or (a.alert\_data.Category = Warning))) then (a.CurrentState <> Handled)"



### Figure 6-2: PIM class diagram for ALMAS Data Model

## 6.2.1 Alert

An active alert within ALMAS. The Alert class provides the main entity that ALMAS uses for tracking the state of an alert. The specific data such as message and other attributes for an active alert is provided in the AlertData class which is a member attribute of the Alert.

#### 6.2.1.1 Attribute

Name	Туре	Summary
AlertID	public int	The instance id for the specific instance of the alert.
RaisingTime	public Date	The time at which the alert was raised.
CurrentState	public State	Holds the current state of the alert, valid states are determined by the category of the alert, {Raised, Routed, Received, Acknowledged, Handled, Cancelled, Timed_Out}. Note that Handled is not a valid state for Information and Warning Alerts.
ProducerID	public String	The producer freetext ID - corresponds to CAP source

## 6.2.2 AlertData

This represents the set of data shared between the alert template and alert classes. All fields have default values which can be changed when alerts are raised/updated. This may be set up through the use of templates as specified through the XML PSM, which initialises AlertTemplate and its associated classes.

#### 6.2.2.1 Attribute

Name	Туре	Summary
TemplateID	public int	A unique identifier for template which owns this alert data (or that was used to create the alert if this is referenced from Alert). Valid range from 1 upwards.
Category	public Enumeration	This enumeration can take the value Action / Warning / Information / Situation
Priority	public int	Alert priority as an integer value in the range 1-99. The priority is open for client use and not intended for interpretation by ALMAS.
Status	public Status	Corresponds to the OASIS CAP Status field.
Scope	public Scope	Corresponds to CAP scope.
Timeout	public int	Specifies the time, in seconds, required to elapse before the alert will timeout and perform its default timeout action. 0 implies there is no timeout.
ConfirmationRequired	public boolean	This is set if confirmation of receipt is required, that it has been distributed. If this is set to true, the producer has registered for receipt of the distribution notification.
SecondaryGrouping	public String	This is an additional field to support client specific filtering mechanisms.
Persistent	public boolean	Indicates whether the alert data is required to be persistent in the event of a system restart
ReliablyDistributed	public boolean	A flag which, when true, indicates that the alert should have guaranteed delivery.
TimeoutAction	public TimeoutAction	When the alert times-out, ALMAS acts according to this attribute.
AcknowledgementMode 1	public AckModel	Sets the conditions upon which the alert state can transition to 'acknowledged'.This has the options of {none, anyone, all}
	1	1

### 6.2.3 AlertDataExtraAttributes

This is a class representing items of alert data that are specific to particular clients, that require supporting in order to fulfil possible requirements of an alert management system (such as images, screen locations or other binary data), but are not general enough to be defined explicitly as data types in an ALMAS. Effectively ALMAS provides blind delivery of the information provided by this class to the alert receiver without any knowledge as to its intended meaning and behaviour. The extra attributes are configured via the ALMAS Alert definition xml PSM specified in section 7.1. If defined in the Alert definition XML provided to ALMAS, then ALMAS shall support the definition, receipt, storage and passing of this data to receivers as part of a standard implementation.

#### 6.2.3.1 Attribute

Name	Туре	Summary	
Name	public String	Name of the client specific attribute	
Value	public ByteSequence	Contents as a byte sequence. (Note: strings are not null-terminated).	
TypeOfByteDat a	public int	Valid values for this are: 0 = string (UTF-8) 1 = Integer 8 2 = Integer 16 3 = Integer 32 4 = Float 32 5 = Float 64 6 = bytes (private format) 7 = bytes (defined by media type)	
Description	public String	This field is used to provide an indication of the content e.g., 'image (jpg), URL, track object ID, When the TypeOfByteData is 7, this is set to the media type / subtype tree as defined by IANA.	

## 6.2.4 AlertReport

This provides the delivery message of an Alert to an ALMASReceiver. It contains the Alert and the current status information. This will contain details of whether the instance has been acknowledged by this receiver etc. and will also be completed with respect to any dynamic message data.

#### 6.2.4.1 Attribute

Name	Туре	Summary
Acknowledged	public boolean	Identified whether the alert has been acknowledged by this receiver.
Routed	public boolean	Identified whether the alert can be confirmed to have been routed as per the 'routed' alert substate.
Actioned	public boolean	Identified whether the alert has been actioned by this receiver.
ReceiverIsActione e	public boolean	Indicates that this receiver is the chosen actionee for this alert.
AlternativeAction	public StringSet	Provides means by which an alternative action outside of the scope of ALMAS can be distributed with the alert via ALMAS.

## 6.2.5 AlertTemplate

An AlertTemplate specifys the generic characteristics of a specific alert type "at rest" (e.g., the general characteristics of a collision warning alert). This includes the category of alert, such as Action etc. An AlertTemplate uses an associated AlertData object to specify the contents of the template. An AlertTemplate can be used to specify the properties of commonly used within a system. At the time of raising an Alert from a template, the user/system provides the relevant instance data of that alert. It is an error to specify RaiseToAll and to define either ReceiverKind instances or a Secondary Grouping in the AlertData instance.

#### 6.2.5.1 Attribute

Name	Туре	Summary
Inhibited	public boolean	The inhibition status of that alert type. If this is 'true' then attempts to raise an alert of that type will fail.
RaiseToAll	public boolean	Indicates that the alert should be raised to all available receivers rather than specified ones.

#### 6.2.6 AvailableAlertReceiver

The class used to identify a receiver of alerts. A registered receiver of alerts. The AvailableAlertReceiver is registered with ALMAS through the ALMASResponder API. The AvailableAlertReceiver is directly associated with an ALMASReceiver through the ReceiverID attribute, which is provided at registration time to ALMAS using the RegisterReceiver method.

#### 6.2.6.1 Attribute

Name	Туре	Summary
ReceiverID	public String	Unique identifier for the receiver.
ReceiverKind	public ReceiverKind	The kind of the receiver as an explicit attribute link to the Receiver Kind class.

## 6.2.7 CallStatus

This is the ALMAS a general-purpose success/failure descriptor class used throughout ALMAS. If Success, then the other parameters are not applicable.

#### 6.2.7.1 Attribute

Name	Туре	Summary	
Success	public boolean	Flag indicating pass/fail status	
Reason	public int	Enumerated reason correlating to the -"Call Status" -0 = Success 1 = Not Accepted 2 = Malformed Alert 3 = Timeout/delivery 4 = Requested Service Unavailable 5+ = Other	 ALMAS14-8
Description	public String	Additional String data further describing status	Unknown Author 10/24/2024 16:15

### 6.2.8 DynamicMessageData

Since Alerts often have variable data fields, the DynamicMessageData class provides the means for inserting variable content into the Alert's MessageText during runtime. Replacement values for the DataTag are treated as strict string substitution within the MessageText of the StaticMessage associated with the Alert. This is used to capture the triplet of data tag type, tag position in the alert message and the value that this tag in the template message text should be replaced with. Note: if the text specified in the StaticMessage contains multiple replacement points then an equal number of DynamicMessageData objects are required for full substitution. It is an error to specify StaticMessage and DynamicDataMessage instance collections with different sets of substitution tags for the same alert template. To substitute language locale specific dynamic data, define and supply distinct language locale specific tags when raising alerts. (I.e., for each language and placeholder combination, supply a DynamicMessageData instance with a unique DataTag to match a placeholder in exactly one StaticMessage instance).

#### 6.2.8.1 Attribute

Name	Туре	Summary
DataType	public String	The type of related object e.g., freetext, track, vehicle, position, etc.
DataTag	public String	This identifies the insertion point for the related object in the MessageText associated with the Alert. Tags are alphanumeric so to match StaticMessage text "xxxxx %number% yyyyyyy zzzz", a DataTag with the value "number" is required. It is a case sensitive, alphanumeric string.
DataValu e	public String	The value of the object instantiation. Given a type of string to be general enough to support free text and track/vehicle id's alike.

#### 6.2.9 ReceiverKind

The descriptor of an alert receiver. This could for example be an operator role. ReceiverKind objects are used in many places in ALMAS including the specification of what operators/clients will receive which Alerts.

- These are used to show all possible receivers of an Alert, when used in an AlertTemplate.
- These are used during runtime to identify the actual receivers for an active alert.

#### 6.2.9.1 Attribute

Name	Туре	Summary
RKType	public String	String identifier of the kind of receiver, for example the role of a receiving operator.
RKParentType	public String	The hierarchical parent receiver kind name that this one "belongs to". This is used by ALMAS to resolve cases where a specific RK is not available, but handing is required by an appropriate receiver. Note that a lack of a Parent is indicated by an empty string.

#### 6.2.10 StaticMessage

Provides the default message text for an alert as a tuplet of the actual static text and the language in which the text is provided. An AlertData object has a StaticMessage instance for each language supported by a particular ALMAS. If the StaticMessage requires runtime updating, then use data tags as specified in DynamicMessageData. To support the runtime substitution of different text for different languages, data tags must have different values in each of the languages to define the substitution uniquely.

#### 6.2.10.1 Attribute

Name	Туре	Summary
MessageText	Public String	This is a text string, which in an Alert or AlertTemplate is only partially completed. With the MessageText being "xxxxx %number% yyyyyyy zzzz" in an Alert or AlertTemplate, and with a DynamicMessageData with DataTag having the value "number" and DataValue having the value "123" then the resulting MessageText in response to GetFilledMessageText will be "xxxxx 123 yyyyyyy zzzz". All substitution points are of the form "(start   non-alphanumeric%(tag)%(end   non-alphanumeric)", where start and end denote the start and end of the MessageText string respectively and tags are case sensitive, alphanumeric strings ("number" in the above) which should correspond to a DataTag in an associated DynamicMessageData.
MessageLanguag e	public String	The message 'Locale'

## 6.2.11 ValidAlertResponse

The ValidAlertResponse is the association class that specifies the list of actions that a particular ReceiverKind (e.g., "role") can take in response to an Alert of an AlertTemplate type. It also specifies the priority for being chosen as the actionee of that ReceiverKind among all ReceiverKinds associated with that AlertTemplate.

The set of alternative action strings can be used by the system to provide a constraind set of "command-response" options to the client. For example, ValidAlertResponses for an "Engagement Request Alert" might include "WILCO", "CANTCO", etc.

### 6.2.11.1 Attribute

Name	Туре	Summary
AlternativeActio n	public StringSet	The 'names' of alternative actions available to the relevant actor.
ActioneePriority	public int	The priority of the ReceiverKind as actionee for a specifc alert as described by its template. The highest priority actionee for an action alert should be chosen as the current actionee for the alert. This will then flow into the ReceiverIsActionee field of the AlertReport.

### 6.2.12 Category

The categories of alerts in terms of the expectation placed on the operator receiving the alert; i.e., generically, why has the alert been received and what type of implicit or explicit response is expected.

## 6.2.12.1 Attribute

Name	Summary
Action	An explicit input to the system is expected as a result of receiving the alert. The alert persists until it is

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	cancelled due to the condition to which it relates no longer being present (due either to explicit operator action relating to the alert or action external to the ALMAS system).
Warning	The receiver may decide to take an explicit action in mitigation to the condition to which the warning relates. The alert does not persist according to the underlying condition that the alert warns about.
Information	The receiver is expected to take account of this information in subsequent decisions. The alert does not persist according to the underlying condition that the alert informs about.
Situation	The receiver is expected to take account of the new state of the situation in subsequent decisions. The alert persists until it is cancelled due to the condition to which it relates no longer being present (due either to explicit operator action relating to the alert or action external to the ALMAS system).

## 6.2.13 State

The states between which an alert transitions in its lifetime.

## 6.2.13.1 Attribute

Name	Summary
Raised	The alert has been created by the alert producer.
Routed	The alert has been routed to the receivers, but reception has not been confirmed by sufficient receivers to enter the received state.
Received	The alert has been received by sufficient receivers.
Acknowledged	All necessary acknowledgements have been made.
Handled	The alert ends its lifetime through being handled.
Cancelled	The alert ends its lifetime through being cancelled by the producer.
TimedOut	The alert ends its lifetime through being timed-out.

## 6.2.14 Status

The status of the entities with regards to the mode of use of ALMAS in comparison to the mode of use of receivers and producers.

#### 6.2.14.1 Attribute

Name	Summary
Actual	Actionable by all targeted recipients.
Exercise	Actionable only by designated exercise participants.
System	For entities that support alert network internal functions.
Test	Technical testing only, all recipients disregard

## 6.2.15 Scope

This class models the scope of the alert's dissemination.

#### 6.2.15.1 Attribute

Name	Summary
PublicScope	unrestricted dissemination
RestrictedScop e	dissemination restricted to known functions
PrivateScope	dissemination restricted to specified addresses

## 6.2.16 TimeoutAction

This class models the possible behaviors when an alert is timed-out.

#### 6.2.16.1 Attribute

Name	Summary
CancelOnly	The alert is just cancelled (the alert instance's lifetime ends).
NotifyOnly	The alert manager is notified.
CancelWithNotif y	The alert is cancelled (the alert instance's lifetime ends) and the alert manager is notified.

## 6.2.17 AckModel

This class models the conditions upon which an alert state can transition to 'acknowledged'.

### 6.2.17.1 Attribute

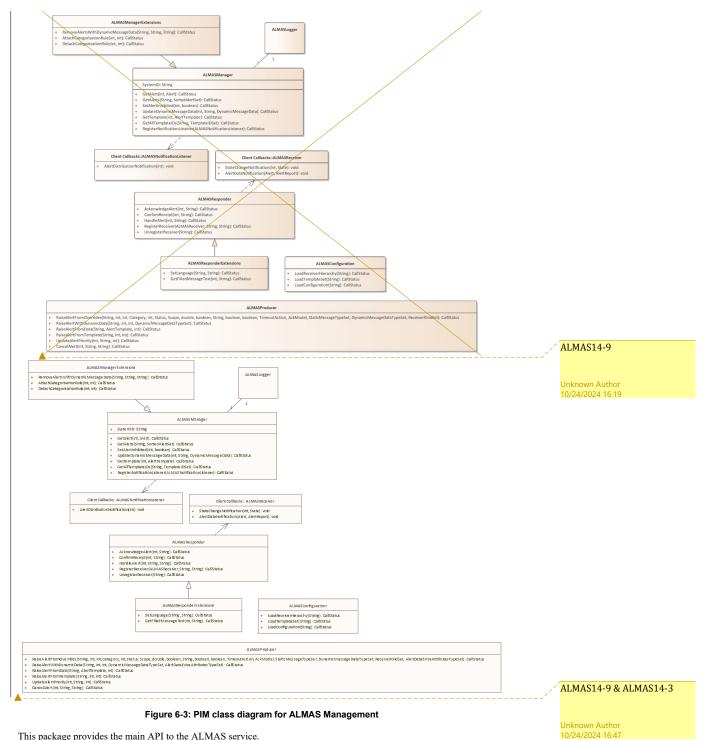
Name	Summary
AckByNone	No acknowledgement is required.
AckByAnyone	Any single acknowledgement is sufficient.
AckByAll	The alert must be acknowledged by all recipients.

## 6.3 ALMAS Management

This section describes the classes responsible for raising, routing, maintaining the state of, and destroying alerts through their lifecycle. ALMAS uses a collection of specialized component interfaces for maintaining state, data, and lifecycle of Alerts. In general, systems that utilize ALMAS will interact during runtime primarily through the ALMAS Producer, Responder, and Notification Listener classes. The ALMAS Manager interface is utilized more at system startup.

Deleting alert instances is under the control of ALMAS itself as part of its lifecycle management, and not at the request of its users. In more detail:

- Any alert is removed when cancelled. Note that Situation alerts are only removed when cancelled.
- Information and Warning alerts are removed when the required number of acknowledgements (as identified in the AlertData AcknowledgementModel attribute) are given or (if a timeout is defined) when the timeout is expired.
- Action alerts are removed when HandleAlert is called by the Receiver identified as the Actionee in its AlertReport.



This package provides the main API to the ALMAS service.

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## 6.3.1 ALMASConfiguration

Provides an API by which systems can configure ALMAS to behave in a more tailored manner in order to satisfy very specific requirements. There are three categories of configuration file that can be used by ALMAS: the receiver hierarchy, templates, and configuration information. The string filename is expected to resolve to either a local file accessible to ALMAS, or a URL accessible to ALMAS. The returned CallStatus object from each of the methods provides an indication of success/failure and any additional relevant rationale describing that status. The effect of invoking the ALMASConfiguration interface does not persist beyond the lifetime of the application. Clients must invoke the operations on the interface for each execution lifetime of the Manage application.

#### 6.3.1.1 Operation

Name	Туре	Summary
LoadReceiverHierarchy(String)	public CallStatus[Parameters]Filename: String	Loads the receiver hierarchy as provided by the client via xml conforming to the relevant xml schema document. The specification of the ReceiverHierarchy file format can be found in section 7.3. If invoked multiple times for an application lifetime, the semantics are additive but disjoint; it is an error to define a receiver in a hierarchy file that has already been defined.
LoadTemplateSet(String)	public CallStatus[Parameters]Filename: String	Loads a template set into the ALMAS database. Multiple calls to this method result in the union of the new templates with the existing templates in ALMAS. It is an error to refer to ReceiverKind instances in the template file that have not been previously defined in a loaded hierarchy file. It is also an error to duplicate an existing template id or to mismatch tags between static messages and dynamic data. These are permitted implementation-specific error conditions: to use an unsupported data type for dynamic message data, to use an out of range value for type of byte data, to omit a static message for a particular language or to exceed capacity limits. The specification of the template file format can be found in section 7.1.
LoadConfiguration(String)	public CallStatus[Parameters]Filename: String	Loads the ALMAS configuration file as provided by the client. The specification of the configuration file format can be found in section 7.2.

#### 6.3.2 ALMASLogger

The ALMASLogger interface provides a Llogging mechanism to record historical Alert information created by the system. This version of the ALMAS Standard does not specify a specific interface to/from the ALMAS logger, howeverconformant ALMAS implementations must include logging of alerts raised, delivered, received, handled, and cleared. All API methods are logged by conformant implementations; the mechanism to do so is defined by each of the PSM sections later in this document.

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### 6.3.3 ALMASManager

The ALMASManager interface provides the minimal set of APIs necessary to track ALMAS activity. Additionally, the ALMASManager provides the interface in ALMAS for retrieving Alerts and AlertTemplates and registering for the notification of delivery of Alerts. Note that the registration of receivers is done via the ALMAS Responder class.

Note: The methods found in the ALMASProducer interface allow the system to update the status or attributes of an alert during runtime. The ALMAS Manager resolves dynamic message data and each recipient's language selection that each Alert instance contains exactly one static message and no dynamic message data. A component implementing the ALMASManager, ALMASProducer and ALMASResponder interfaces is able to flexibly coordinate the distribution of alerts and responses between producers and responders.

#### 6.3.3.1 Attribute

Name	Туре	Summary
SystemID	private String	Provides a field for specifying the current instance of ALMAS. Corresponds to CAP sender

#### 6.3.3.2 Operation

Name	Туре	Summary
GetAlert(int, Alert)	public CallStatus[Parameters]AlertID: int,out Alert: Alert	Retrieves data for a specific raised alert from ALMAS given the passed AlertID.
		Assumes the requestor knows the AlertID to retrieve. This operation retrieves the current data for an alert that is already known to the client.
GetAlerts(String, SortedAlertSet)	public CallStatus[Parameters]Filter: String,out AlertSet: SortedAlertSet	Retrieves a set of all alert instances within ALMAS that satisfy the filter. The filter string provided will be compared with the value in the AlertData SecondaryGrouping field. All matches will be returned in the Set.
SetAlertInhibited(int, boolean)	public CallStatus[Parameters]TemplateID: int,Inhibition: boolean	Sets the inhibition status of a specific alert template to suppress or allow the raising of all

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		alerts of that template. Whilst set to inhibited, the ALMAS Manager fails attempts to raise an alert using that template.
UpdateDynamicMessageData(int, String, DynamicMessageData)	public CallStatus[Parameters]AlertID: int,ObjectValue: String,OldData: DynamicMessageData	Indicates a change to the value of a related object for the provided alert ID. OldData is necessary in order to clearly indicate which dynamic message data should be changed.
GetTemplate(int, AlertTemplate)	public CallStatus[Parameters]TemplateID: int,out Template: AlertTemplate	Retrieves an existing alert template from ALMAS by providing the template ID.
GetAllTemplateIDs(String, TemplateIDSet)	public CallStatus[Parameters]Filter: String,out TemplateIDs: TemplateIDSet	Retrieves all Alert Template IDs, or if the Filter string is non-null, it returns those which satisfy the Filter. The filter string provided will be compared with the value in the AlertData SecondaryGrouping field. All matches will be returned in the Set.
RegisterNotificationListener(ALMASNotificationListener)	public CallStatus[Parameters]Handle: ALMASNotificationListener	Registers a new Notification Listener for receipt of the alert distribution notifications.

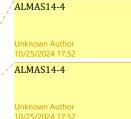
## 6.3.4 ALMASManagerExtensions

This class contains optional extensions to the alert manager functionality. These extensions may or may not be implemented in simple ALMAS implementations.

## 6.3.4.1 Operation

Name	Туре	Summary
RemoveAlertsWithDynamicMessageData(String,	public	Indicates to ALMAS that
	CallStatus[Parameters]CancellerID:	a specific object has been

String)	String,DataType: String,DataValue: String	removed from the system, and therefore all associated alerts are no longer valid. These will then be deleted from ALMAS.		ALMAS
AttachCategorisationRule(int, int)	public CallStatus[Parameters]TemplateID: int,RuleID: int	Associates an event categorisation rule with an AlertTemplate		Unknow 10/25/2
DetachCategorisationRule(int, int)	public CallStatus[Parameters]TemplateID: int,RuleID: int	Disassociates an event categorisation rule from an AlertTemplate	<i>/**</i> *	Unknow



### 6.3.5 ALMAS Producer

Provides the API by which system components producing alerts can create and update alerts that are generated. A CallStatus object will be returned to indicate whether the request has been accepted by ALMAS. If a system wished to track the lifecycle of the alert, they must implement the NotificationListener functionality to receive updates.

Four mechanisms by which alerts can be raised are provided by the ALMASProducer interface class. Three variants RaiseAlertFromTemplate, RaiseAlertWithDynamicData and RaiseAlertFromOverrides allow the system to raise an alert by simply specifying the alert ID, template ID and their own ProducerID; with dynamic data allows the specification of the intentionally variable data to supplement the template alert definition; from overrides also allows the over-ride of any placeholders that may be present in the 'Message' attribute of the alert data class associated with that template.

The raiser may also optionally override any of the following parameters: Message, MessageLanguage, Category, Status, Scope, Timeout, ConfirmationRequired, AlertReceiverSet, Priority, TimeoutAction and AcknowledgementModel.

The RaiseAlertFromData method allows the raiser to specify a completely new alert with no basis on any existing templates. Systems using ALMAS may not wish to support alert templates depending on their size, complexity, and level of alert usage, in which case that system can always use RaiseAlertFromData without need to instantiate any templates at any point during operation.

The status or attributes of an alert can be updated during runtime by calling the UpdateAlert method found in the ALMASProducer interface. The ALMASProducer then works with the ALMAS system to ensure state and data is properly maintained in the system.

#### 6.3.5.1 Operation

Name	Туре	Summary
RaiseAlertFromOverrides(String, int, int, Category, int, Status, Scope, double boolean, String, boolean, boolean, TimeoutAction, AckModel,	public CallStatus[Parameters]ProducerID: , String,TemplateID: int,out AlertID: int,Category: Category,Priority: int,Status: Status,Scope: Scope,Timeout: double,ConfirmationRequired:	This will cause an alert based on a known alert template to be created and
StaticMessageTypeSet, DynamicMessageDataTypeSet, ReceiverKindTypeSet.	boolean,SecondaryGrouping: String, Persistent: boolean, ReliablyDistributed: boolean, TimeoutAction:	raised. ProducerID, TemplateID and the
<u>AlertDataExtraAttributesTypeSet</u>	TimeoutAction,AcknowledgementModel: AckModel, StaticMessages: StaticMessageTypeSet, DynamicMessages:	out parameter AlertID are mandatory, all other parameters are
	DynamicMessageDataTypeSet,AlertReceivers: ReceiverKindTypeSet, <u>ExtraAttributes:</u>	optional. Return parameter indicates success or

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	AlertDataExtraAttributesTypeSet	failure reason.	/ Unknown Author
		The operation fails if the template is inhibited, or the hierarchy does not define the receiver kinds or static and	10/28/2024 15:09 ALMAS14-9 Unknown Author 10/24/2024 16:23
		dynamic tags are mismatched. The following are permitted implementation- specific failure cases: unsupported data type	ALMAS14-9
		for dynamic message data, omitted language in static messages, capacity exceeded.	Unknown Author 10/24/2024 15:40 ALMAS14-23
RaiseAlertWithDynamicData(String, int, int, DynamicMessageDataTypeSet_ <u>AlertDataExtraAttributesTypeSet</u> )	public CallStatus[Parameters]ProducerID: String,TemplateID: int,out AlertID: int, DynamicMessages: DynamicMessageDataTypeSet, <u>ExtraAttributes:</u>	This will cause an alert based on a known alert templateto be created	Unknown Author 10/28/2024 15:09
	AlertDataExtraAttributesTypeSet	and raised, whilst only specifying the dynamic data content that differs from the template definition.	Unknown Author 10/24/2024 16:23
		All parameters are mandatory. Return parameter indicates success or failure reason. The operation fails if the template is inhibited.	
RaiseAlertFromData(String, AlertTemplate, int)	public CallStatus[Parameters]ProducerID: String,AlertInfo: AlertTemplate,out AlertID: int	Raise an alert not present in the ALMAS template database. A temporary AlertTemaplate is created (whose TemplateID is ignored), to facilitate the creation. Return parameter indicates success or failure reason. The operation fails if the hierarchy does not define the receiver kinds or static and dynamic tags are mismatched. The following are permitted implementation- specific failure cases: unsupported data type	

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		for dynamic message data, value for type of byte data out of range, omitted language in static messages, capacity exceeded.
RaiseAlertFromTemplate(String, int, int)	public CallStatus[Parameters]ProducerID: String,TemplateID: int,out AlertID: int	Raise an alert without any of the optional parameters for optimal use in the normal case. The operation fails if the template is inhibited.
UpdateAlertPriority(int, String, int)	public CallStatus[Parameters]AlertID: int,ProducerID: String,Priority: int	Updated the priority of existing alert instances that have previously been raised.
CancelAlert(int, String, String)	public CallStatus[Parameters]AlertID: int,CancellerID: String,CancellationReason: String	Cancel a specific alert within ALMAS Return parameter indicates success or failure reason.

## 6.3.6 ALMASResponder

Provides the API for systems to respond to and provide feedback to ALMAS about alerts received. Embedded in this class are the methods to register and un-register your system-specific receiver.

The system notifies ALMAS through this interface of significant events that have occurred to change the state of an alert.

#### 6.3.6.1 Operation

Name	Туре	Summary
AcknowledgeAlert(int, String)	public CallStatus[Parameters]AlertID: int,ReceiverID: String	Indication from an alert receiver that they have acknowledged receipt of the alert and no longer require distribution of its information.
ConfirmReceipt(int, String)	public CallStatus[Parameters]AlertID: int,ReceiverID: String	Confirmation by an alert receiver that they have successfully received the alert to ensure reliable distribution. The ReceiverID field enables action & situation alerts to transition when sufficient confirmations have been received. 'Sufficient' is the 'actionee' for action alerts, and anyone for situation alerts. It can also be used for logging purposes.
HandleAlert(int, String, String)	public CallStatus[Parameters]AlertID:	Indication from an Alert Receiver
	int,ReceiverID: String, AlternativeAction:	that they have performed the

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	String	appropriate action required by an	ALMAS14-3
		Action alert and that the alert can	
		therefore be removed from	
		ALMAS as no longer applicable.	Unknown Author
		An Alternative Action has been	10/24/2024 16:54
		performed if that parameter is non-	
		null,	ALMAS14-3
			/
RegisterReceiver(ALMASReceiver,	public	This registers a receiver with	
String, String)	CallStatus[Parameters]ReceiverHandler:	ALMAS, the parameters are	Unknown Author
	ALMASReceiver, ReceiverID:	ReceiverHandle (for callback);	10/24/2024 16:54
	String, RKType: String	ReceiverID (for use in all other	
	8, 71 8	methods, including	
		UnregisterReceiver) and RKType	
		to provide link to RK hierarchy. It	
		is an error to refer to an RKType	
		that has not been previously	
		defined in a loaded hierarchy file.	
		actined in a readou morarony me.	
UnregisterReceiver(String)	public CallStatus[Parameters]ReceiverID:	Removes a registered receiver from	
	String	ALMAS, indicating that they are	
	Sting	no longer available for receipt of	
		alert data.	
		arer - cartter	
		1	1

## 6.3.7 ALMASResponderExtensions

Optional extensions to the alert responder functionality.

#### 6.3.7.1 Operation

Name	Туре	Summary
SetLanguage(String, String)	public CallStatus[Parameters]ReceiverID: String,Language: String	Sets the language that this specific receiver should see their message text displayed in where appropriate. This method fails (Requested Service Unavailable) if there is no support for the language.
GetFilledMessageText(int, String)	public CallStatus[Parameters]AlertID: int,out MessageText: String	Returns the message text post related info substitutions. This is an optional helper function as the client could derive this itself.

## 6.4 Alert Categorisation

The Alert Categorisation PIM allows the expression of Event-Condition-Action rules which can guide automatic triggering of alerts. This represents an optional part of the specification, as it is also possible to trigger alerts through the ALMAS API. The Categorisation PIM allows for the implementation of monitoring components (agents) which can trigger alerts based on different events taking place in the system, such as time events or changes in the internal state of the system.

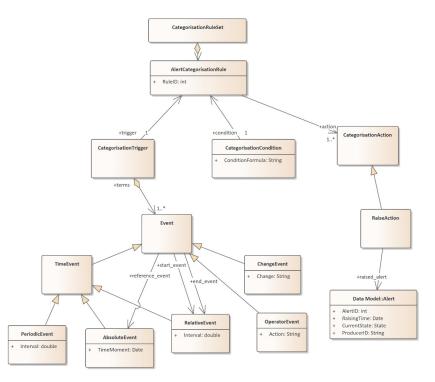


Figure 6-4: Alert Categorisation Platform Independent Model

## 6.4.1 AbsoluteEvent

Represents an event taking place once at a specific time moment.

## 6.4.1.1 Attribute

Name	Туре	Summary
TimeMoment	public Date	The time of the trigger event

## 6.4.2 AlertCategorisationRule

Alert Categorisation Rule represents an Event-Condition-Action rule guiding the categorisation. On Event being triggered, a Condition is evaluated. If it evaluates to true, the corresponding Categorisation Action is executed.

#### 6.4.2.1 Attribute

Name	Туре	Summary
RuleID	public int	The rule identifier

## 6.4.3 CategorisationAction

Categorisation Action represents the action to be executed when an event has occurred, and the conditions required have been fulfilled.

## 6.4.4 CategorisationCondition

The Categorisation Condition represents the condition part of the Event, Condition Action rule.

## 6.4.4.1 Attribute

Name	Туре	Summary
ConditionFormula	public String	The condition formula

## 6.4.5 CategorisationRuleSet

This is the set of Event, Condition Action rules which apply to this ALMAS system.

## 6.4.6 CategorisationTrigger

The Categorisation Trigger represents the Event which is able to be observed by ALMAS that can trigger categorisation.

## 6.4.7 ChangeEvent

One type of event such as enter/leave area, change of generic data value, etc.

## 6.4.7.1 Attribute

Name	Туре	Summary
Chang e	public String	The change which is required

#### 6.4.8 Event

General class of Event, used within the Categorisation Trigger.

## 6.4.9 OperatorEvent

Operator initiated events, for example operator changing a role.

#### 6.4.9.1 Attribute

Name	Туре	Summary
Actio n	public String	The operator action required

## 6.4.10 PeriodicEvent

Represents a relative event, i.e., an event taking place at a specific (time) interval after another event.

#### 6.4.10.1 Attribute

Name	Туре	Summary
Interva 1	public double	The condition formula

### 6.4.11 RaiseAction

A kind of Categorisation Action which raises an alert. Other categorisation actions could be added.

## 6.4.12 RelativeEvent

Represents a periodic event taking place between start\_event and end\_event at a specific periodicity (interval).

#### 6.4.12.1 Attribute

Name	Туре	Summary
Interva 1	public double	Time interval after the reference_interval event at which the RelativeEvent is to take place.

## 6.4.13 Time Event

A timeout event, which can be absolute, relative, or periodic.

# 6.5 Dynamic behaviour

## 6.5.1 Action Situation Alert State Model

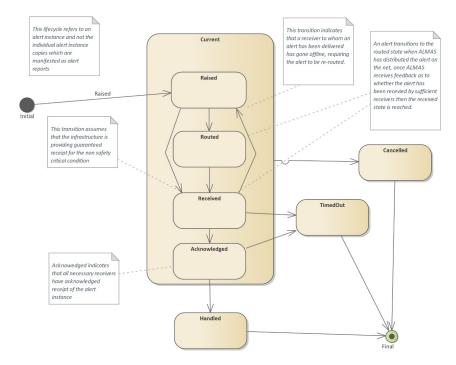
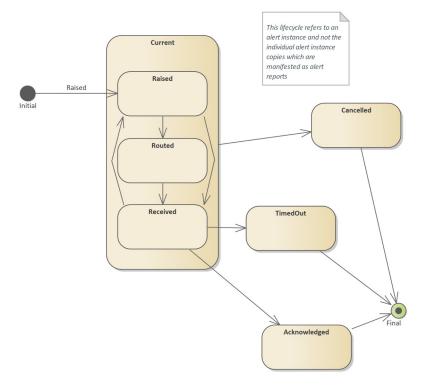
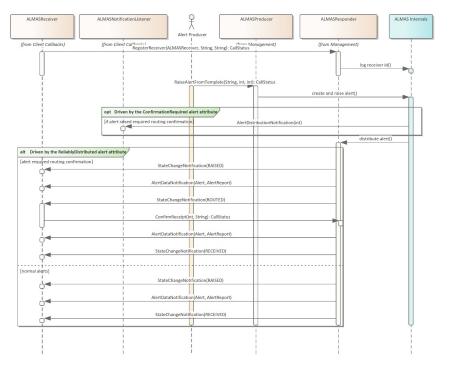


Figure 6-5: Action/Situation Alert Lifecycle



## 6.5.2 Information Warning Alert State Model

Figure 6-6: Information/Warning Alert Instance Lifecycle



## 6.5.3 Alert Registration and Creation

### Figure 6-7: Alert Registration and Creation Sequence Diagram

The above sequence diagram shows the interaction with the ALMAS service from several user perspectives.

First it indicates the receiver registration interactions (shown as threads 1 and 2 in the figure).

Second it shows the alert raising interactions from an alert producer, with an illustration of the additional callback made if the alert requires routing confirmation (thread 3 up to 3.1.1).

Interactions 3.1.2 through 3.1.6 are indications of the internal activities but are not requirements upon the internals (hence shown under the fictional class ALMAS System Internals).

Finally, interactions 3.1.6.1-4 and 3.1.6.5-7 are two possible interaction from ALMAS back to the alert receiver, depending upon the ReliablyDistributed attribute of the alert. In the case of this attribute being TRUE then 3.1.6.1-4 are executed, otherwise 3.1.6.5-7 are executed.

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# 7 XML Platform Specific Model

## 7.1 The Template Alert Data specification file

The Template Alert Data specification file is an xml schema document which specifies the ontology of the alert template data to be loaded into an ALMAS by the LoadTemplateSet method. Use of this is therefore effectively optional but any

client that wishes to make use of templates may do so by supplying corresponding valid xml for loading into the system. There are no API methods in this PSM and therefore there is no logging mechanism associated with this PSM	ALM.
- < <u>?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?&gt;</u>	
Alert Data Template schema	Unkno
<xs:schema.xmlns:xs="http: 2001="" <="" elementformdefault="qualified" td="" www.w3.org="" xmlschema"=""><td>10/25,</td></xs:schema.xmlns:xs="http:>	10/25,
attributeFormDefault="ungualified" version="1.0a" id="Alert_Template_Data">	
<xs:selector xpath="./Alert_Template"></xs:selector>	
- <xs:complextype name="Alerts_Templates_T"></xs:complextype>	
<xs:element <="" minoccurs="0" name="Alert_Template" p="" type="Alerts_Template_T"></xs:element>	
maxOccurs="unbounded">	
<pre><xs:annotation></xs:annotation></pre>	
<xs:documentation>The template of an alert.</xs:documentation>	
- <xs:complextype name="Alerts_Template_T"></xs:complextype>	
<xs:sequence></xs:sequence>	
<pre><xs:element name="Template_ld"></xs:element></pre>	
<a><xs:simpletype></xs:simpletype></a>	
<pre><xs:annotation></xs:annotation></pre>	
<pre></pre> /xs:annotation>	
<pre><xs:restriction base="xs:integer"> </xs:restriction></pre>	
<pre></pre>	
<pre> </pre>	
<pre></pre>	
<pre></pre>	
<pre><xs:enumeration value="Situation"></xs:enumeration></pre>	
<pre><xs:enumeration value="Information"></xs:enumeration></pre>	
<pre></pre>	
<pre> </pre>	
<pre><xs:element name="Alert_Default_Priority"></xs:element></pre>	
<pre></pre>	
<pre></pre>	
<pre></pre>	

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< <u>xs:re</u>	striction base="xs:string"> enumeration value="Actual"/>
	enumeration value= Actual />
	enumeration value="System"/>
	enumeration value="Test"/>
<td>etriction&gt;</td>	etriction>
<td>surcion~ nlaTvna&gt;</td>	surcion~ nlaTvna>
<td>pro rypo-</td>	pro rypo-
	nt name="Scope">
<xs:sim< td=""><td></td></xs:sim<>	
< <u>xs:an</u>	notation>
<	documentation>OASIS CAP Derived Scope
<td>notation&gt;</td>	notation>
<xs:re< td=""><td>striction base="xs:string"&gt;</td></xs:re<>	striction base="xs:string">
<xs:< td=""><td>enumeration value="PublicScope"/&gt;</td></xs:<>	enumeration value="PublicScope"/>
<xs:< td=""><td>enumeration value="RestrictedScope"/&gt;</td></xs:<>	enumeration value="RestrictedScope"/>
< 15.	numeration value="PrivateScope"/>
<td>striction&gt;</td>	striction>
<td>eqvTela</td>	eqvTela
<td>int&gt;</td>	int>
	nt name="Timeout">
<xs:sim< td=""><td>pleType&gt;</td></xs:sim<>	pleType>
<xs:an< td=""><td>notation&gt;</td></xs:an<>	notation>
	documentation>Time until alert timeout in seconds, where 0 indicates no timeout
required <td>cumentation&gt;</td>	cumentation>
<xs:re< td=""><td>striction base="xs:integer"&gt;</td></xs:re<>	striction base="xs:integer">
< <u>xs</u> :	ninInclusive value="0"/>
< <u>xs</u> :	naxInclusive value="3600"/>
<td>striction&gt;</td>	striction>
<td><del>pleType&gt;</del></td>	<del>pleType&gt;</del>
<td></td>	
<xs:eleme< td=""><td>nt name="ConfirmationRequired" type="xs:boolean"/&gt;</td></xs:eleme<>	nt name="ConfirmationRequired" type="xs:boolean"/>
	nt name="Secondary_Grouping" minOccurs="0">
< <u>xs:sim</u>	
<xs:an< td=""><td>notation&gt;</td></xs:an<>	notation>
<xs:< td=""><td>locumentation&gt;Secondary grouping for filtering aid</td></xs:<>	locumentation>Secondary grouping for filtering aid
<td>inotation&gt;</td>	inotation>
<xs:re< td=""><td>striction base="xs:string"/&gt;</td></xs:re<>	striction base="xs:string"/>
<td></td>	
<td></td>	
<xs:eleme< td=""><td>nt name="Persistent" type="xs:boolean"/&gt;</td></xs:eleme<>	nt name="Persistent" type="xs:boolean"/>
	nt name="ReliablyDistributed" type="xs:boolean"/>
	nt name="TimeoutAction">
<xs:sim< td=""><td><del>Ne type&gt;</del></td></xs:sim<>	<del>Ne type&gt;</del>
< <u>xs</u> :an	notation>
<xs: <td>documentation&gt;The action to be performed upon alert timeout</td></xs: 	documentation>The action to be performed upon alert timeout
	striction base="xs:string">
	enumeration value="CancelOnly"/> enumeration value="NotifyOnly"/>
<xs:< td=""><td>enumeration value=_NotifyOniy_/&gt;</td></xs:<>	enumeration value=_NotifyOniy_/>
<td>striction&gt;</td>	striction>
<td></td>	
<td>pierype-</td>	pierype-
	nt- nt name="AcknowledgementModel">
<pre><xs:cicilite <="" pre=""></xs:cicilite></pre>	
< <u>xs</u> :sim	
	documentation>Required acknowledgement profile before progressing the alert to-
	Social action and a considered and a considered provide a progressing the alert to a considered action of the alert to a considere
<pre>/xs:al</pre>	
< <u></u>	striction base="xs:string">
	saleaen saee - Aeleanig -

<xs:enumeration value="AckByNone"/> <xs:enumeration value="AckByAnyone"/> <xs:enumeration value="AckByAll"/> </xs:restriction> </xs:simpleType> </xs:element> <xs:element name="Inhibited" type="xs:boolean" minOccurs="0"/> <xs:element name="Raise\_To\_All" type="xs:boolean"/>
<xs:element name="Static\_Message" type="Static\_Message\_T" maxOccurs="unbounded"/> <xs:element name="Alert\_Data\_Extra\_Attributes" type="Alert\_Data\_Extra\_Attributes\_T"</pre> minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/> <xs:element name="Dynamic\_Message\_Data" type="Dynamic\_Message\_Data\_T" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/> <xs:element name="Alert\_Routing" type="Alert\_Routing\_T" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/> </xs:sequence> </xs:complexType> -<xs:complexType name="Static\_Message\_T"> <xs:sequence> <xs:element name="MessageText"> <xs:simpleType> <xs:annotation> <xs:documentation>The Alert Template Text</xs:documentation> </xs:annotation> <xs:restriction base="xs:string"> <xs:minLength value="1"/> </xs:restriction> </xs:simpleType> </xs:element> <xs:element name="MessageLanguage"> <xs:simpleType> <xs:annotation> <xs:documentation>The alert locale</xs:documentation> </xs:annotation> <xs:restriction base="xs:string"> <xs:minLength value="1"/> </xs:restriction> </xs:simpleType> </xs:element> </xs:sequence> \_</xs:complexType> -<xs:complexType name="Alert\_Data\_Extra\_Attributes\_T"> <xs:sequence> <xs:element name="Name"> <xs:simpleType> <xs:annotation> <xs:documentation>The Attribute Name</xs:documentation> </xs:annotation> <xs:restriction base="xs:string"> <xs:minLength value="1"/> </xs:restriction> </xs:simpleType> </xs:element> <xs:element name="TypeOfByteData"> <xs:simpleType> <xs:annotation> <xs:documentation>Flag to indicate the type of data</xs:documentation> </xs:annotation> -xs:restriction base="xs:integer"> <xs:minInclusive value="0"/> </xs:restriction> </xs:simpleType>

</xs:element> <xs:element name="Description"> <xs:simpleType> <xs:annotation> <xs:documentation>Description of contents e.g. image(jpg), URL, Track report etc</xs:documentation> </xs:annotation> <xs:restriction base="xs:string"> <xs:minLength value="1"/> </xs:restriction> </xs:simpleType> <xs:element> </xs:sequence> <xs:sequence> <xs:element name="Variable\_Type"> <xs:simpleType> <xs:annotation> <xs:documentation>Type of variable data</xs:documentation> </xs:annotation> <xs:restriction base="xs:string"> <xs:minLength value="1"/> </xs:restriction> </xs:simpleType> </xs:element> <xs:element name="Tag"> <xs:annotation> <xs:documentation>The position of the data item within message</xs:documentation> </xs:annotation> <xs:simpleType> <xs:restriction base="xs:string"> <xs:minLength value="1"/> <xs:maxLength value="20"/> </xs:restriction> </xs:simpleType> </xs:element> </xs:sequence> \_</xs:complexType> -<xs:complexType name="Alert\_Routing\_T"> <xs:sequence> <xs:element name="Receiver\_Kind"> <xs:annotation> <xs:documentation>A receiver kind</xs:documentation> </xs:annotation> <xs:simpleType> <xs:restriction base="xs:string"> <xs:minLength value="1"/> </xs:restriction> </xs:simpleType> </xs:element> <xs:element name="AlternativeAction" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"> <xs:annotation> <xs:documentation>A non-standard alert response</xs:documentation> </xs:annotation> <xs:simpleType> <xs:restriction base="xs:string"> <xs:minLength value="1"/> </xs:restriction> </xs:simpleType> </xs:element> <xs:element name="Actionee\_Priority"> <xs:annotation> -<xs:documentation>The priority of the actionee to deal with this alert</xs:documentation> </xs:annotation>

<pre><xs:simpletype></xs:simpletype></pre>
<xs:mininclusive value="1"></xs:mininclusive>
<xs:maxinclusive value="10"></xs:maxinclusive>
<pre></pre>

## 7.2 The ALMAS configuration file

The ALMAS configuration file is an xml schema document specifying some client specific attributes to allow an ALMAS to be more flexible to a client's specific needs from their ALMAS implementation. This should allow for greater interoperability and usability. It is loaded by use of the LoadConfiguration method.

#### <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?> <!-- ALMAS Configuration --> <xs:schema xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema" elementFormDefault="qualified" attributeFormDefault="unqualified" version="1.0a" id="ALMAS\_Configuration\_Data"> —<xs:element name="ALMAS\_Config\_Root" type="Alerts\_Config\_T"> <xs:annotation> <xs:documentation>Root element containing ALMAS Configuration Data.</xs:documentation> </xs:annotation> </xs:element> <xs:complexType name="Alerts\_Config\_T"> <xs:sequence> <xs:element name="Max\_No\_Alerts"> <xs:annotation> <xs:documentation>Maximum number of alerts in the system</xs:documentation> </xs:annotation> <xs:simpleType> <xs:restriction base="xs:integer"> <xs:minInclusive value="0"/> </xs:restriction> </xs:simpleType> </xs:element> <xs:element name="Max\_No\_Alerts\_For\_Receiver"> <xs:annotation> -<xs:documentation>Maximum number of alerts for each receiver</xs:documentation> </xs:annotation> <xs:simpleType> <xs:restriction base="xs:integer"> </xs:restriction> </xs:simpleType> </xs:element> </xs:sequence> </xs:complexType> </xs:schema>

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## 7.3 The Receiver Hierarchy configuration file

The receiver hierarchy configuration file specifies the structure of the relationships between alert receivers to allow for resilience processing in the event of receiver non-availability. If an alert requires routing to a specific receiver who is not available, then the receiver Hierarchy file specifies a parent receiver in place of the higher-priority receiver originally specified.

Search progresses iteratively up the hierarchy until an available receiver is found in place of the original one.

The receiver hierarchy is loaded via the LoadReceiverHierarchy method.

xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?
Receiver Hierarchy schema
<xs:schema <="" elementformdefault="qualified" p="" xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"></xs:schema>
attributeFormDefault="unqualified" version="1.3" id="Receiver Hierarchy Data">
— <xs:annotation></xs:annotation>
—— <xs:documentation>Root element containing Hierarchy Data.</xs:documentation>
-
<pre></pre>
————————————————————————————————————
exist
<xs:field_xpath="."></xs:field_xpath=".">
-/     -
<xs:simpletype></xs:simpletype>
<pre></pre>
—— <xs:element <="" name="Priority_Receiver_Kind" p="" type="Receiver_Kind_T"></xs:element>
maxOccurs="unbounded">
enclosing parent receiver if no receiver of this type is available.
<pre></pre> /xs:annotation>

## 7.4 The ALMAS categorisation rule file

The categorization rule file is an xml schema document which specifies the categorization rules which can be attached to (or detached from) alerts by means of AttachCategorisationRule method in ALMAS Manager. The configuration file is read by an ALMAS implementation at startup but attaching/detaching of rules to alerts can be done dynamically at runtime using those methods.

<?:xml-version="1.0" encoding="ISO-8859-1"?> <xs:schema-xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"> -<xs:element name="Categorisation\_Rule\_Set" type="Categorisation\_Rule\_Set"/> -<xs:complexType name="Categorisation\_Rule\_Set"> -<xs:complexType name="Categorisation\_Rule\_Set"> -<xs:complexType name="Categorisation\_Rule\_Set"> -<xs:complexType name="Categorisation\_Rule\_Set"> -<xs:complexType="Categorisation\_Rule\_Set"> -<xs:complexType="Categorisation\_Rule\_Set"> -<xs:complexType="Categorisation\_Rule\_Set"> -<xs:complexType>

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-xs:element name="Alert\_Categorisation\_Rule" type="Alert\_Categorisation\_Rule"/> --<xs:complexType name="Alert\_Categorisation\_Rule"> <xs:sequence> <xs:element name="ruleID" type="xs:int"/> <xs:element name="action" type="Categorisation\_Action" maxOccurs="unbounded"/> <xs:element name="condition" type="Categorisation\_Condition"/> <xs:element name="trigger" type="Categorisation\_Trigger"/> </xs:sequence> -</xs:complexType> --<xs:element name="Categorisation\_Trigger" type="Categorisation\_Trigger"/> -<xs:complexType name="Categorisation\_Trigger"> <xs:sequence> -xs:element name="terms" type="Event" maxOccurs="unbounded"/> </xs:sequence> -<xs:complexType name="RelativeEvent"> <xs:complexContent> <xs:extension base="TimeEvent"> <xs:sequence> <xs:element name="interval" type="xs:double"/> <xs:element name="reference\_event" type="Event"/> </xs:sequence> </xs:extension> </xs:complexContent> -<xs:element name="PeriodicEvent" type="PeriodicEvent"/> -- <xs:complexType name="PeriodicEvent"> <xs:complexContent> <xs:extension base="TimeEvent"> <xs:sequence> <xs:element name="interval" type="xs:double"/> <xs:element name="start\_event" type="Event"/> <xs:element name="end\_event" type="Event"/> </xs:sequence> </xs:extension> </xs:complexContent> \_\_</xs:complexType> -<xs:complexType name="AbsoluteEvent"> <xs:complexContent> <xs:extension base="TimeEvent"> <xs:sequence> <xs:element name="time\_moment" type="xs:date"/> </xs:sequence> </xs:extension> </xs:complexContent> \_</xs:complexType> -<xs:element name="Categorisation\_Action" type="Categorisation\_Action"/> -<xs:complexType name="Categorisation\_Action"> <xs:sequence/> -</xs:complexType> -<xs:element name="Categorisation\_Condition" type="Categorisation\_Condition"/> -- <xs:complexType name="Categorisation\_Condition"> <xs:sequence> <xs:element name="condition\_formula" type="xs:string"/> </xs:sequence> -</xs:complexType> <xs:element name="Raise\_Action" type="Raise\_Action"/> -<xs:complexType name="Raise\_Action"> <xs:complexContent> <ss:extension base="Categorisation\_Action"> <xs:sequence>

-	
<xs:element name="Alert" type="Alert"></xs:element>	
<xs:complextype name="Alert"></xs:complextype>	
- <xs:sequence></xs:sequence>	
<xs:element name="Event" type="Event"></xs:element>	
<xs:complextype name="Event"></xs:complextype>	
- <xs:sequence></xs:sequence>	
<xs:element name="TimeEvent" type="TimeEvent"></xs:element>	
<xs:complextype name="TimeEvent"></xs:complextype>	
<xs:complexcontent></xs:complexcontent>	
<pre><ss:extension base="Event"></ss:extension></pre>	
<xs:sequence></xs:sequence>	
<pre>/xs:extension&gt;</pre>	
<xs:element name="Operator Event" type="Operator Event"></xs:element>	
<xs:complextype name="Operator_Event"></xs:complextype>	
<pre></pre>	
<pre></pre> <a href="https://www.selecture.com"></a>	
<xs:element name="action" type="xs:string"></xs:element>	
<pre></pre>	
<xs:element name="Change_Event" type="Change_Event"></xs:element>	
<pre><s:complextype name="Change_Event"></s:complextype></pre>	
<pre><xs:element name="change" type="xs:string"></xs:element></pre>	
xs:schema>	ALMAS14-20

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# 8 OMG CORBA/IDL Platform Specific Model

## 8.1 Rationale

The objective of this PSM is to normalize the CORBA/IDL structures and interfaces. This PSM aims to support the entire PIM interface.

In order for this interface to be reasonably compatible with the DDS PSM, also provided, the data model part is separated from the functional interface model.

All attributes, methods and associations are mapped to IDL elements. As a general rule, therefore, classes with methods are mapped to CORBA/IDL interfaces, classes without methods are mapped to structs, attributes are mapped to CORBA/IDL attributes, associations, and compositions to read only attributes and methods to methods which deal with errors through CORBA exceptions. Typedef declarations are introduced for UML int attributes mapped to an IDL long, sequences for UML zero-to-many attributes or compositions and to map a PIM date to a CORBA TimeT.

The invocation of API methods is logged using the Open Telemetry (OTEL) standard by the implementation of the API

Subscribe methods and indication classes are also mapped within a client IDL file which has to be implemented by clients in order to receive indications (i.e., callbacks) from ALMAS.

	method,	ALMAS14-6
	ALMAS-Data Model IDL	Unknown Author
	// Copyright 2005-2008 THALES, BAE Systems, Raytheon	10/25/2024 16:00
	#include "timebase.idl" #ifndef ALMAS DataModel DEF	
	#InderALMAS_DataModel_DEF	
	#pragma prefix "omg.org"	
	module ALMAS_DataModel {	
	-typedef long ALMAS_AlertIDType;	
	-typedef-long-ALMAS_TemplateIDType;	
	-typedef-long-ALMAS_TimeoutType;	
	-typedef TimeBase::TimeT ALMAS_DateTimeType; // EVoT compatible_long-long	
	-typedef sequence <octet> ALMAS_ByteSequence;</octet>	
	-typedef sequence <string> ALMAS_StringSet;</string>	
	-enum ALMAS_CategoryType {	
	Action,	
	Warning, Information,	
	-Situation};	
	-enum ALMAS_StateType {	
	-Raised,- -Routed,	
	-Acknowledged,	
	-Handled,	
	Cancelled, TimedOut);-	
	-enum ALMAS_StatusType {	
	- Actual,	
	-Test};	
	- <del>enum ALMAS_ScopeType {</del>	
1	-RestrictedScope,	
	ALert Management Service (ALMAS), v1.3 39	
	ALert Management Service (ALMAS), v1.3 39	

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-PrivateScope}; -enum ALMAS\_TimeoutActionType { -CancelOnly, -NotifyOnly, -CancelWithNotify}; enum ALMAS\_AckModelType { -AckByNone, AckByAnyone, -AckByAll}; -struct ALMAS\_CallStatus { -boolean Success; -short Reason; -string Description; }; -struct ALMAS\_ValidAlertResponseType { -ALMAS\_StringSet AlternativeAction; --short ActioneePriority; }; struct ALMAS\_ReceiverKindType { -string RKType; -string RKParentType; -ALMAS\_ValidAlertResponseType ValidResponse; }; -typedef sequence<ALMAS\_ReceiverKindType> ALMAS\_ReceiverKindTypeSet; -struct ALMAS\_DynamicMessageDataType { -string DataType; -string DataTag; string DataValue; }; -typedef sequence<ALMAS\_DynamicMessageDataType> ALMAS\_DynamicMessageDataTypeSet; struct ALMAS\_StaticMessageType { \_string MessageText; -string MessageLanguage; }; -typedef sequence<ALMAS\_StaticMessageType> ALMAS\_StaticMessageTypeSet; -struct ALMAS\_AlertDataExtraAttributesType { -string Name; -short TypeOfByteData; -string Description; ALMAS\_ByteSequence Value; }; typedef sequence<ALMAS\_AlertDataExtraAttributesType> ALMAS\_AlertDataExtraAttributesTypeSet; -struct ALMAS\_AlertDataType { -ALMAS\_TemplateIDType TemplateID; -ALMAS\_CategoryType Category; -short Priority; -ALMAS\_StatusType Status; -ALMAS\_ScopeType Scope; ALMAS\_TimeoutType Timeout; -boolean ConfirmationRequired: -string SecondaryGrouping; -boolean Persistent; -boolean ReliablyDistributed; ALMAS\_TimeoutActionType TimeoutAction; -ALMAS\_AckModelType AcknowledgementModel; -ALMAS\_StaticMessageTypeSet StaticMessages; -ALMAS\_DynamicMessageDataTypeSet DynamicMessages; -ALMAS\_AlertDataExtraAttributesTypeSet ExtraAttributes; }; -struct ALMAS\_AlertTemplateType {

```
-boolean Inhibited;
-boolean RaiseToAll;
 ALMAS_AlertDataType AlertData;
—ALMAS_ReceiverKindTypeSet ReceiverKinds; };
struct ALMAS_AlertReportType {
-boolean Acknowledged;
-boolean Routed;
-boolean Actioned;
-boolean ReceiverIsActionee;
-ALMAS_StringSet AlternativeAction;
-string ReceiverID;
—ALMAS_AlertIDType AlertID; };
-struct ALMAS_AvailableAlertReceiverType {
-string ReceiverID;
 ALMAS_ReceiverKindType ReceiverKind; };
-typedef sequence<ALMAS_AvailableAlertReceiverType> ALMAS_AvailableAlertReceiverTypeSet;
struct ALMAS_Alert {
-ALMAS_AlertIDType AlertID;
-ALMAS_DateTimeType RaisingTime;
-ALMAS_StateType CurrentState;
-string ProducerID;
-ALMĂS_AlertDataType AlertData;
—ALMAS_AvailableAlertReceiverTypeSet Receivers; };
<del>};</del>
#endif
ALMAS Client IDL
// Copyright 2005-2008 THALES, BAE Systems, Raytheon
#include "ALMAS_DataModel.idl"
#ifndef __ALMAS_Client_DEF
#define __ALMAS_Client_DEF
#pragma prefix "omg.org"
```

module ALMAS Client {

-interface ALMAS\_Receiver {

-interface ALMAS\_NotificationListener {

```
#endif
```

#### **ALMAS Management IDL**

// Copyright 2005-2008 THALES, BAE Systems, Raytheon

#include "ALMAS\_Client.id!"
#include "ALMAS\_DataModel.id!"
#ifndef \_\_ALMAS\_Management\_DEF
#define \_\_ALMAS\_Management\_DEF
#pragma prefix "omg.org"

module ALMAS\_Management {

typedef sequence<ALMAS\_DataModel::ALMAS\_Alert> ALMAS\_AlertSet;

-typedef sequence<ALMAS\_DataModel::ALMAS\_TemplateIDType> ALMAS\_TemplateIDTypeSet;

-interface ALMAS\_Manager {

-attribute string ALMAS\_SystemID;

-// alert retrieval methods

—out ALMAS\_AlertSet AlertSet);

-// ALMAS-wide control methods

-ALMAS\_DataModel::ALMAS\_CallStatus UpdateDynamicMessageData (

- in ALMAS\_DataModel::ALMAS\_AlertIDType AlertID,

in string ObjectValue,

- in ALMAS\_DataModel::ALMAS\_DynamicMessageDataType OldValue);

-// Template management methods

-ALMAS\_DataModel::ALMAS\_CallStatus GetTemplate (

};

-interface ALMAS\_ManagerExtensions : ALMAS\_Manager {

-ALMAS\_DataModel::ALMAS\_CallStatus RemoveAlertsWithDynamicData (

-in string CancellerID,

-in string DataType,

—in string DataValue);

-AMAS\_DataModel::ALMAS\_CallStatus AttachCategorisationRule (

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ALMAS_	DataModel::ALMAS_CallStatus DetachCategorisationRule (
in ALM	AS_DataModel::ALMAS_TemplateIDType TemplateID,
in long	RuleID);
<del>};</del>	
interface	ALMAS_Producer {
ALMAS	DataModel::ALMAS CallStatus RaiseAlertFromOverrides (
in strin	g ProduceriD,
in ALM	AS DataModel::ALMAS TemplateIDType TemplateID,
in ALM	AS DataModel::ALMAS CategoryType Category,
	ean ValidCategory,
in shor	Priority,
in book	ean ValidPriority,
in ALM	AS_DataModel::ALMAS_StatusType Status,
	ean ValidStatus,
	AS_DataModel::ALMAS_ScopeType Scope,
	ean ValidScope,
	AS_DataModel::ALMAS_TimeoutType Timeout,
	<del>ean ValidTimeout,</del>
	ean ConfirmationRequired,
	ean ValidConfirmationRequired,
	g SecondaryGrouping,
	ean ValidSecondaryGrouping,
	ean Persistent,
	ean ValidPersistent,
	ean ReliablyDistributed,
	ean ValidReliablyDistributed,
	AS_DataModel::ALMAS_TimeoutActionType TimeoutAction,
	ean ValidTimeoutAction,
	AS_DataModel::ALMAS_AckModelType AcknowledgementModel,
	ean ValidAcknowledgementModel, AS_DataModel::ALMAS_StaticMessageSet_StaticMessages,
	Ha-BatamodeALWA-StaticWessageSet StaticWessages, Dan ValidStaticMessages,
	AS_DataModel::ALMAS_DynamicMessageDataTypeSet DynamicMessageD
	ean ValidDynamicMessageData,
	AS DataModel::ALMAS ReceiverKindTypeSet AlertReceivers,
	ean ValidAlertReceiverSet.
	IAS_DataModel::ALMAS_AlertIDType AlertID;
	DataModel::ALMAS_CallStatus RaiseAlertWithDynamicData (
	a ProducerID.
	AS DataModel::ALMAS TemplateIDType TemplateID,
	AS DataModel::ALMAS DynamicMessageDataTypeSet DynamicMessageData
	AS_DataModel::ALMAS_AlertIDType AlertID;;
	) ataModel::ALMAS_CallStatus_RaiseAlertFromData(
	<del>g ProducerID,</del>
	AS_DataModel::ALMAS_AlertTemplateType_AlertInfo,
	AS_DataModel::ALMAS_AlertIDType AlertID;
	lataModel::ALMAS_CallStatus RaiseAlertFromTemplate(
	<del>g ProducerID,</del> AS_DataModel::ALMAS_TemplateIDType TemplateID <del>,</del>
	AS_DataModel::ALMAS_TemplateiDType TemplateiD; /AS_DataModel::ALMAS_AlertIDType AlertID);
	DataModel: ALMAS, CallStatue Undate AlextPriority (
	DataModel::ALMAS_CallStatus UpdateAlertPriority( AS_DataModel::ALMAS_AlertIDType AlertID,
	<del>AS_Datamodel::ALMAS_AlertiDType AlertiD,</del> g ProducerID,
mount	<del>Priority);</del>

AMAS DataModel::ALMAS CallStatus CancelAlert (	
— in ALMAS_DataModel::ALMAS_AlertIDType AlertID, — in string CancellerID,	
──in string CancellationReason); <del>};</del>	
-interface ALMAS_Responder {	
ALMAS_DataModel::ALMAS_CallStatus RegisterReceiver ( — in ALMAS_Client::ALMAS_Receiver ReceiverHandle, — in string ReceiverID,	
— in string RKType);	
-ALMAS_DataModel::ALMAS_CallStatus UnregisterReceiver ( in string ReceiverID);	
-AMAS_DataModel::ALMAS_CallStatus AcknowledgeAlert( — in ALMAS_DataModel::ALMAS_AlertIDType AlertID, — in string ReceiverID);	
- -ALMAS_DataModel::ALMAS_CallStatus HandleAlert ( 	
-ALMAS_DataModel::ALMAS_CallStatus ConfirmReceipt( — in ALMAS_DataModel::ALMAS_AlertIDType AlertID, — in string ReceiverID);	
<del>};</del>	
interface ALMAS_ResponderExtensions : ALMAS_Responder {	
-ALMAS_DataModel::ALMAS_CallStatus SetLanguage( — in string ReceiverID, — in string Language);	
—out string MessageText); <del>};</del>	
interface ALMAS_Configuration {	
-ALMAS_DataModel::ALMAS_CallStatus LoadReceiverHierarchy ( 	
<del>ो।</del> मि	
#endif	ALMAS14-20

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# 9 DDS/DCPS Platform Specific Model

## 9.1 Rationale

The approach in this PSM is to compare it to the CORBA PSM and highlight differences as necessary. In the DDS PSM two (not exclusive) ways are provided for modeling the management module:

- DCPS-only mapping, in which interfaces are modeled as topics (singletons) and methods as pairs of (request- and reply) topics.
- DLRL mapping, which models classes and methods more directly. The mapping is based on information
  provided by PrismTech on DLRL data modeling. This entails following when compared to the CORBA
  PSM:
  - use of valuetypes instead of interfaces note that a valuetype which is to be distributed by DLRL must inherit from DDS::ObjectRoot
  - there must be an XML-based mapping from DLRL to DCPS. This mapping is not provided in the submission as it is expected that the default DLRL-DCPS mapping is used.

A DCPS-only implementation will use only DCPS-only mapping, while a DLRL implementation will use a combination of DCPS and DLRL mappings.

If DDS\_XTYPES is defined topic keys are defined using the @key annotation defined by the DDS\_XTYPES\_ specification. Otherwise an alternate #pragma keylist mechanism is used for compatibility with earlier versions of this specification. All topics are identified by the #pragma keylist immediately after them. Submitters are aware that this is not a DDS standard construct (this is a product-specific OpenSplice facility) and will revise the submission when there is a standardised way of declaring keys

The invocation of API methods is logged using the Open Telemetry (OTEL) standard by the implementation of the API method or by a DDS Logging tool using the DDS RTPS protocol

#### 9.1.1 DCPS level mapping

A generic response topic is used for responses to all method calls; note that this does not provide return values, but just the error code.

Return values are implemented in DCPS by publication of an appropriate topic.

In terms of mapping the PIM-level methods on DCPS, following rules are applied:

- Wherever possible, PIM-level methods are mapped to subscriptions or publications of respective DDS topics. This means that even though these methods cannot be found in the DDS PSM IDL, they can be executed on the PSM level by simply calling the required function from the DDS API. For example, the method GetAlert in ALMAS Manager can therefore be implemented by a DDS read of the Alert topic, with attached condition to receive only the Alert with the ID we are interested in.
- In all other cases, so-called "control topics" are used (such as also applied in the AMSM specification). The
  names of the topics identify the method which they realize. The control topics also include an identifier of
  the request (assumed to be uniquely generated by the calling application). The responses to methods are
  modelled as instances of topic ALMAS\_Response, which includes the error code (return\_type on the PIM
  level) and the request identifier (which then can be used to relate the response to the request). In case a
  method has output parameters other than return\_type, these are obtained by reading the relevant topic.

Also, ALMAS RegisterReceiver and ALMAS UnregisterReceiver are mapped to DCPS built-in API methods and so are omitted from the IDL for this PSM. It is assumed that request IDs are generated by the producer and that they are unique to an individual ALMAS producer. Topic instances are post-fixed with the Producer ID so that they are unique to a producer. The caller is responsible for finding the instance of topic ALMAS\_Response that corresponds to their request. This is in alignment with the approach taken in AMSM.

#### ALMAS Data Model – shared // copyright 2005-8 THALES, BAE Systems, Raytheon

ALert Management Service (ALMAS), v1.3

ALMAS14-2

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ALMAS14-6

Unknown Author 10/25/2024 16:05

ALMAS14-1

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#ifndef \_\_\_ALMAS\_DataModel\_DEF #define \_\_\_ALMAS\_DataModel\_DEF

module ALMAS\_DataModel {

-typedef long ALMAS\_AlertIDType;

-typedef long ALMAS\_TemplateIDType;

-typedef long ALMAS\_TimeoutType;

// typedef TimeBase::TimeT ALMAS\_DateTimeType; // EVoT compatible - long long -typedef DDS::Time\_t ALMAS\_DateTimeType; // DDS compatible

-typedef sequence<octet> ALMAS\_ByteSequence;

-typedef sequence<string> ALMAS\_StringSet;

-enum ALMAS\_CategoryType {

- -Action,
- -Warning,
- -Information,
- -Situation};

-enum ALMAS\_StateType {

- -Raised,
- -Routed,
- -Received,
- Acknowledged,
- -Handled,
- -Cancelled
- -Timed\_Out};

-enum ALMAS\_StatusType {

- -Actual,
- -Exercise,
- -System,
- -Test};

-enum ALMAS\_ScopeType {

- -PublicScope,
- -RestrictedScope,
- --PrivateScope};

-enum ALMAS\_TimeoutActionType {

- -CancelOnly,
- -NotifyOnly,

-CancelWithNotify};

-enum ALMAS\_AckModelType {

- -AckByNone,
- -AckByAnyone, -AckByAll};
- -struct ALMAS\_CallStatus {
- -boolean Success;
- -short Reason;
- -string Description; };
- -struct ALMAS\_ValidAlertResponseType {--ALMAS\_StringSet AlternativeAction; -short ActioneePriority; };
- 46

struct ALMAS\_ReceiverKindType { -string RKType; -string RKParentType; ALMAS\_ValidAlertResponseType ValidResponse; }; -typedef sequence<ALMAS\_ReceiverKindType> ALMAS\_ReceiverKindTypeSet; -struct ALMAS\_DynamicMessageDataType { string DataType; -string DataTag; -string DataValue; }; typedef sequence<ALMAS\_DynamicMessageDataType> ALMAS\_DynamicMessageDataTypeSet; -struct ALMAS\_StaticMessageType { -string MessageText; string MessageLanguage; }; typedef sequence<ALMAS\_StaticMessageType> ALMAS\_StaticMessageTypeSet; struct ALMAS\_AlertDataExtraAttributesType { -string Name; -short TypeOfByteData; -string Description; ALMAS\_ByteSequence Value; }; typedef sequence<ALMAS\_AlertDataExtraAttributesType> ALMAS\_AlertDataExtraAttributesTypeSet; struct ALMAS\_AlertDataType { ALMAS\_TemplateIDType TemplateID; ALMAS\_CategoryType Category; short Priority; ALMAS\_StatusType Status; ALMAS\_ScopeType Scope; -ALMAS\_TimeoutType Timeout; -boolean ConfirmationRequired; -string SecondaryGrouping; -boolean Persistent; -boolean ReliablyDistributed; -ALMAS\_TimeoutActionType TimeoutAction; ALMAS\_AckModelType AcknowledgementModel; ALMAS\_StaticMessageTypeSet StaticMessages; -ALMAS\_DynamicMessageDataTypeSet DynamicMessages; —ALMAS\_AlertDataExtraAttributesTypeSet ExtraAttributes; }; struct ALMAS\_AlertTemplateType { -boolean Inhibited; boolean RaiseToAll; -ALMAS\_AlertDataType AlertData; —ALMAS\_ReceiverKindTypeSet ReceiverKinds; }; #pragma keylist ALMAS\_AlertTemplateType AlertData.TemplateID -struct ALMAS\_AlertReportType { --boolean Acknowledged; -boolean Routed; -boolean Actioned; -boolean ReceiverIsActionee; -ALMAS\_StringSet AlternativeAction; string ReceiverID; ALMAS\_AlertIDType AlertID; }; #pragma keylist ALMAS\_AlertReportType ReceiverID, AlertID -struct ALMAS\_AvailableAlertReceiverType { -string ReceiverID; ALMAS\_ReceiverKindType ReceiverKind; }; -typedef sequence<ALMAS\_AvailableAlertReceiverType> ALMAS\_AvailableAlertReceiverTypeSet; ALert Management Service (ALMAS), v1.3

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struct ALMAS\_Alert { ALMAS\_AlertIDType AlertID; ALMAS\_DateTimeType RaisingTime; ALMAS\_StateType CurrentState; string ProducerID; ALMAS\_AlertDataType AlertData; ALMAS\_AvailableAlertReceiverTypeSet Receivers; }; #pragma keylist ALMAS\_Alert AlertID };

## #endif

## 9.2 DCPS

### 9.2.1 ALMAS Client

The ALMAS client module is not required in the DDS PSM since this is all available through the use of the standard DDS mechanisms and the topics already defined for ALMAS\_StateType and ALMAS\_Alert.

#### 9.2.2 ALMAS Management

Parameters of the operation RaiseAlertFromOverrides are implicitly defined as being optional in the PIM; in this PSM they are explicitly marked as optional using an IDL annotation.

The AlertID out parameter in PIM methods RaiseAlertFromOverrides, RaiseAlertWithDynamicData, RaiseAlertFromData and RaiseAlertFromTemplate is mapped to the ALMAS\_CreatedAlert topic type so that producers are aware of the alert id for alerts they have raised in order to cancel them as appropriate.

The following table provides explanation of the mapping of methods in the ALMAS Management module. Only those methods which are mapped directly to DDS level constructs are listed in the table, all methods which are mapped on "control topics" are listed in the subsequent IDL file.

Class (PIM level)	Method	DDS mapping
ALMAS Manager	GetAlert(int, Alert)	DDS read with query condition
ALMAS Manager	GetAlerts(String, SortedAlertSet)	DDS read with query condition
ALMAS Manager	GetTemplate(int)	DDS read with query condition.
ALMAS Manager	GetAllTemplateIDs(String, TempalteIDSet)	DDS read with query condition.
ALMAS Manager	RegisterNotificationListener(ALMAS Notification Listener)	Creation of a new DDS Listener.

// copyright 2005-8 THALES, BAE Systems, Raytheon

#include "ALMAS\_DataModel.idl"

#ifndef \_\_ALMAS\_Management\_DEF #define \_\_ALMAS\_Management\_DEF

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ALert Management Service (ALMAS), v1.3

ALMAS14-20

Unknown Author 10/26/2024 12:11 module ALMAS\_Management { typedef long long ALMAS\_RequestIdType; -typedef sequence<ALMAS\_DataModel::ALMAS\_Alert> ALMAS\_AlertSet; struct ALMAS\_Response { -ALMAS\_RequestIdType request\_id;-ALMAS DataModel::ALMAS CallStatus error code; }; #pragma keylist ALMAS\_Response request\_id // Need a singleton topic for ALMAS\_Manager since it has attributes -struct ALMAS\_Manager { string SystemID;}; #pragma keylist ALMAS\_Manager -struct ALMAS\_RaiseAlertFromTemplate { \_\_ALMAS\_RequestIdType request\_id; -string ProducerID; —ALMAS\_DataModel::ALMAS\_TemplateIDType TemplateID; }; #pragma keylist ALMAS\_RaiseAlertFromTemplate request\_id struct ALMAS\_RegisterReceiver { —ALMAS\_RequestIdType request\_id; -string ReceiverID; -string RKType; }; #pragma keylist ALMAS\_RegisterReceiver request\_id -struct ALMAS\_UnregisterReceiver { -ALMAS\_RequestIdType request\_id; -string ReceiverID; }; #pragma keylist ALMAS\_UnregisterReceiver request\_id -struct ALMAS\_RaiseAlertFromOverrides { —ALMAS\_RequestIdType request\_id; -string ProducerID; -ALMAS\_DataModel::ALMAS\_TemplateIDType TemplateID; @optional ALMAS\_CategoryType Category; @optional short Priority; Coptional ALMAS\_StatusType Status; Coptional ALMAS\_ScopeType Scope; Coptional ALMAS\_TimeoutType Timeout; @optional boolean ConfirmationRequired; @optional string SecondaryGrouping; @optional boolean Persistent; @optional boolean ReliablyDistributed; @optional ALMAS\_TimeoutActionType TimeoutAction; Coptional ALMAS\_AckModelType AcknowledgementModel; Coptional ALMAS\_StaticMessageTypeSet StaticMessages; @optional ALMAS\_DynamicMessageDataTypeSet DynamicMessages; }; **};** #pragma keylist ALMAS\_RaiseAlertFromOverrides request\_id struct ALMAS\_RaiseAlertWithDynamicData { -ALMAS\_RequestIdType request\_id; -string ProducerID; ALMAS\_DataModel::ALMAS\_TemplateIDType TemplateID; -ALMAS\_DataModel::ALMAS\_DynamicMessageDataType DynamicMessages }; #pragma keylist ALMAS\_RaiseAlertWithDynamicData request\_id

-struct ALMAS\_RaiseAlertFromData -{

-ALMAS\_RequestIdType request\_id; -string ProducerID; ALMAS\_DataModel::ALMAS\_AlertTemplateType AlertInfo; }; #pragma keylist ALMAS\_RaiseAlertFromData request\_id -struct ALMAS\_CreatedAlert { -ALMAS\_RequestIdType request\_id; -ALMAS DataModel::ALMAS AlertIDType AlertID; }; #pragma keylist ALMAS\_CreatedAlert request\_id -struct ALMAS\_UpdateAlertPriority { -ALMAS\_RequestIdType request\_id; -string ProducerID; -ALMAS\_DataModel::ALMAS\_AlertIDType AlertID; -short Priority; }; #pragma keylist ALMAS\_UpdateAlertPriority request\_id -struct ALMAS\_CancelAlert { -ALMAS\_RequestIdType request\_id; -string CancelerID; -ALMAS\_DataModel::ALMAS\_AlertIDType AlertID; -string CancellationReason; }; #pragma keylist ALMAS\_CancelAlert request\_id -struct ALMAS\_AcknowledgeAlert { -ALMAS\_RequestIdType request\_id; ALMAS\_DataModel::ALMAS\_AlertIDType AlertID; -string ReceiverID;}; #pragma keylist ALMAS\_AcknowledgeAlert request\_id -struct ALMAS\_HandleAlert { -ALMAS\_RequestIdType request\_id; -ALMAS\_DataModel::ALMAS\_AlertIDType AlertID; -string ReceiverID;}; #pragma keylist ALMAS\_HandleAlert request\_id -struct ALMAS\_ConfirmReceipt { -ALMAS\_RequestIdType request\_id; -ALMAS\_DataModel::ALMAS\_AlertIDType AlertID; -string ReceiverID;}; #pragma keylist ALMAS\_ConfirmReceipt request\_id -struct ALMAS\_SetLanguage { -ALMAS\_RequestIdType request\_id; -string ReceiverID; -string Language;}; #pragma keylist ALMAS\_SetLanguage request\_id -struct ALMAS\_GetFilledMessageText { ALMAS\_RequestIdType request\_id; —ALMAS\_DataModel::ALMAS\_AlertIDType AlertID; -string ReceiverID;}; #prgma keylist ALMAS\_GetFilledMessageText request\_id -struct ALMAS\_FilledMessageText { -ALMAS\_RequestIdType request\_id; ALMAS\_DataModel::ALMAS\_StringSet Messages; }; #pragma keylist ALMAS\_FilledMessageText request\_id -struct ALMAS\_LoadReceiverHierarchy { ALMAS\_RequestIdType request\_id; -string Filename ;}; #pragma keylist ALMAS\_LoadReceiverHierarchy request\_id

struct ALMAS\_LoadTemplateSet { ALMAS\_RequestIdType request\_id; string Filename; }; #pragma keylist ALMAS\_LoadTemplateSet request\_id struct ALMAS\_LoadConfiguration { \_\_ALMAS\_RequestIdType request\_id; string Filename; }; #pragma keylist ALMAS\_LoadConfiguration request\_id struct ALMAS\_UpdateDynamicMessageData {
 ALMAS\_RequestIdType request\_id; string ProducerID; ALMAS\_DataModel::ALMAS\_AlertIDType AlertID; string DataValue; ALMAS\_DataModel::ALMAS\_DynamicMessageDataType OldData; }; #pragma keylist ALMAS\_UpdateDynamicMessageData request\_id struct ALMAS SetAlertInhibited { ALMAS\_RequestIdType request\_id; string ProducerID; ALMAS\_DataModel::ALMAS\_TemplateIDType TemplateID; -boolean Inhibition; }; #pragma keylist ALMAS\_SetAlertInhibited request\_id -struct ALMAS\_AttachCategorisationRule { ALMAS\_RequestIdType request\_id; long RuleID; ALMAS\_DataModel::ALMAS\_TemplateIDType TemplateID; }; #pragma keylist ALMAS\_AttachCategorisationRule request\_id struct ALMAS\_DetachCategorisationRule { ALMAS\_RequestIdType request\_id; long RuleID; ALMAS\_DataModel::ALMAS\_TemplateIDType TemplateID; }; #pragma keylist ALMAS\_DetachCategorisationRule request\_id struct ALMAS\_RemoveAlertsWithDynamicMessageData { ALMAS\_RequestIdType request\_id; -string CancellerID; —string DataType; -string DataValue; }; -#prgma keylist ALMAS\_RemoveAlertsWithDynamicMessageData request\_id <del>};</del>

#### endif 9.2.3 DCPS topics QoS

ALMAS topics share the same values for most of the DDS QoS (cf. [DDS]):

QoS	Value
USER_DATA	<unspecified></unspecified>
TOPIC_DATA	<unspecified></unspecified>
GROUP_DATA	<ul><li><unspecified></unspecified></li></ul>
PRESENTATION	<unspecified></unspecified>

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	-
DEADLINE	Period = infinite
LATENCY_BUDGET	duration = <unspecified></unspecified>
OWNERSHIP	EXCLUSIVE
OWNERSHIP_STRENGTH	<unspecified></unspecified>
LIVELINESS	kind = AUTOMATIC / lease_duration = <unspecified></unspecified>
TIME_BASED_FILTER	<unspecified></unspecified>
PARTITION	<unspecified></unspecified>
TRANSPORT_PRIORITY	value=0
DESTINATION_ORDER	BY_SOURCE_TIMESTAMP
HISTORY	kind = KEEP_LAST / depth = 1
RESOURCE_LIMITS	All unlimited.
ENTITY_FACTORY	<unspecified></unspecified>
WRITER_DATA_LIFECYCLE	<unspecified></unspecified>
READER_DATA_LIFECYCLE	<unspecified></unspecified>

The other QoS (DURABILITY, RELIABILITY and LIFESPAN) will be allocated with the following principle:

 As for the "Control topics" (both requests and responses), they have DURABILITY equals to VOLATILE, RELIABILITY set to RELIABLE and LIFESPAN.duration defined by the implementation: DURABILITY VOLATILE

RELIABILITY kind = RELIABLE

LIFESPAN Implementation dependant

 Others topics have DURABILITY to TRANSIENT, RELIABILITY set to RELIABLE and LIFESPAN.duration to infinite: DURABILITY TRANSIENT

RELIABILITY kind = RELIABLE

LIFESPAN duration = infinite

#### 9.3 DLRL

#### 9.3.1 ALMAS Client

The ALMAS client module is not required in the DDS PSM since this is all available through the use of the standard DDS mechanisms and the topics already defined for ALMAS\_StateType and ALMAS\_Alert (i.e., through the DCPS mapping).

ALMAS Management IDL

// Copyright 2005-2007 THALES, BAE Systems, Raytheon

#include "dds\_dlrl.idl"

#include "ALMAS\_DataModel.idl" #ifndef \_\_\_ALMAS\_Management\_DEF #define \_\_\_ALMAS\_Management\_DEF #pragma prefix "omg.org" module ALMAS Management { -typedef sequence<ALMAS\_DataModel::ALMAS\_Alert> ALMAS\_AlertSet; -typedef sequence<ALMAS\_DataModel::ALMAS\_TemplateIDType> ALMAS\_TemplateIDTypeSet; -valuetype ALMAS\_Manager : DDS::ObjectRoot { -attribute string ALMAS\_SystemID; -// alert retrieval methods -ALMAS\_DataModel::ALMAS\_CallStatus GetAlert ( - in ALMAS\_DataModel::ALMAS\_AlertIDType AlertID, ALMAS DataModel::ALMAS CallStatus GetAlerts ( -in string Filter, -// ALMAS-wide control methods -ALMAS\_DataModel::ALMAS\_CallStatus SetAlertInhibited ( -in boolean Inhibition); -ALMAS\_DataModel::ALMAS\_CallStatus UpdateDynamicMessageData ( - in ALMAS\_DataModel::ALMAS\_AlertIDType AlertID, -in string DataValue, - in ALMAS\_DataModel::ALMAS\_DynamicMessageDataType OldData); -ALMAS\_DataModel::ALMAS\_CallStatus RegisterNotificationListener (-- in ALMAS\_Client::ALMAS\_NotificationListener Handle); -// Template management methods -ALMAS\_DataModel::ALMAS\_CallStatus GetTemplate ( - in ALMAS\_DataModel::ALMAS\_TemplateIDType TemplateID, —out ALMAS\_DataModel::ALMAS\_AlertTemplateType Template); -ALMAS\_DataModel::ALMAS\_CallStatus GetAllTemplateIDs ( -in string Filter, -out ALMAS\_TemplateIDTypeSet TemplateIDSet); }; -valuetype ALMAS\_ManagerExtensions : ALMAS\_Manager { -ALMAS\_DataModel::ALMAS\_CallStatus RemoveAlertsWithDynamicData ( - in string CancellerID, -in string DataType, - in string DataValue); -ALMAS\_DataModel::ALMAS\_CallStatus AttachCategorisationRule ( - in long RuleID); -ALMAS DataModel::ALMAS CallStatus DetachCategorisationRule ( - in ALMAS\_DataModel::ALMAS\_TemplateIDType TemplateID,

in long RuleID); <del>};</del> valuetype ALMAS\_Producer : DDS::ObjectRoot { -ALMAS\_DataModel::ALMAS\_CallStatus RaiseAlertFromOverrides ( - in ALMAS\_DataModel::ALMAS\_TemplateIDType TemplateID, - in boolean CategoryValid, -in boolean PriorityValid, - in boolean StatusValid, -in boolean ScopeValid, - in boolean TimeoutValid, -in boolean ConfirmationRequiredValid, - in boolean SecondaryGroupingValid, -in boolean PersistentValid, in boolean ReliablyDistributedValid, - in boolean TimeoutActionValid, - in boolean AcknowledgementModelValid, -in boolean StaticMessagesValid, - in boolean DynamicMessagesValid, -ALMAS\_DataModel::ALMAS\_CallStatus RaiseAlertWithDynamicData ( -in string ProducerID, in ALMAS\_DataModel::ALMAS\_TemplateIDType TemplateID, — in ALMAS\_DataModel::ALMAS\_DynamicMessageDataType DynamicMessageData, — out ALMAS\_DataModel::ALMAS\_AlertIDType AlertID; -ALMAS\_DataModel::ALMAS\_CallStatus RaiseAlertFromData ( -in string ProducerID, - in ALMAS\_DataModel::ALMAS\_AlertTemplateType AlertInfo, -out ALMAS\_DataModel::ALMAS\_AlertIDType AlertID; -ALMAS\_DataModel::ALMAS\_CallStatus RaiseAlertFromTemplate ( -in string ProducerID, - in ALMAS\_DataModel::ALMAS\_TemplateIDType TemplateID, -out ALMAS\_DataModel::ALMAS\_AlertIDType AlertID; -ALMAS\_DataModel::ALMAS\_CallStatus UpdateAlertPriority ( - in ALMAS\_DataModel::ALMAS\_AlertIDType AlertID, -in string ProducerID, -in short Priority); -ALMAS\_DataModel::ALMAS\_CallStatus CancelAlert ( -in string CancellerID, -in string CancellationReason); }; -valuetype ALMAS\_Responder : DDS::ObjectRoot { -ALMAS\_DataModel::ALMAS\_CallStatus RegisterReceiver ( - in ALMAS\_Client::ALMAS\_Receiver Handle, - in string ReceiverID, -in string RKType); -ALMAS\_DataModel::ALMAS\_CallStatus UnregisterReceiver ( -in string ReceiverID); -ALMAS DataModel::ALMAS CallStatus AcknowledgeAlert ( - in ALMAS DataModel::ALMAS AlertIDType AlertID,

	— in string ReceiverID);	
	– - ALMAS - DataModel::ALMAS - CallStatus HandleAlert (	
	— in string ReceiverID);	
	-ALMAS_DataModel::ALMAS_CallStatus ConfirmReceipt( — in ALMAS_DataModel::ALMAS_AlertIDType AlertID,-	
	— in string ReceiverID);	
	<del>};</del>	
	valuetype ALMAS_ResponderExtensions : ALMAS_Responder {	
	ALMAS_DataModel::ALMAS_CallStatus SetLanguage (	
	— in string ReceiverID, — in string Language);	
	-ALMAS_DataModel::ALMAS_CallStatus GetFilledMessageText( — in ALMAS_DataModel::ALMAS_AlertIDType AlertID,	
	—out ALMAS_DataModel::ALMAS_StringSet Messages); };	
	-valuetype ALMAS_Configuration : DDS::ObjectRoot {	
	_ALMAS_DataModel::ALMAS_CallStatus LoadReceiverHierarchy( in string Filename );	
	-ALMAS_DataModel::ALMAS_CallStatus LoadTemplateSet( — in string Filename );	
	-ALMAS_DataModel::ALMAS_CallStatus LoadConfiguration( — in string Filename );	
	<del>};</del>	
	<del>};</del>	
	#endif	
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ALert Management Service (ALMAS), v1.3

## **10 COM IDL Platform Specific Model**

#### 10.1 Rationale

The objective of this PSM is to normalize the structures and interfaces required for a COM implementation of the standard. This PSM aims to support the entire PIM interface.

In order for this interface to be reasonably compatible with the other PSMs provided in this document, the data model part is separated from the functional interface part.

All attributes, methods and associations are mapped to COM IDL elements. As a general rule, therefore, classes with methods are mapped to COM interfaces, classes without methods are mapped to structs, attributes are mapped to interface read/write methods. All return parameters and exceptions are mapped to method out parameters with the COM HRESULT returned from all interface methods.

Subscribe methods and indication classes are also mapped within a client IDL file which has to be implemented by clients in order to receive indications (i.e., callbacks) from ALMAS.

The invocation of API methods is logged using the Open Telemetry (OTEL) standard by the implementation of the API method. ALMAS Data Model IDL // Copyright 2005-2007 THALES, BAE Systems, Raytheon import "oaidl.idl"; import "ocidl.idl"; #ifndef \_\_\_ALMAS\_DataModel\_DEF #define \_\_\_ALMAS\_DataModel\_DEF -typedef long ALMAS\_AlertIDType; -typedef long ALMAS\_TemplateIDType; -typedef long ALMAS\_TimeoutType; #ifdef NOLONGLONG typedef struct { -unsigned long low; -unsigned long high; } ALMAS DateTimeType; #else -typedef unsigned long long ALMAS\_DateTimeType; // long long to be EVoT compatible #endif

typedef enum { -ALMAS\_Action = 1, -ALMAS\_Warning, -ALMAS\_Information, -ALMAS\_Situation} ALMAS\_CategoryType;

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ALMAS14-6

```
typedef enum {
 ALMAS_Raised = 1,
 ALMAS_Routed,
-ALMAS_Received,
ALMAS Acknowledged,
ALMAS_Handled,
ALMAS Cancelled,
—ALMAS_TimedOut} ALMAS_StateType;
typedef enum {
 ALMAS_Actual = 1,
ALMAS_Exercise,
-ALMAS_System,
—ALMAS_Test} ALMAS_StatusType;
typedef enum {
ALMAS_PublicScope = 1,
-ALMAS_RestrictedScope,
ALMAS PrivateScope} ALMAS ScopeType;
typedef enum {
-ALMAS_CancelOnly = 1,
ALMAS_NotifyOnly,
_ALMAS_CancelWithNotify} ALMAS_TimeoutActionType;
typedef enum {
 ALMAS_AckByNone = 1,
-ALMAS_AckByAnyone,
-ALMAS_AckByAll} ALMAS_AckModelType;
typedef struct {
-boolean Success;
-short Reason;
-BSTR Description;} ALMAS_CallStatus;
-typedef struct {
-SAFEARRAY(BSTR) AlternativeAction;
-short ActioneePriority; } ALMAS_ValidAlertResponseType;
-typedef [uuid(0B7DF643-8DFF-4cfe-BC48-3C2E07BD6A79)]struct ALMAS_ReceiverKindType {
-BSTR RKType;
BSTR RKParentType;
-ALMAS_ValidAlertResponseType ValidResponse; } ALMAS_ReceiverKindType;
-typedef [uuid(62FD9C37-ED08-46b2-8122-8B783D83DC5E)] struct
ALMAS DynamicMessageDataType{
-BSTR DataType;
-BSTR DataTag;
—BSTR DataValue; } ALMAS_DynamicMessageDataType;
-typedef [uuid(06A4B73D-52AD-4009-BC0A-4FC940D3A799)]struct ALMAS_StaticMessageType{
-BSTR MessageText;
BSTR MessageLanguage; } ALMAS_StaticMessageType;
-typedef [uuid(F42A96DE-F513-4880-8E5A-5C2B308A2898)]struct
ALMAS_AlertDataExtraAttributesType{
-BSTR Name;
-short TypeOfByteData;
-BSTR Description;
```

— SAFEARRAY(byte) Value; } ALMAS\_AlertDataExtraAttributesType; typedef struct { -ALMAS\_TemplateIDType TemplateID; —ALMAS\_CategoryType Category; -short Priority; -ALMAS\_StatusType Status; ALMAS\_ScopeType Scope; -ALMAS\_TimeoutType Timeout; -boolean ConfirmationRequired; -BSTR SecondaryGrouping; -boolean Persistent; -boolean ReliablyDistributed; ALMAS\_TimeoutActionType TimeoutAction; ALMAS\_AckModelType AcknowledgementModel; SAFEARRAY(ALMAS\_StaticMessageType) StaticMessages; SAFEARRAY(ALMAS\_DynamicMessageDataType)DynamicMessages; -SAFEARRAY(ALMAS\_AlertDataExtraAttributesType) ExtraAttributes;} ALMAS\_AlertDataType; -typedef struct { -boolean Inhibited; -boolean RaiseToAll; -ALMAS\_AlertDataType AlertData; -SAFEARRAY(ALMAS\_ReceiverKindType) ReceiverKinds; } ALMAS\_AlertTemplateType; typedef struct { -boolean Acknowledged; -boolean Routed; -boolean Actioned; boolean ReceiverIsActionee; -SAFEARRAY(BSTR) AlternativeAction; -BSTR ReceiverID; —ALMAS\_AlertIDType AlertID; } ALMAS\_AlertReportType; -typedef struct { **BSTR ReceiverID;** ALMAS\_ReceiverKindType ReceiverKind; } ALMAS\_AvailableAlertReceiverType; -typedef struct { ALMAS\_AlertIDType AlertID; ALMAS\_DateTimeType RaisingTime; ALMAS\_StateType CurrentState; BSTR ProducerID; ALMAS\_AlertDataType AlertData; SAFEARRAY(ALMAS\_AvailableAlertReceiverType) Receivers; } ALMAS\_Alert; #endif **ALMAS Client IDL** // Copyright 2005-2008 THALES, BAE Systems, Raytheon import "../Alert\_Data\_Router/ALMAS\_DataModel.idl"; #ifndef \_\_ALMAS\_Client\_DEF #define \_\_ALMAS\_Client\_DEF [object,uuid(13D0EBD4-47C0-4661-BFF6-B8220219BD66),pointer\_default(unique)] interface IALMAS\_Receiver: IUnknown {

-HRESULT StateChangeNotification (-[n] ALMAS\_AlertIDType AlertID, -[in] ALMAS\_StateType NewState);

```
-HRESULT AlertDataNotification (// alert D is embedded within info
-[in] ALMAS_Alert AlertInfo,
 [in] ALMAS_AlertReportType *Report); // changed to in in.
<del>};</del>
-[object,uuid(2BA3B7FA-40EB-4021-8828-36243C457379),pointer_default(unique)]-
-interface IALMAS_NotificationListener: IUnknown {
-HRESULT AlertDistributionNotification (
-[in] ALMAS_AlertIDType AlertID;
-HRESULT Get_ALMAS_SystemIDNotification (
[in] BSTR * ALMAS_SystemID);
-HRESULT GetAlertNotification(
____[in] ALMAS_Alert Alert);
-HRESULT GetAlertsNotification(
[in] SAFEARRAY(ALMAS_Alert)AlertSet);
-HRESULT GetTemplateNotification(
[in] ALMAS_AlertTemplateType AlertTemplate); // Corrected to return the template, not the
Template ID.
HRESULT GetTemplatesNotification(
[in] SAFEARRAY(ALMAS_TemplateIDType) TemplateIDSet);
};
#endi
ALMAS Management IDL
// Copyright 2005-2008 THALES, BAE Systems, Raytheon
```

import "../Alert\_Data\_Router/ALMAS\_Client.idl"; import "../Alert\_Data\_Router/ALMAS\_DataModel.idl"; #ifndef\_\_\_ALMAS\_Management\_DEF #define\_\_\_ALMAS\_Management\_DEF

-[object,uuid(3BC17616-F798-421A-8FB9-DDC0A8259CE3),pointer\_default(unique)] interface IALMAS\_Manager : IUnknown {

-HRESULT Get\_ALMAS\_SystemID(IALMAS\_NotificationListener \*Handle);

-// alert retrieval methods

HRESULT GetAlert (

- -[in] ALMAS\_AlertIDType AlertID,
- -[in] IALMAS\_NotificationListener \*Handle,
- \_\_[out] ALMAS\_CallStatus \*CallStatus);

HRESULT GetAlerts (

- [in] BSTR Filter,
- [in] IALMAS\_NotificationListener \*Handle,

ALert Management Service (ALMAS), v1.3

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- [out] ALMAS\_CallStatus \*CallStatus); -// ALMAS-wide control methods -HRESULT SetAlertInhibited ( -[out] ALMAS\_CallStatus \*CallStatus, [in] ALMAS\_TemplateIDType TemplateID, [in] boolean Inhibition); [in] BSTR ObjectValue, [in] ALMAS\_DynamicMessageDataType OldValue); -HRESULT RegisterNotificationListener ( -[out] ALMAS\_CallStatus \*CallStatus, [in] IALMAS\_NotificationListener \*Handle); -// Template management methods HRESULT GetTemplate ( \_\_[out] ALMAS\_CallStatus \*CallStatus); -HRESULT GetAllTemplateIDs ( -[out] ALMAS\_CallStatus \*CallStatus, [in] BSTR Filter, [in] IALMAS\_NotificationListener \*Handle); **};** -[object,uuid(6AE3866D-3EF5-4BBD-B2ED-261DBCFF2307),pointer\_default(unique)] interface IALMAS\_ManagerExtensions : IALMAS\_Manager { -HRESULT RemoveAlertsWithDynamicData ( -[out] ALMAS\_CallStatus \*CallStatus, [in] BSTR CancellerID, -[in] BSTR DataType, [in] BSTR DataValue); -HRESULT AttachCategorisationRule ( [in] long RuleID); -HRESULT DetachCategorisationRule ( -[out] ALMAS\_CallStatus \*CallStatus, [in] ALMAS\_TemplateIDType TemplateID, [in] long RuleID); **};** -[object,uuid(32033A16-EC76-4AC5-A457-D607B5CFD0CF),pointer\_default(unique)] -interface IALMAS\_Producer : IUnknown { // SDG Changed optional parameters to pointers -HRESULT RaiseAlertFromOverrides ( [out] ALMAS\_AlertIDType \*AlertID, [in] BSTR ProducerID, [in] ALMAS\_TemplateIDType TemplateID, [in] ALMAS\_CategoryType Category, -[in] boolean ValidCategory -[in] short Priority. -[in] boolean ValidPriority.

[in] ALMAS\_StatusType AlertStatus, -[in] boolean ValidStatus, [in] ALMAS\_ScopeType Scope, [in] boolean ValidScope, [in] ALMAS\_TimeoutType Timeout, [in] boolean ValidTimeout, [in] boolean ConfirmationRequired, -[in] boolean ValidConfirmationRequired, [in] BSTR SecondaryGrouping, -[in] boolean ValidSecondaryGrouping, -[in] boolean Persistent, -[in] boolean ValidPersistent, [in] boolean ReliablyDistributed, [in] boolean ValidReliablyDistributed, [in[ ALMAS\_TimeoutActionType TimeoutAction, [in] boolean ValidTimeoutAction, [in] ALMAS\_AckModelType AcknowledgementModel, [in] boolean ValidAcknowledgementModel, [in] SAFEARRAY(ALMAS\_StaticMessageType) StaticMessages, [in] boolean ValidStaticMessages, [in] SAFEARRAY(ALMAS\_DynamicMessageDataType) DynamicMessageData, [in] boolean ValidDynamicMessageData, [in] SAFEARRAY(ALMAS\_ReceiverKindType) AlertReceivers, [in] boolean ValidAlertReceiverSet, -[out] ALMAS\_CallStatus \*CallStatus); -HRESULT RaiseAlertWithDynamicData ( [out] ALMAS\_AlertIDType \*AlertID, [in] BSTR ProducerID, [in] ALMAS\_TemplateIDType TemplateID, [in] SAFEARRAY(ALMAS\_DynamicMessageDataType) DynamicMessageData, -[out] ALMAS\_CallStatus \*CallStatus); HRESULT RaiseAlertFromData ( -[out] ALMAS\_AlertIDType \*AlertID, -[in] BSTR ProducerID, [in] ALMAS\_AlertTemplateType AlertInfo, -[out] ALMAS\_CallStatus \*CallStatus); HRESULT RaiseAlertFromTemplate ( -[out] ALMAS\_AlertIDType \*AlertID, [in] BSTR ProducerID, [in] ALMAS\_TemplateIDType TemplateID, [out] ALMAS\_CallStatus \*CallStatus); -HRESULT UpdateAlertPriority ( - [out] ALMAS\_CallStatus \*CallStatus, [in] ALMAS AlertIDType AlertID, -[in] BSTR ProducerID, [in] short Priority); -HRESULT CancelAlert ( -[out] ALMAS\_CallStatus \*CallStatus, [in] ALMAS\_AlertIDType AlertID, [in] BSTR CancellerID, [in] BSTR CancellationReason); <del>};</del> [object,uuid(BA617DFD-6DBD-4F08-ACD5-E7F489A113E5),pointer\_default(unique)] -interface IALMAS\_Responder : IUnknown { HRESULT RegisterReceiver ( -[out] ALMAS\_CallStatus \*CallStatus,

```
[in] IALMAS_Receiver *ReceiverHandle,
[in] BSTR ReceiverID,
  [in] BSTR RKType);
-HRESULT UnregisterReceiver (
-[out] ALMAS_CallStatus *CallStatus,
[in] BSTR ReceiverID);
HRESULT AcknowledgeAlert (
- [out] ALMAS_CallStatus *CallStatus,
- [in] ALMAS_AlertIDType AlertID,
[in] BSTR ReceiverID);
-HRESULT HandleAlert (
- [out] ALMAS_CallStatus *CallStatus,
- [in] ALMAS_AlertIDType AlertID,
[in] BSTR ReceiverID);
-HRESULT ConfirmReceipt (
-[out] ALMAS_CallStatus *CallStatus,
[in] ALMAS_AlertIDType AlertID,
[in] BSTR ReceiverID);
};
-[object,uuid(CC748587-4926-45D7-B52E-4A88000A3426),pointer_default(unique)]
-interface IALMAS_ResponderExtensions : IALMAS_Responder {
-HRESULT SetLanguage (
- [out] ALMAS_CallStatus *CallStatus,
  [in] BSTR ReceiverID,
[in] BSTR Language);
-HRESULT GetFilledMessageText (
-[out] ALMAS_CallStatus *CallStatus,
[in] ALMAS_AlertIDType AlertID,
-[in] [out] BSTR MessageText);
};
-[object,uuid(C3B50C13-8124-4A5F-98B8-9C68D9D1BDE9),pointer_default(unique)]
-interface IALMAS_Configuration : IUnknown {
-HRESULT LoadReceiverHierarchy (
-[out] ALMAS_CallStatus *CallStatus,
[in] BSTR Filename);
-HRESULT LoadTemplateSet (
-[out] ALMAS_CallStatus *CallStatus,
-[in] BSTR Filename);
[in] BSTR Filename);
<del>};</del>
#endif
```

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## 11 GraphQL Platform Specific Model

### 11.1 Rationale

The GraphQL PSM defines a single schema definition file for the ALMAS Data Model, ALMAS Management and ALMAS Client Callbacks packages defined by the PIM. Classes from the ALMAS Data Model of the PIM are mapped to GraphQL types within the schema.

The detailed rules for the MDA code generation from the ALMAS Data Model PIM to the GraphQL PSM schema are as follows:

- The PIM attributes are mapped to GraphQL attributes;
- PIM attributes with multiplicity 1 are mapped to non-nullable GraphQL attributes
- Collections in the PIM are mapped to GraphQL arrays;
- Aggregation and compositions are mapped to GraphQL attributes;
- Association classes follow the equivalent mapping as the CORBA and DDS PSMs

The schema supports GraphQL clients for interfaces defined in the ALMAS Management and ALMAS Client Callbacks PIM packages. Mutations are used to invoke PIM interface methods; queries and subscriptions are used to process those invocations.

The PSM method for connecting to other components is through the underlying HTTPS web service connection. Websockets are used for subscription callbacks.

Specific rules for the MDA code generation from the Service Model PIM to the GraphQL PSM IDL are as follows:

- Interface method (in) parameters and return values (including out parameters) in the Service Model are each mapped to a (query) type, an input type and update type; these are for queries, mutations, and subscriptions respectively.
- To invoke a method an ALMAS client makes a mutation (with method parameter type) and subscribes or queries for the response (with the return value type).
- To process a method an ALMAS client queries or subscribes for the method parameter type and makes a mutation with the response (with the return value type).
- As per the DDS PSM, each of the parameter and return value types contain a request id; the
  instigator is responsible for allocating unique request ids in the scope of the ALMAS system; the
  processing component is responsible for labelling responses with the received request id so that the
  instigator can locate the corresponding response.
- The GraphQL schema Query type supports queries for any combination of interface methods in the Service Model.
- The GraphQL schema Mutation type supports invocation of single or multiple instances of any combination of interface methods in the Service Model.
- The GraphQL schema Subscription type supports subscription for any combination of interface methods in the Service Model.
- The following methods are mapped to the return (out parameter) type with a GraphQL filter condition in the query: GetAlert, GetAlerts, GetTemplate and GetAllTemplateIDs
- RegisterNotificationListener is mapped to a GraphQL subscription.

1	• Parameters of the operation RaiseAlertFromOverrides are implicitly defined as being optional in the PIM; in this PSM they are explicitly marked as optional using an IDL annotation.	
	The invocation of API methods is logged using the Open Telemetry (OTEL) standard by the implementation of the API method,	ALMAS14-6
ļ		
	GraphQL Schema 12 # Copyright 2019-2022 BAE Systems	Unknown Author 10/25/2024 16:00
	13-	
	<del>14 scalar Long</del>	
	15 scalar Short	
	<del>16 sealar Char</del>	
	17-	
	<del>18 schema (</del>	
	19 query: Query	
	20 subscription : Subscription	
	21 mutation: Mutation	
	22 }	
	<del>24 type Query (</del>	
	25 almasFilledMessageTexts: [AlmasFilledMessageText!]!	
	26 almasFilledMessageTextForKey(requestId: Long) : [AlmasFilledMessageText!]!	
	27 almasRemoveAlertsWithDynamicMessageDatas: {AlmasRemoveAlertsWithDynamicMessageData!}!	
	28 almasRemoveAlertsWithDynamicMessageDataForKey(requestId: Long) :- {AlmasRemoveAlertsWithDynamicMessageData!}!	
	29 almasAttachCategorisationRules: [AlmasAttachCategorisationRule!]!	
	<pre>30 almasAttachCategorisationRuleForKey(requestId: Long) :</pre>	
	31almasDetachCategorisationRules: [AlmasDetachCategorisationRule!]!	
	32almasDetachCategorisationRuleForKey(requestId: Long) : {AlmasDetachCategorisationRule!}!	
	<del>33 -</del>	
	34 almasAlorts: [AlmasAlort!]!	
	35 almasAlertForKey(alertId: Int) : [AlmasAlert!]!	
	36 almasAlertTemplateTypes: [AlmasAlertTemplateType!]!	

37 almasManagers: [AlmasManager!]!
38 almasSctAlertInhibiteds: [AlmasSctAlertInhibited!]!
39 almasSctAlertInhibitedForKey(requestId: Long) : [AlmasSctAlertInhibited!]!
40 almasUpdateDynamicMessageDatas: [AlmasUpdateDynamicMessageData!]!
41 almasUpdateDynamicMessageDataForKey(requestId: Long) : {AlmasUpdateDynamicMessageData!}!
42-
43 almasAlertReportTypes: [AlmasAlertReportType!]!
44 almasAlertReportTypeForKey(receiverId: String, alertId: Int) : {AlmasAlertReportType!]!
45-
46 almasLoadReceiverHierarchys: [AlmasLoadReceiverHierarchy!]!
47 almasLoadReceiverHierarchyForKey(requestId: Long) :- {AlmasLoadReceiverHierarchy!}!
48 almasLoadTemplateSets: [AlmasLoadTemplateSet!]!
49 almasLoadTemplateSetForKey(requestId: Long) : [AlmasLoadTemplateSet!]!
50 almasLoadConfigurations: [AlmasLoadConfiguration!]!
51 almasLoadConfigurationForKey(requestId: Long) : [AlmasLoadConfiguration!]!
52-
53 almasRaiseAlertFromOverridess: [AlmasRaiseAlertFromOverrides!]!
54 almasRaiseAlertFromOverridesForKey(requestId: Long) : {AlmasRaiseAlertFromOverrides!]!
55 almasRaiseAlertWithDynamicDatas: [AlmasRaiseAlertWithDynamicData!]!
56 almasRaiseAlertWithDynamicDataForKey(requestId: Long) : {AlmasRaiseAlertWithDynamicData!}!
57 almasRaiseAlertFromDatas: [AlmasRaiseAlertFromData!]!
58 almasRaiseAlertFromDataForKey(requestId: Long) : [AlmasRaiseAlertFromData!]!
59 almasRaiseAlertFromTemplates: [AlmasRaiseAlertFromTemplate!]!
<pre>60 almasRaiseAlertFromTemplateForKey(requestId: Long) :-</pre>
61 almasUpdateAlertPrioritys: [AlmasUpdateAlertPriority!]!
62 almasUpdateAlertPriorityForKey(requestId: Long) : {AlmasUpdateAlertPriority!}!
63 almasCancelAlerts: [AlmasCancelAlert!]!

64 almasCancelAlertForKey(requestId: Long) : [AlmasCancelAlert!]!	
<del>65</del> -	
66 almasSetLanguages: [AlmasSetLanguage!]!	
67 almasSetLanguageForKey(requestId: Long) : [AlmasSetLanguage!]!	
68 almasGetFilledMessageTexts: [AlmasGetFilledMessageText!]!	
69 almasGetFilledMessageTextForKey(requestId: Long) : [AlmasGetFilledMessageText!]!	
70-	
71 almasAcknowledgeAlerts: [AlmasAcknowledgeAlert!]!	
72 almasAcknowledgeAlertForKey(requestId: Long) : [AlmasAcknowledgeAlert!]!	
73 almasConfirmReceipts: [AlmasConfirmReceipt!]!	
74 almasConfirmReceiptForKey(requestId: Long) : [AlmasConfirmReceipt!]!	
75 almasHandleAlerts: [AlmasHandleAlert!]!	
<pre>76 almasHandleAlertForKey(requestId: Long) : [AlmasHandleAlert!]!</pre>	
77 almasRegisterReceivers: [AlmasRegisterReceiver!]!	
78 almasRegisterReceiverForKey(requestId: Long) : [AlmasRegisterReceiver!]!	
79 almasUnregisterReceivers: [AlmasUnregisterReceiver!]!	
80 almasUnregisterReceiverForKey(requestId: Long) : [AlmasUnregisterReceiver!	<del>]</del> †
81-	
82 )	
83-	
84 type Subscription {	
85 onAlmasFilledMessageText: AlmasFilledMessageTextUpdate!	
86-	
87 onAlmasRemoveAlertsWithDynamicMessageData: AlmasRemoveAlertsWithDynamicMessageDataUpdate!	
88-	
89 onAlmasAttachCategorisationRule: AlmasAttachCategorisationRuleUpdate!	
90-	
91 onAlmasDetachCategorisationRule: AlmasDetachCategorisationRuleUpdate!	
92-	
93-	
68 ALert Management Service (ALMAS), v	/1.3

94 onAlmasAlert: AlmasAlertUpdate!
95-
96 onAlmasAlertTemplateType: AlmasAlertTemplateTypeUpdate!
97-
98 onAlmasManager: AlmasManagerUpdate!
99-
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102 — onAlmasUpdateDynamicMessageData: AlmasUpdateDynamicMessageDataUpdate!
103
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117 - on AlmasRaiseAlertWithDynamicData: AlmasRaiseAlertWithDynamicDataUpdate
118
119 — onAlmasRaiseAlertFromData: AlmasRaiseAlertFromDataUpdate!
120
121 — onAlmasRaiseAlertFromTemplate: AlmasRaiseAlertFromTemplateUpdate!
122
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135
136
137
138
139 — onAlmasRegisterReceiver: AlmasRegisterReceiverUpdate!
140
141 — onAlmasUnregisterReceiver: AlmasUnregisterReceiverUpdate!
142
143
144 ->
145
146 type Mutation (
147 — updateAlmasFilledMessageText(instance: AlmasFilledMessageTextInput!):- AlmasFilledMessageText!
148
149 — updateAlmasRemoveAlertsWithDynamieMessageData(instance:
150
151 — updateAlmasAttachCategorisationRule(instance:
AlmasAttachCategorisationRuleInput!): AlmasAttachCategorisationRule!
152

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153 — updateAlmasDetachCategorisationRule(instance: AlmasDetachCategorisationRuleInput!): AlmasDetachCategorisationRule!
154
155
156 — updateAlmasAlert(instance: AlmasAlertInput!): AlmasAlert!
157
158 — updatcAlmasAlertTemplateType(instance: AlmasAlertTemplateTypeInput!): AlmasAlertTemplateType!
159
160 — updateAlmasManager(instance: AlmasManagerInput!): AlmasManager!
161
162 — updateAlmasSetAlertInhibited(instance: AlmasSetAlertInhibitedInput!): AlmasSetAlertInhibited!
163
164 — updateAlmasUpdateDynamicMessageData(instance: _ AlmasUpdateDynamicMessageDataInput!): AlmasUpdateDynamicMessageData!
165
166
167 — updateAlmasAlertReportType(instance: AlmasAlertReportTypeInput!):- AlmasAlertReportType!
168
169
170 — updateAlmasLoadReceiverHierarchy(instance: AlmasLoadReceiverHierarchyInput!): AlmasLoadReceiverHierarchy!
171
172 — updateAlmasLoadTemplateSet(instance: AlmasLoadTemplateSetInput!):- AlmasLoadTemplateSet!
173
174 — updatcAlmasLoadConfiguration(instance: AlmasLoadConfigurationInput!): AlmasLoadConfiguration!
175
176
177 — updatcAlmasRaiseAlertFromOverrides(instance:- AlmasRaiseAlertFromOverridesInput!): AlmasRaiseAlertFromOverrides!
178

179 — updateAlmasRaiseAlertWithDynamicData(instance:- AlmasRaiseAlertWithDynamicDataInput!): AlmasRaiseAlertWithDynamicData!
180
<pre>181 — updateAlmasRaiseAlertFromData(instance: AlmasRaiseAlertFromDataInput!): AlmasRaiseAlertFromData!</pre>
182
183 — updateAlmasRaiseAlertFromTemplate(instance:- AlmasRaiseAlertFromTemplateInput!): AlmasRaiseAlertFromTemplate!
184
185 — updateAlmasUpdateAlertPriority(instance: AlmasUpdateAlertPriorityInput!): AlmasUpdateAlertPriority!
186
187 — updateAlmasCancelAlert(instance: AlmasCancelAlertInput!): AlmasCancelAlert!
188
189
190 — updateAlmasSetLanguage(instance: AlmasSetLanguageInput!): AlmasSetLanguage!
191
192 — updateAlmasGetFilledMessageText(instance: AlmasGetFilledMessageTextInput!): AlmasGetFilledMessageText!
193
194
195 — updateAlmasAcknowledgeAlert(instance: AlmasAcknowledgeAlertInput!):- AlmasAcknowledgeAlert!
196
197 — updateAlmasConfirmReceipt(instance: AlmasConfirmReceiptInput!): AlmasConfirmReceipt!
198
199 — updateAlmasHandleAlert(instance: AlmasHandleAlertInput!): AlmasHandleAlert!
200
201 — updateAlmasRegisterReceiver(instance: AlmasRegisterReceiverInput!):- AlmasRegisterReceiver!
202
203 — updateAlmasUnregisterReceiver(instance: AlmasUnregisterReceiverInput!):- AlmasUnregisterReceiver!
204

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206 - dummyMutation (enumAlmasAckModelType: AlmasAckModelType, inputAlmasAlertReportType: AlmasAlertReportTypeInput, enumAlmasCategoryType: AlmasCategoryType, inputAlmasDynamicMessageDataType: AlmasDynamicMessageDataTypeInput, enumAlmasScopeType: AlmasScopeType, enumAlmasStateType: AlmasStateType, inputAlmasStaticMessageType: AlmasStaticMessageTypeInput, enumAlmasStatusType: AlmasStatusType, enumAlmasTimeoutActionType: AlmasTimeoutActionType, inputAlmasValidAlertResponseType: AlmasValidAlertResponseTypeInput,inputAlmasAlertDataExtraAttributesType: AlmasAlertDataExtraAttributesTypeInput, inputAlmasReceiverKindType:-AlmasReceiverKindTypeInput, inputAlmasAvailableAlertReceiverType:-AlmasAvailableAlertReceiverTypeInput, inputAlmasAlertDataType:-AlmasAlertDataTypeInput, inputAlmasAlertTemplateType: AlmasAlertTemplateTypeInput, inputAlmasAlert: AlmasAlertInput, inputAlmasManager: AlmasManagerInput, inputAlmasRaiseAlertFromTemplate: AlmasRaiseAlertFromTemplateInput, inputAlmasRegisterReceiver: AlmasRegisterReceiverInput, inputAlmasUnregisterReceiver: AlmasUnregisterReceiverInput, inputAlmasRaiseAlertWithDynamicData:-AlmasRaiseAlertWithDynamicDataInput, inputAlmasRaiseAlertFromData: AlmasRaiseAlertFromDataInput, inputAlmasUpdateAlertPriority: AlmasUpdateAlertPriorityInput, inputAlmasCancelAlert: AlmasCancelAlertInput, inputAlmasAcknowledgeAlert: AlmasAcknowledgeAlertInput, inputAlmasHandleAlert; AlmasHandleAlertInput, inputAlmasConfirmReceipt: AlmasConfirmReceiptInput, inputAlmasSetLanguage: AlmasSetLanguageInput, inputAlmasSetFilledMessageText: AlmasGetFilledMessageTextInput, inputAlmasFilledMessageText: AlmasFilledMessageTextInput, inputAlmasLoadReceiverHierarchv: AlmasLoadReceiverHierarchyInput, inputAlmasLoadTemplateSet: AlmasLoadTemplateSetInput, inputAlmasLoadConfiguration: AlmasLoadConfigurationInput, inputAlmasUpdateDynamicMessageData: AlmasUpdateDynamicMessageDataInput, inputAlmasSetAlertInhibited:-AlmasSetAlertInhibitedInput, inputAlmasAttachCategorisationRule: AlmasAttachCategorisationRuleInput, inputAlmasDetachCategorisationRule: AlmasDetachCategorisationRuleInput, inputAlmasRemoveAlertsWithDynamicMessageData: AlmasRemoveAlertsWithDynamicMessageDataInput, inputAlmasRaiseAlertFromOverrides: AlmasRaiseAlertFromOverridesInput, ignored: Boolean) : Boolean 2071

207

<del>208</del>

209 # Class:

210 # This class modelsthe conditions upon whichanalert state can transition to

211 # 'acknowledged'.

212 #--

213 enum AlmasAckModelType {

214 - # Attribute:

215 - # No acknowledgement required

216 ACK\_BY\_NONE

217 — # Attribute:
218 — # Any single acknowledgement is sufficient.
219 — ACK_BY_ANYONE
220 — # Attribute:
221 — # The alert must be acknowledged by all recipients.
222 — ACK_BY_ALL
223 }
224 type AlmasAlertReportTypeUpdate {
225 # The instance that has been updated (or deleted if Deleted flag is true).
226 — instance: AlmasAlertReportType!
227 # True if the instance has been deleted, false otherwise (i.e. on creation- or update).
<del>228 — deleted: Boolean!</del>
229 }
230
231 # Class:
232 # This provides the status information for specifically delivered alert item- to a
233 # receiver. This will contain details of whether the instance has been acknowledged
234 # by this receiver etc. and will also be completed with respect to any- dynamic
235 # message data.
236 type AlmasAlertReportType {
237 — # Attribute:
238 # Identified whether the alert has been acknowledged by this receiver
239 — acknowledged: Boolean!
240 — # Attribute:
241 <u># Identified whether the alert can be confirmed to have been routed as per-</u> the
242 — # 'routed' alert substate
243 — routed: Boolean!
244 — # Attribute:

245 # Identified whether the alert has been actioned by this receiver
246 — actioned: Boolean!
247 — # Attribute:
248 # Indicates that this receiver is the chosen actionce for this alert.
249 — receiverIsActionce: Boolean!
250 — # Attribute:
251 <u># Provides means by which an alternative action outside of the scope of</u> ALMAS can
252 - # be distributed with the alert via ALMAS.
253 — alternativeAction: [String!]!
254
255 — receiverId: String!
256
257 — alertId: Int!
258 }
259
<del>260 # Class:</del>
<pre>260 # Class: 261 # This provides the status information for specifically delivered alert item- to a</pre>
261 # This provides the status information for specifically delivered alert item-
<pre>261# This provides the status information for specifically delivered alert item- to a 262# receiver. This will contain details of whether the instance has been-</pre>
<pre>261# This provides the status information for specifically delivered alert item- to a 262# receiver. This will contain details of whether the instance has been- acknowledged 263# by this receiver etc. and will also be completed with respect to any-</pre>
<pre>261# This provides the status information for specifically delivered alert item- to a 262# receiver. This will contain details of whether the instance has been- acknowledged 263# by this receiver etc. and will also be completed with respect to any- dynamic</pre>
<pre>261# This provides the status information for specifically delivered alert item- to a 262# receiver. This will contain details of whether the instance has been- acknowledged 263# by this receiver etc. and will also be completed with respect to any- dynamic 264# message data.</pre>
<pre>261# This provides the status information for specifically delivered alert item- to a 262# receiver. This will contain details of whether the instance has been- acknowledged 263# by this receiver etc. and will also be completed with respect to any- dynamic 264# message data. 265 input AlmasAlertReportTypeInput {</pre>
<pre>261# This provides the status information for specifically delivered alert item- to a 262# receiver. This will contain details of whether the instance has been- acknowledged 263# by this receiver etc. and will also be completed with respect to any- dynamic 264# message data. 265 input AlmaoAlertReportTypeInput { 266 # Attribute:</pre>
<pre>261# This provides the status information for specifically delivered alert item- to a 262# receiver. This will contain details of whether the instance has been- acknowledged 263# by this receiver etc. and will also be completed with respect to any- dynamic 264# message data. 265 input AlmaoAlertReportTypeInput { 266 # Attribute: 267 # Identified whether the alert has been acknowledged by this receiver</pre>
<pre>261# This provides the status information for specifically delivered alert item- to a 262# receiver. This will contain details of whether the instance has been- acknowledged 263# by this receiver etc. and will also be completed with respect to any- dynamic 264# message data. 265 input AlmasAlertReportTypeInput { 266 # Attribute: 267 # Identified whether the alert has been acknowledged by this receiver 268 acknowledged: Boolean!</pre>
<pre>261# This provides the status information for specifically delivered alert item to a 262# receiver. This will contain details of whether the instance has been acknowledged 263# by this receiver etc. and will also be completed with respect to any dynamic 264# message data. 265 input AlmasAlertReportTypeInput { 266 - # Attribute: 267 - # Identified whether the alert has been acknowledged by this receiver 268 - acknowledged: Boolean! 269 - # Attribute: 270 - # Identified whether the alert can be confirmed to have been routed as per-</pre>

<del>273 — # Attribute:</del>
274 - # Identified whether the alert has been actioned by this receiver
275 — actioned: Boolean!
276 # Attribute:
277 # Indicates that this receiver is the chosen actionce for this alert.
278 — receiverIsActionee: Boolean!
279 # Attribute:
280 # Provides means by which an alternative action outside of the scope of ALMAS can
281 # be distributed with the alert via ALMAS.
282 — alternativeAction: [String!]!
283
284 — receiverId: String!
285
286 — alertId: Int!
2 <del>87 }</del>
288 # Class:
289 # The categories of alerts in terms of the expectation placed on the operator
290 # receiving the alert; i.e. generically, why has the alert been received and
what
what
<pre>what 291 # type of implicit or explicit response is expected.</pre>
<pre>what 291 # type of implicit or explicit response is expected. 292 #-</pre>
<pre>what 291# type of implicit or explicit response is expected. 292# 293 enum AlmasCategoryType {</pre>
<pre>what 291# type of implicit or explicit response is expected. 292#- 293 enum AlmasCategoryType { 294 # Attribute: 295 # An explicit input to the system is expected as a result of receiving the-</pre>
<pre>what 291 # type of implicit or explicit response is expected. 292 #_ 293 enum AlmasCategoryType { 294 - # Attribute: 295 - # An explicit input to the system is expected as a result of receiving the alert. 296 - # The alert persists until its is cancelled due to the condition to which-</pre>
<pre>what 291# type of implicit or explicit response is expected. 292#- 293 enum AlmasCategoryType { 294 - # Attribute: 295 - # An explicit input to the system is expected as a result of receiving the- alert. 296 - # The alert persists until its is cancelled due to the condition to which- it 297 - # relates no longer being present (due either to explicit operator action-</pre>
<pre>what 291 # type of implicit or explicit response is expected. 292 #- 293 enum AlmasCategoryType { 294 - # Attribute: 295 - # An explicit input to the system is expected as a result of receiving the alert. 296 - # The alert persists until its is cancelled due to the condition to which it 297 - # relates no longer being present (due either to explicit operator action relating</pre>

301 <u># The receiver may decide to take an explicit action in mitigation to the</u> condition
302 # to which the warning relates. The alert does not persist according to the
303 — # underlying condition that the alert warns about.
304 — WARNING
305 — # Attribute:
306 <u># The receiver is expected to take account of this information in</u> subsequent
307 <u># decisions. The alert does not persist according to the underlying</u> condition that
308 — # the alert informs about.
309 — INFORMATION
310 — # Attribute:
311 # The receiver is expected to take account of the new state of the situation in
312 # subsequent decisions. The alert persists until its is cancelled due to the
313 <u># condition to which it relates no longer being present (due either to explicit</u>
314 <u># operator action relating to the alert or action external to the ALMAS</u> system).
315 — SITUATION
316 +
<del>317 # Class:</del>
318 # Since Alerts often have variable data fields, the DynamicMessageData class
319 # provides the means for inserting variable content into the Alert's MessageText
320 # during runtime. Replacement values for the DataTag are treated as strict- string
321 # substitution within the MessageText of the StaticMessage associated with the
322 # Alert. This is used to capture the triplet of data tag type, tag position- in the
323 # alert message and the value that this tag in the template message text should be

324 # replaced with. Note: if the text specified in the StaticMessage contains

325 # multiple replacement points (specified by %%t1 through %%tn) then an equal- number
326 # of DynamicMessageData objects are required for full substitution.
327 type AlmasDynamicMessageDataType {
328 # Attribute:
329 # The type of related object e.g. freetext, track, vehicle, position, etc.
330 — dataType: String!
<del>331 # Attribute:</del>
332 # This identifies the insertion point for the related object in the MessageText
333 # associated with the Alert. I.e. where the MessageText is "xxxxx %t1 yyyyyyy
334 <u># zzzz", then DataTag has the value 'tl'. It is a case sensitive,</u> alphanumerie
335 # string
336 — dataTag: String!
337 — # Attribute:
338 # The value of the object instantiation. Given a type
339 # of string to be general enough to support free text
340 # and track/vehicle id's alike
341 — dataValue: String!
342 }
343
344 <del># Class:</del>
345 # Since Alerts often have variable data fields, the DynamicMessageData class
346  provides the means for inserting variable content into the Alert's MessageText
347 # during runtime. Replacement values for the DataTag are treated as strict string
348 # substitution within the MessageText of the StaticMessage associated with the
349# Alert. This is used to capture the triplet of data tag type, tag position in the
350 # alert message and the value that this tag in the template message text should be

351 # replaced with. Note: if the text specified in the StaticMessage contains 352 # multiple replacement points (specified by %%t1 through %%tn) then an equal number 353 # of DynamicMessageData objects are required for full substitution. 354 input AlmasDynamicMessageDataTypeInput { 355 - # Attribute: 356 # The type of related object e.g. freetext, track, vehicle, position, etc. 357 dataType: String! 358 # Attribute: 359 # This identifies the insertion point for the related object in the MessageText 360 # associated with the Alert. I.e. where the MessageText is "xxxxx %t1-<del>УУУУУУУУ</del> 361 # zzzz", then DataTag has the value 't1'. It is a case sensitive, alphanumeric 362 # string 363 - dataTag: String! 364 - # Attribute: 365 # The value of the object instantiation. Given a type 366 # of string to be general enough to support free text 367 # and track/vehicle id's alike 368 — dataValue: String! <del>369 ]</del> 370 # Class: 371 # This class models the scope of the alert's dissemination. 372 #--373 enum AlmasScopeType { 374 - # Attribute: 375 <u># unrestricted dissemination</u> 377 - # Attribute: 378 # dissemination restricted to known functions

379 RESTRICTED SCOPE 380 # Attribute: 381 # dissemination restricted to specified addresses 382 PRIVATE SCOPE 383 ] 384 # Class: 385 # The states between which an alert transitions in its lifetime. <del>386 #\_</del> 387 enum AlmasStateType { 388 # Attribute: 389 - # The alert has been created by the alert producer. 390 RAISED 391 # Attribute: 392 # The alert has been routed to the receivers, but reception has not beenconfirmed 393 - # by sufficient receivers to enter the received state. 394 - ROUTED 395 # Attribute: 396 # The alert has been received by sufficient receivers. 397 - RECEIVED 398 - # Attribute: 399 # All necessary acknowledgements have been made. 400 ACKNOWLEDGED 401 - # Attribute: 402 # The alert ends its lifetime through being handled by the receiver. 403 — HANDLED 405 - # The alert ends its lifetime through being cancelled by the producer. 406 — CANCELLED 407 - # Attribute: 408 # The alert ends its lifetime through beingtimed-out.

409 TIMED_OUT
410}
411 # Class:
412 # Provides the default message text for an alert as a tuplet of the actual static
413 # text and the language in which the text is provided. If the StaticMessage
414
415 type AlmasStaticMessageType {
416 — # Attribute:
417 <u># This is a text string, which in an Alert or AlertTemplate is only</u> partially
418 <u># completed. With the MessageText being "xxxxx %t1 yyyyyyy zzzz" in an</u> Alert or
419  # AlertTemplate, and with a DynamicMessageData with DataTag having the value 't1'
420  # and DataValue having the value '123' then the resulting MessageText in response
421 # to GetFilledMessageText will be 'xxxxx 123 yyyyyyy zzzz'. All- substitution
422 - # points are bracketed by use of " <space>%" and <space>, and are case- sensitive,</space></space>
423 <u># alphanumeric strings ("t1" in the above)</u> which should correspond to a DataTag in
424 - # an associated DynamicMessageData.
425 — messageText: String!
426 — # Attribute:
427 — # The message `Locale'
428 <u>messageLanguage: String!</u>
429 }
430
431 # Class:
432 # Provides the default message text for an alert as a tuplet of the actual static
433 # text and the language in which the text is provided. If the StaticMessage

434 # requires runtime updating, then use data tags as specified in DynamicMessageData.
435 input AlmasStaticMessageTypeInput {
436 — # Attribute:
437 # This is a text string, which in an Alert or AlertTemplate is only partially
438 <u># completed. With the MessageText being "xxxxx %tl yyyyyyy zzzz" in an</u> Alert or
<pre>439 # AlertTemplate, and with a DynamicMessageData with DataTag having the value 't1'</pre>
440 <u># and DataValue having the value '123' then the resulting MessageText in</u> response
441 <u># to CetFilledMessageText will be 'xxxxxx 123 yyyyyyy zzzz'. All</u> substitution
<pre>442 # points are bracketed by use of "<space>%" and <space>, and are case sensitive,</space></space></pre>
443 <u># alphanumeric strings ("t1" in the above) which should correspond to a</u> DataTag in
444 <del># an associated DynamicMessageData.</del>
445 — messageText: String!
446 # Attribute:
447 # The message `Locale'
448 <u>messageLanguage: String!</u>
449 }
4 <del>50 # Class:</del>
451 # The status of the entities with regards to the mode of use of ALMAS in comparison
452 # to the mode of use of receivers and producers.
4 <del>53 # -</del>
454 <del>enum AlmasStatusType {</del>
455 <del># Attribute:</del>
456 - # Actionable by all targeted recipients
457 — ACTUAL
458 — # Attribute:
459 - # Actionable only by designated exercise participants

460 — EXERCISE
461 — # Attribute:
462 - # For entities that support alert network internal functions.
4 <del>63 — SYSTEM</del>
464 — # Attribute:
465 # Technical testing only, all recipients disregard.
466
467 }
4 <del>68 # Class:</del>
469 # This class models the possible behaviors when an alert is timed-out.
470 #
471 enum AlmasTimeoutActionType {
472 — # Attribute:
473 # The alort is just cancelled (the alort instance's lifetime ends).
474 — CANCEL_ONLY
475 — # Attribute:
476 <u># The alert manager is notified</u> .
477 — NOTIFY_ONLY
478 — # Attribute:
479  # The alert is cancelled (the alert instance's lifetime ends) and the alert manager
480 - # is notified.
481 <u>CANCEL_WITH_NOTIFY</u>
482 }
4 <del>83 # Class:</del>
484 # The ValidAlertResponse is the association class that specifies the list of
485# actions that a particular ReceiverKind (c.g. "role") can take in response- to an
486# Alert of an AlertTemplate type. It also specifies the "pecking order" of that
487 # ReceiverKind among all ReceiverKinds associated with that AlertTemplate.

488# The set of alternative action strings can be used by the system to provide a
489# constraind set of "command-response" options to the client. For example,
490 # ValidAlertResponses for an "Engagement Request Alert" might include- "WILCO",
491 # "CANTCO", etc.
492 type AlmasValidAlertResponseType {
493 — # Attribute:
494 # The 'names' of alternative actions available to the relevant actor.
495 <u>alternativeAction: [String!]</u>
496 — # Attribute:
497 # The priority of the ReceiveKkind as actionce for a specifc alert kind as
498 # described by its template. The highest priority actionee for an action- alert
499 # should be chosen as the current actionee for the alert. This will then flow into
500 # the ReceiverIsActionce field of the AlertReport.
501 — actionecPriority: Short!
<del>502 }</del>
<del>502  </del>   <del>503</del>
503
503 504 <del># Class:</del>
<pre>503 504 # Class: 505 # The ValidAlertResponse is the association class that specifies the list of 506 # actions that a particular ReceiverKind (e.g. "role") can take in response</pre>
<pre>503 504 # Class: 505 # The ValidAlertResponse is the association class that specifies the list of 506 # actions that a particular ReceiverKind (e.g. "role") can take in response to an 507 # Alert of an AlertTemplate type. It also specifies the "pecking order" of</pre>
<pre>503 504 # Class: 505 # The ValidAlertResponse is the association class that specifies the list of 506 # actions that a particular ReceiverKind (e.g. "role") can take in response to an 507 # Alert of an AlertTemplate type. It also specifies the "pecking order" of that</pre>
<pre>503 504 # Class: 505 # The ValidAlertResponse is the association class that specifies the list of 506 # actions that a particular ReceiverKind (e.g. "role") can take in response to an 507 # Alert of an AlertTemplate type. It also specifies the "pecking order" of that 508 # ReceiverKind among all ReceiverKinds associated with that AlertTemplate. 509 # The set of alternative action strings can be used by the system to provide-</pre>
<pre>503 504 # Class: 505 # The ValidAlertResponse is the association class that specifies the list of 506 # actions that a particular ReceiverKind (e.g. "role") can take in response to an 507 # Alert of an AlertTemplate type. It also specifies the "peeking order" of that 508 # ReceiverKind among all ReceiverKinds associated with that AlertTemplate. 509 # The set of alternative action strings can be used by the system to provide a</pre>
<pre>503 504 # Class: 505 # The ValidAlertResponse is the association class that specifies the list of 506 # actions that a particular ReceiverKind (e.g. "role") can take in response- to-an 507 # Alert of an AlertTemplate type. It also specifies the "pecking order" of that 508 # ReceiverKind among all ReceiverKinds associated with that AlertTemplate. 509 # The set of alternative action strings can be used by the system to provide- a 510 # constraind set of "command-response" options to the client. For example, 511 # ValidAlertResponses for an "Engagement Request Alert" might-include-</pre>
<pre>503 504# Class: 505# The ValidAlertResponse is the association class that specifies the list of 506# actions that a particular ReceiverKind (e.g. "role") can take in response- to an 507# Alert of an AlertTemplate type. It also specifies the "pecking order" of- that 508# ReceiverKind among all ReceiverKinds associated with that AlertTemplate. 509# The set of alternative action strings can be used by the system to provide- a 510# constraind set of "command-response" options to the client. For example, 511# ValidAlertResponses for an "Engagement Request Alert" might include- "WILCO",</pre>

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515 # The 'names' of alternative actions available to the relevant actor.	
516 — alternativeAction: [String!]!	
517 — # Attribute:	
518 # The priority of the ReceiveKkind as actionee for a specife alert kind as	
519 # described by its template. The highest priority actionce for an action alert	
520 <u># should be chosen as the current actionce for the alert. This will then</u> flow into	
521 - # the ReceiverIsActionee field of the AlertReport.	
522 — actioncePriority: Short!	
523 }	
<del>524 # Class:</del>	
525 # This is a class representing items of alert data that are specific to- particular	
526 # clients, that require supporting in order to fulfil possible requirements of an	
527 # alert management system (such as images or other binary data), but are not	
528 # general enough to be defined explicitly as data types in an ALMAS. Effectively	
529 # ALMAS provides blind delivery of the information provided by this class to the	
530 # alert receiver without any knowledge as to its intended meaning and behaviour.	
531 # The extra attributes are configured via the ALMAS Alert definition xml PSM	
532 # specified in section 7.1. If defined in the Alert definition XML provided to	
533 # ALMAS, then ALMAS shall support the definition, receipt, storage and passing of	
534 # this data to receivers as part of a standard implementation.	
535 type AlmasAlertDataExtraAttributesType {	
<del>536 # Attribute:</del>	
537 # Name of the client specific attribute	
538 — name: String!	
539 # Attribute:	

540 # Valid Values for this are:

541 - # 0 = string <del>1 = Integer8</del> 543 # 2 = Integer16 3 = Integer32 -4 = Float32546 # 5 = Float64 <del>6 = bytes</del> 548 - typeOfByteData: Short! 549 # Attribute: 550 # Used to provide indicaton of the content e.g. "image (jpg)", "URL",-"track 551 # object", ... 552 description: String! 553 # Attribute: 554 - # Contents as a byte sequence 555 value: [Short!]! <del>556 )</del> 557 558 # Class: 559 # This is a class representing items of alert data that are specific toparticular 560 # clients, that require supporting in order to fulfil possible requirements <del>of an</del> 561 # alert management system (such as images or other binary data), but are not 562 # general enough to be defined explicitly as data types in an ALMAS. Effectively 563 # ALMAS provides blind delivery of the information provided by this class tothe 564 # alert receiver without any knowledge as to its intended meaning and behaviour. 565 # The extra attributes are configured via the ALMAS Alert definition xml PSM 566 # specified in section 7.1. If defined in the Alert definition XML provided to

567 # ALMAS, then ALMAS shall support the definition, receipt, storage and passing of

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568 # this data to receivers as part of a standard implementation. 569 input AlmasAlertDataExtraAttributesTypeInput { 570 - # Attribute: 571 # Name of the client specific attribute 573 - # Attribute: 574 # Valid Values for this are: 575 # 0 = string <del>1 = Integer8</del> 577 <u># 2 = Integer16</u> 578 # 3 = Integer32 579 # 4 = Float32 580 # 5 = Float64 581 <del># 6 = bytes</del> 582 - typeOfByteData: Short! 583 # Attribute: 584 # Used to provide indicaton of the content e.g. "image (jpg)", "URL", "track 585 # object", ... 586 - description: String! 587 # Attribute: 588 # Contents as a byte sequence 589 value: [Short!]! <del>590 )</del> 591 # Class: 592 # The descriptor of an alert receiver. This could for example be an operator role. 593 # ReceiverKind objects are used in many places in ALMAS including the 594 # specification of what operators/clients will receive which Alerts. 595 # o These are used to show all possible receivers of an Alert, when used in an

596 # AlertTemplate;

597# o These are used during runtime to identify the actual receivers for an active
598 # alert.
599 type AlmasReceiverKindType {
600 — # Attribute:
601 <u># String identifier of the kind of receiver, for example the role of a</u> receiving
602 — # operator.
603 — rkType: String!
604 — # Attribute:
605 — # The hierarchical parent receiver kind name that this one "belongs to". — This is
606  # used by ALMAS to resolve cases where a specific RK is not available but- handing
607 - # is required by an appropriate receiver. Note that a lack of a Parent is
608 - # indicated by an empty string.
609
610
611 — validResponse: AlmasValidAlertResponseType
612 }
613
<del>614 # Class:</del>
615 # The descriptor of an alert receiver. This could for example be an operator role.
616 # ReceiverKind objects are used in many places in ALMAS including the
617 # specification of what operators/clients will receive which Alerts.
617# specification of what operators/clients will receive which Alerts. 618# o These are used to show all possible receivers of an Alert, when used in an
618 # o These are used to show all possible receivers of an Alert, when used in-
618 # o These are used to show all possible receivers of an Alert, when used in an
618 # o These are used to show all possible receivers of an Alert, when used in an 619 # AlertTemplate; 620 # o These are used during runtime to identify the actual receivers for an
<pre>618 # o These are used to show all possible receivers of an Alert, when used in an 619 # AlertTemplate; 620 # o These are used during runtime to identify the actual receivers for an- active</pre>

624 <u># String identifier of the kind of receiver, for example the role of a</u> receiving
625 # operator.
626 - rkType: String!
627 - # Attribute:
628 # The hierarchical parent receiver kind name that this one "belongs to". This is
629 # used by ALMAS to resolve cases where a specific RK is not available but- handing
630 # is required by an appropriate receiver. Note that a lack of a Parent is
631 <u># indicated by an empty string.</u>
632 — rkParentType: String!
633
634 — validResponse: AlmasValidAlertResponseTypeInput
<del>635 }</del>
636 # Class:
637 # The class used to identify a receiver of alerts. A registered receiver of
638 # alerts. The AvailableAlertReceiver is registered with ALMAS through the
639 # ALMASResponder API. The AvailableAlertReceiver is directly associated with an
640 # ALMASReceiver through the ReceiverID attribute, which is provided at registration
641 # time to ALMAS using the RegisterReceiver method.
642 type AlmasAvailableAlertReceiverType {
643 — # Attribute:
644 - # Unique identifier for the receiver.
645 — receiverId: String!
646 # Attribute:
647 <u># The kind of the receiver as an explicit attribute link to the Receiver</u> Kind
648 <u># class.</u>
649 — receiverKind: AlmasReceiverKindType
<del>650 }</del>

651 652 # Class: 653 # The class used to identify a receiver of alerts. A registered receiver of 654 # alerts. The AvailableAlertReceiver is registered with ALMAS through the 655 # ALMASResponder API. The AvailableAlertReceiver is directly associated with an 656 # ALMASReceiver through the ReceiverID attribute, which is provided at registration 657 # time to ALMAS using the RegisterReceiver method. 658 input AlmasAvailableAlertReceiverTypeInput { 659 # Attribute: 660 # Unique identifier for the receiver. 662 - # Attribute: 663 # The kind of the receiver as an explicit attribute link to the Receiver Kind 664 <del># class.</del> 665 - receiverKind: AlmasReceiverKindTypeInput 6661 667 # Class: 668 # This represents the set of data shared between the alert template and alert 669 # classes. All fields have default values which can be changed when alerts are 670 # raised/updated. This may be set up through the use of templates asspecified 671 # through the XML PSM, which initialises AlertTemplate and its associated classes. 672 type AlmasAlertDataType { 673 - # Attribute: 674 - # A unique identifier for template which owns this alert data (or that was used to 675 # create the alert if this is referenced from Alert). Valid range from 1 upwards. 676 - templateId: Int!

677 - # Attribute:

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678  # This enumeration can take the value Action / Warning / Information / Situation
679 — category: AlmasCategoryType
680 # Attribute:
681 # Alert priority as an integer value in the range 1-99. The priority is open for
682 # client use and not intended for interpretation by ALMAS.
683 priority: Short!
684 # Attribute:
685 # Corresponds to the OASIS CAP Status field.
686 <u># "Actual" - Actionable by all targeted recipients</u>
687 <u># "Exercise"- Actionable only by designated exercise participants;</u> exercise
688 # identifier should appear in an Alert Data Extra Attributes element
689 # "System" - For messages that support alort network internal functions
690 # "Test" - Technical testing only, all recipients disregard
691 — status: AlmasStatusType
692 # Attribute:
693 # Corresponds to CAP scope.
694 — scope: AlmasScopeType
695 # Attribute:
696 # Specifies the time, in seconds, required to elapse before the alert will- timeout
697 # and perform its default timeout action. 0 implies there is no timeout.
698 timeout: Int!
<del>699</del> # Attribute:
700 # This is set if confirmation of receipt is required
701 # i.e. that it has been distributed. If this is set to true the
702 # producer has registered for receipt of the distribution notification.
703 — confirmationRequired: Boolean!
704 # Attribute:
705 <u># This is an additional field to support client specific filtering</u> mechanisms.

706 — secondaryGrouping: String!
707 — # Attribute:
708 <u># Indicates whether the alert data is required to be persistent in the</u> event of a
709 — # system restart
710 — persistent: Boolean!
711 — # Attribute:
712 - # A flag which, when true, indicates that the alert should have guaranteed
713 — # delivery.
714 — reliablyDistributed: Boolean!
715 — # Attribute:
716 - # When the alert times-out, ALMAS acts according to this attribute.
717 — timeoutAction: AlmasTimeoutActionType
718 — # Attribute:
719 — # Sets the conditions upon which the alert state can-
720 - # transition to 'acknowledged'.
721 — # This has the options of {none, anyone, all}
722 — acknowledgementModel: AlmasAckModelType
723
724 — staticMessages: [AlmasStaticMessageType!]!
725
726 — dynamicMessages: [AlmasDynamicMessageDataType!]!
727
728 — extraAttributes: [AlmasAlertDataExtraAttributesType!]!
729 }
730
7 <del>31 # Class:</del>
732 # This represents the set of data shared between the alert template and alert
733 # classes. All fields have default values which can be changed when alerts are
734 # raised/updated. This may be set up through the use of templates as specified

735 # through the XML PSM, which initialises AlertTemplate and its associated classes.
736 input AlmasAlertDataTypeInput {
737 - # Attribute:
738 # A unique identifier for template which owns this alert data (or that was used to
739 # create the alert if this is referenced from Alert). Valid range from 1- upwards.
740 — templateId: Int!
741 # Attribute:
742  # This enumeration can take the value Action / Warning / Information /- Situation
743 — category: AlmasCategoryType
744 - # Attribute:
745 # Alert priority as an integer value in the range 1-99. The priority is open for
746 # client use and not intended for interpretation by ALMAS.
747 — priority: Short!
748 # Attribute:
749 # Corresponds to the OASIS CAP Status field.
750 - # "Actual" - Actionable by all targeted recipients
751 <u># "Exercise"- Actionable only by designated exercise participants;</u> exercise
752 # identifier should appear in an Alert Data Extra Attributes element
753 # "System" - For messages that support alert network internal functions
754 # "Test" - Technical testing only, all recipients disregard
755 — status: AlmasStatusType
756 # Attribute:
757 # Corresponds to CAP scope.
758 — scope: AlmasScopeType
759 # Attribute:
760 # Specifies the time, in seconds, required to elapse before the alert will timeout
761 # and perform its default timeout action. 0 implies there is no timeout.

762 — timeout: Int!
763 — # Attribute:
764 - # This is set if confirmation of receipt is required
765 # i.e. that it has been distributed. If this is set to true the
766 # producer has registered for receipt of the distribution notification.
767 — confirmationRequired: Boolean!
768 - # Attribute:
769 <u># This is an additional field to support client specific filtering</u> mechanisms.
770 — secondaryGrouping: String!
771 — # Attribute:
772 <b>#</b> Indicates whether the alert data is required to be persistent in the event of a
773 — # system restart
774 — persistent: Boolean!
775 - # Attribute:
776 # A flag which, when true, indicates that the alert should have guaranteed
777 — # delivery.
778 — reliablyDistributed: Boolean!
779 - # Attribute:
780 # When the alert times-out, ALMAS acts according to this attribute.
781 — timeoutAction: AlmasTimeoutActionType
782 — # Attribute:
783 - # Sets the conditions upon which the alert state can-
784 - # transition to 'acknowledged'.
785 - # This has the options of {none, anyone, all}
786 — acknowledgementModel: AlmasAckModelType
787
788 — staticMessages: [AlmasStaticMessageTypeInput!]!
789
790 - dynamicMessages: [AlmasDynamicMessageDataTypeInput!]!
791

94

792 — extraAttributes: [AlmasAlertDataExtraAttributesTypeInput!]!
793 }
794 type AlmasAlertTemplateTypeUpdate {
795 # The instance that has been updated (or deleted if Deleted flag is true).
796 — instance: AlmasAlertTemplateType!
797 <u># True if the instance has been deleted</u> , false otherwise (i.e. on creation or update).
798 — deleted: Boolean!
799 }
800
801 # Operation:
802 # Retrieves an existing alert template from ALMAS by providing the template- ID.
803 # Interface:
804 # The ALMASManager interface provides the minimal set of APIs necessary to- track
805 # ALMAS activity. Additionally, the ALMASManager provides the interface in ALMAS
806 # for retrieving Alerts and AlertTemplates, and registering for the notification of
807# delivery of Alerts. Note that the registration of receivers is done via the
808 # ALMAS Responder class.
809 # Note: The methods found in the ALMASProducer interface allow the system to- update
810 # the status or attributes of an alert during runtime.
811 # Class:
812 # An AlertTemplate specifys the generic characteristics of a specific alert- type
813 # "at rest" (e.g. the general characteristics of a collision warning alert). This
814 # includes the category of alert, such as Action etc. An AerltTemplate uses an
815 # associated AlertData object to specify the contents of the template. An
816 # AlertTemplate can be used to specify the properties of commonly used within a

817 # system. At the time of raising an Alert from a template, the user/system	
818 # provides the relevant instance data of that alert	
819 type AlmasAlertTemplateType {	
820 — # Attribute:	
<pre>821 # The inhibition status of that alert type. If this is 'true' then attempts</pre>	
822 - # raise an alert of that type will fail.	
823 — inhibited: Boolean!	
824 - # Attribute:	
825 — # Indicates that the alert should be-	
826 - # raised to all available receivers rather	
827 - # than specified ones.	
828 — raiseToAll: Boolean!	
829	
830 — alertData: AlmasAlertDataType	
831	
832 — receiverKinds: [AlmasReceiverKindType!]!	
833 )	
834	
835 # Operation:	
836# Retrieves an existing alert template from ALMAS by providing the template ID.	
837 # Interface:	
838 # The ALMASManager interface provides the minimal set of APIs necessary to track	
839 # ALMAS activity. Additionally, the ALMASManager provides the interface in ALMAS	
840 # for retrieving Alerts and AlertTemplates, and registering for the notification of	
841# delivery of Alerts. Note that the registration of receivers is done via the	
842 # ALMAS Responder class.	

844 # the status or attributes of an alert during runtime.
845 # Class:
846# An AlertTemplate specifys the generic characteristics of a specific alert- type
847# "at rest" (e.g. the general characteristics of a collision warning alert). This
848 # includes the category of alert, such as Action etc. An AerltTemplate uses an
849# associated AlertData object to specify the contents of the template. An
850 # AlertTemplate can be used to specify the properties of commonly used within a
851# system. At the time of raising an Alert from a template, the user/system
852 # provides the relevant instance data of that alert
853 input AlmasAlortTemplateTypeInput (
854 # Attribute:
855 # The inhibition status of that alert type. If this is 'true' then attempts to
856 - # raise an alert of that type will fail.
857 — inhibited: Boolean!
858 - # Attribute:
859 - # Indicates that the alert should be-
860 - # raised to all available receivers rather-
861 — # than specified ones.
862 — raiseToAll: Boolean!
863
864 — alertData: AlmasAlertDataTypeInput
865
866 receiverKinds: [AlmasReceiverKindTypeInput!]!
867 }
868 type AlmasAlertUpdate (
869 # The instance that has been updated (or deleted if Deleted flag is true).
870 — instance: AlmasAlert!

871 - # True if the instance has been deleted, false otherwise (i.e. on creation-
or update).
872 — deleted: Boolean!
873 }
874
875 # Operation:
876 # Retrieves data for a specific raised alert from ALMAS given the passed- AlertID.
877 # Assumes the requestor knows the AlertID to retrieve.
878 # Interface:
879 # The ALMASManager interface provides the minimal set of APIs necessary to track
880 # ALMAS activity. Additionally, the ALMASManager provides the interface in ALMAS
881 # for retrieving Alerts and AlertTemplates, and registering for the notification of
882 # delivery of Alerts. Note that the registration of receivers is done via the
883 # ALMAS Responder class.
884 # Note: The methods found in the ALMASProducer interface allow the system to- update
885 # the status or attributes of an alert during runtime.
886 # Class:
887 # An active alert within ALMAS. The Alert class provides the main entity that
888 # ALMAS uses for tracking the state of an alert. The specific data such as message
$\frac{889 \#}{\text{which}}$ and other attributes for an active alert is provided in the AlertData class which
890 # is a member attribute of the Alert
891 type AlmasAlert (
892 — # Attribute:
893 # The instance id for the specific instance of the alert.
894 — alortId: Int!
895 — # Attribute:
896 — # The time at which the alert was raised.

98

897 — raisingTime: Long!
898 — # Attribute:
899 - # Holds the current state of the alert, valid states are determined by the category
900 - # of the alert, {Raised, Routed, Received, Acknowledged, Handled, Cancelled,
901 <u># Timed_Out}. Note that Handled is not a valid state for Information and</u> Warning
902 - # Alerts.
903 — currentState: AlmasStateType
904 — # Attribute:
905 # The producer freetext ID - corresponds to CAP source
906 — producerId: String!
907
908 — alertData: AlmasAlertDataType
<del>909</del>
910 — receivers: [AlmasAvailableAlertReceiverType!]!
911 }
912
913 # Operation:
914 # Retrieves data for a specific raised alert from ALMAS given the passed AlertID.
915 # Assumes the requestor knows the AlertID to retrieve.
916 # Interface:
917 # The ALMASManager interface provides the minimal set of APIs necessary to track
918 # ALMAS activity. Additionally, the ALMASManager provides the interface in ALMAS
919 # for retrieving Alerts and AlertTemplates, and registering for the notification of
920 # delivery of Alerts. Note that the registration of receivers is done via the
921 # ALMAS Responder class.
922 # Note: The methods found in the ALMASProducer interface allow the system to update

923 # the status or attributes of an alert during runtime.
<del>924 # Class:</del>
925 # An active alert within ALMAS. The Alert class provides the main entity that
926 # ALMAS uses for tracking the state of an alert. The specific data such as message
927 # and other attributes for an active alert is provided in the AlertData class which
928 # is a member attribute of the Alert
929 input AlmasAlertInput {
<del>930 — # Attribute:</del>
931 # The instance id for the specific instance of the alert.
932 alertId: Int!
933 — # Attribute:
934 # The time at which the alert was raised.
935 — raisingTime: Long!
936 # Attribute:
937 # Holds the current state of the alert, valid states are determined by the category
938 # of the alert, {Raised, Routed, Received, Acknowledged, Handled, - Cancelled,
939 # Timed_Out}. Note that Handled is not a valid state for Information and Warning
940 # Alerts.
941 — currentState: AlmasStateType
942 — # Attribute:
943 # The producer freetext ID - corresponds to CAP source
944 — producerId: String!
945
946 — alertData: AlmasAlertDataTypeInput
<del>947</del>
948 — receivers: [AlmasAvailableAlertReceiverTypeInput!]!
<del>949 }</del>
950 type AlmasManagerUpdate {
100 ALert Management Service (ALMAS), v1.3

951 # The instance that has been updated (or deleted if Deleted flag is true). 953 - # True if the instance has been deleted, false otherwise (i.e. on creation or update). <del>955 ]</del> 956 957 # Class: 958 # Need a singleton topic for ALMAS\_Manager since it has attributes 959 type AlmasManager { 960 - systemId: String! <del>961}</del> 962 963 # Class: 964 # Need a singleton topic for ALMAS\_Manager since it has attributes 965 input AlmasManagerInput { 966 - systemId: String! <del>967</del>+ 968 type AlmasRaiseAlertFromTemplateUpdate { 969 # The instance that has been updated (or deleted if Deleted flag is true). 970 — instance: AlmasRaiseAlertFromTemplate! 971 - # True if the instance has been deleted, false otherwise (i.e. on creationor update). 972 - deleted: Boolean! 973 -<del>974</del> 975 # Operation: 976 # Raise an alert without any of the optional parameters for optimal use inthe 977 # normal case. 978 # Interface:

979 # Provides the API by which system objects producing alerts can create and update
*
980 # alerts that are generated. A CallStatus object will be returned to indicate
981 # whether the request has been accepted by ALMAS. If a system wished to- track the
982 # lifecycle of the alert, they must implement the NotificationListener
983 # functionality to receive updates.
984 # Three mechanisms by which alerts can be raised are provided by the- ALMASProducer
985 # interface class. Two variants RaiseAlertFromTemplate and RaiseAlertFromOverrides
986 # allow the system to raise an alert by simply specifying the alert ID, template ID
987 # and their own ProducerID, one of these also allows the over-ride of any
988 # placeholders that may be present in the 'Message' attribute of the alert- data
989 # class associated with that template. The raiser may also optionally override any
990 # of the following parameters: Message, MessageLanguage, Category, Status, Scope,
991 # Timeout, ConfirmationRequired, AlertReceiverSet, Priority, TimeoutAction and
992 # AcknowledgementModel.
993 # The RaiseAlertFromData method allows the raiser to specify a completely new alert
994 # with no basis on any existing templates. Systems using ALMAS may not wish to
995 # support alert templates depending on their size, complexity and level of alert
996# usage, in which case that system can always use RaiscAlertFromData without need
997# to instantiate any templates at any point during operation.
998# The status or attributes of an alert can be updated during runtime by calling the
999 # UpdateAlert method found in the ALMASProducer interface. The ALMASProducer then
1000  # works with the ALMAS system to ensure state and data is properly- maintained in

1001 # the system.

102

1002 type AlmasRaiseAlertFromTemplate (
1003 requestId: Long!
1004
1005 producerId: String!
<del>1006</del>
1007 templateId: Int!
<del>1008  </del>
<del>1009</del>
1010 # Operation:
1011 # Raise an alert without any of the optional parameters for optimal use in the
1012 # normal case.
1013 # Interface:
1014 # Provides the API by which system objects producing alerts can create and update
1015 # alerts that are generated. A CallStatus object will be returned to indicate
1016 # whether the request has been accepted by ALMAS. If a system wished to track the
1017 # lifecycle of the alert, they must implement the NotificationListener
1018 # functionality to receive updates.
1019 # Three mechanisms by which alerts can be raised are provided by the ALMASProducer
1020 # interface class. Two variants RaiseAlertFromTemplate and RaiseAlertFromOverrides
1021 # allow the system to raise an alert by simply specifying the alert ID, template ID
1022 # and their own ProducerID, one of these also allows the over-ride of any
1023 # placeholders that may be present in the 'Message' attribute of the alert- data
1024 # class associated with that template. The raiser may also optionally override any
1025 # of the following parameters: Message, MessageLanguage, Category, Status, Scope,
1026 # Timeout, ConfirmationRequired, AlertReceiverSet, Priority, TimeoutAction and

1027	#	AcknowledgementModel.
1027		Acknowledgementhodel.

1028 # The Raise new_alert	eAlortFromData method allows the raiser to specify a completely-
1029 # with no 1 to	basis on any existing templates. Systems using ALMAS may not wish
1030 # support a alert	alort templates depending on their size, complexity and level of
1031 # usage, in without need	n which case that system can always use RaiseAlertFromData
1 <del>032 # to insta</del>	ntiate any templates at any point during operation.
1033 # The state calling the	us or attributes of an alert can be updated during runtime by
1034 # UpdateAl ALMASProducer	ert method found in the ALMASProducer interface. The -
<del>1035 # works wi</del> maintained in	th the ALMAS system to ensure state and data is properly-
1036 # the syste	<del>em.</del>
<del>1037 input Alma</del>	sRaiseAlertFromTemplateInput {
<del>1038 requestI</del>	d: Long!
<del>1039</del> —	
1040 producer	Id: String!
<del>1041</del>	
1042 template	Id: Int!
<del>1043 }</del>	
1044 type Almas	RegisterReceiverUpdate {
1045	stance that has been updated (or deleted if Deleted flag is
1046 instance	: AlmasRegisterReceiver!
1047 # True i creation or y	f the instance has been deleted, false otherwise (i.e. on- pdate).
1048 deleted:	-Boolean!
<del>1049 }</del>	
<del>1050 -</del>	
<del>1051 # Operation</del>	n:
1052 # This reg (for	isters a receiver with ALMAS, the parameters are ReceiverHandle-
104	ALert Management Service (ALMAS), v1.3

1053 # callback); ReceiverID (for use in all other methods, including
1054 # UnregisterReceiver) and RKType to provide link to RK hierarchy.
1055 # Interface:
1056 # Provides the API for systems to respond to and provide feedback to ALMAS about
1057 # alertsreceived. Embedded in this class are the methods to register and
1058 # un-register your system-specific receiver.
1059 # The system notifies ALMAS through this interface of significant events that have
1060 # occurred to change the state of an alert.
1061 type AlmasRegisterReceiver {
1062 requestId: Long!
1063-
1064 receiverId: String!
1065-
1066 rkType: String!
1067 )
1068
1069 # Operation:
1070 # This registers a receiver with ALMAS, the parameters are ReceiverHandle (for
1071 # callback); ReceiverID (for use in all other methods, including
1072 # UnregisterReceiver) and RKType to provide link to RK hierarchy.
1073 # Interface:
1074 # Provides the API for systems to respond to and provide feedback to ALMAS about
1075 # alertsreceived. Embedded in this class are the methods to register and
1076 # un-register your system-specific receiver.
1077 # The system notifies ALMAS through this interface of significant events that have
1078 # occurred to change the state of an alert.
1079 input AlmasRegisterReceiverInput {
1080 requestId: Long!

1081
1082 receiverId: String!
<del>1083</del>
1084 rkType: String!
1085 }
1086 type AlmasUnregisterReceiverUpdate {
1087  # The instance that has been updated (or deleted if Deleted flag is true).
1088 instance: AlmasUnregisterReceiver!
1089 # True if the instance has been deleted, false otherwise (i.e. on ereation or update).
1090 deleted: Boolean!
1091 }
1092
1093 # Operation:
1094 # Removes a registered receiver from ALMAS, indicating that they are no- longer
1095 # avail-able for receipt of alert data.
1096 # Interface:
1097 # Provides the API for systems to respond to and provide feedback to ALMAS- about
1098 # alertsreceived. Embedded in this class are the methods to register and
1099 # un-register your system-specific receiver.
1100 # The system notifies ALMAS through this interface of significant events- that have
1101 # occurred to change the state of an alert.
<del>1102 type AlmasUnregisterReceiver {</del>
1103 requestId: Long!
1104
<del>1104</del>   <del>1105 receiverId: String!</del>
1105 receiverId: String!

1109 # Removes a registered receiver from ALMAS, indicating that they are no- longer
1110 # avail-able for receipt of alort data.
1111 # Interface:
1112 # Provides the API for systems to respond to and provide feedback to ALMAS about
1113 # alertsreceived. Embedded in this class are the methods to register and
1114 # un-register your system-specific receiver.
1115 # The system notifies ALMAS through this interface of significant events- that have
1116 # occurred to change the state of an alert.
1117 input AlmasUnregisterReceiverInput {
1118 requestId: Long!
1119
1120 receiverId: String!
1121 }
1122 type AlmasRaiseAlertWithDynamicDataUpdate {
1123 # The instance that has been updated (or deleted if Deleted flag is true).
1124 instance: AlmasRaiseAlertWithDynamicData!
1125 # True if the instance has been deleted, false otherwise (i.e. on ereation or update).
1126 deleted: Boolean!
1127
1128
1129 # Operation:
1130 # This will cause an alert based on a known alert template
1131 # to be created and raised, whilst only specifying the dynamic data content that
1132 # differs from the template definition.
1133 # All parameters are mandatory
1134 # Return parameter indicates success or failure reason.
1135 # Interface:

update
1137 # alerts that are generated. A CallStatus object will be returned to indicate
1138 # whether the request has been accepted by ALMAS. If a system wished to- track the
1139 # lifecycle of the alert, they must implement the NotificationListener
1140 # functionality to receive updates.
1141 # Three mechanisms by which alerts can be raised are provided by the ALMASProducer
1142 # interface class. Two variants RaiseAlertFromTemplate and RaiseAlertFromOverrides
1143 # allow the system to raise an alert by simply specifying the alert ID, template ID
1144 # and their own ProducerID, one of these also allows the over-ride of any
1145 # placeholders that may be present in the 'Message' attribute of the alert- data
1146 # class associated with that template. The raiser may also optionally override any
1147 # of the following parameters: Message, MessageLanguage, Category, Status, Scope,
1148
1149 # AcknowledgementModel.
1150 # The RaiseAlertFromData method allows the raiser to specify a completely new alert
1151 # with no basis on any existing templates. Systems using ALMAS may not wish to
1152 # support alert templates depending on their size, complexity and level of alert
1153 # usage, in which case that system can always use RaiseAlertFromData without need
1154 # to instantiate any templates at any point during operation.
1155 # The status or attributes of an alert can be updated during runtime by calling the
1156 # UpdateAlert method found in the ALMASProducer interface. The ALMASProducer then
1157 # works with the ALMAS system to ensure state and data is properly maintained in

1136 # Provides the API by which system objects producing alerts can create and-

108

1158 # the system.
<del>1159 type AlmasRaiseAlertWithDynamicData {</del>
1160 requestId: Long!
1161
1162 producerId: String!
1163
1164 templateId: Int!
1165
1166 dynamicMessages: [AlmasDynamicMessageDataType!]!
1167 }
1168
1169 # Operation:
1170 # This will cause an alert based on a known alert template
1171 # to be created and raised, whilst only specifying the dynamic data content that
1172 # diffors from the tomplate definition.
1173 # All parameters are mandatory
1174 # Return parameter indicates success or failure reason.
1174 # Return parameter indicates success or failure reason. 1175 # Interface:
1175 # Interface:
1175 # Interface:         1176 # Provides the API by which system objects producing alerts can create and update         1177 # alerts that are generated. A CallStatus object will be returned to-
<pre>1175 # Interface: 1176 # Provides the API by which system objects producing alerts can create and update 1177 # alerts that are generated. A CallStatus object will be returned to- indicate 1178 # whether the request has been accepted by ALMAS. If a system wished to-</pre>
<pre>1175 # Interface: 1176 # Provides the API by which system objects producing alerts can create and update 1177 # alerts that are generated. A CallStatus object will be returned to- indicate 1178 # whether the request has been accepted by ALMAS. If a system wished to- track the</pre>
<pre>1175 # Interface: 1176 # Provides the API by which system objects producing alerts can create and update 1177 # alerts that are generated. A CallStatus object will be returned to indicate 1178 # whether the request has been accepted by ALMAS. If a system wished to track the 1179 # lifecycle of the alert, they must implement the NotificationListener</pre>
<pre>1175 # Interface: 1176 # Provides the API by which system objects producing alerts can create and update 1177 # alerts that are generated. A CallStatus object will be returned to indicate 1178 # whether the request has been accepted by ALMAS. If a system wished to track the 1179 # lifecycle of the alert, they must implement the NotificationListener 1180 # functionality to receive updates. 1181 # Three mechanisms by which alerts can be raised are provided by the-</pre>
<pre>1175 # Interface: 1176 # Provides the API by which system objects producing alerts can create and update 1177 # alerts that are generated. A CallStatus object will be returned to- indicate 1178 # whether the request has been accepted by ALMAS. If a system wished to- track the 1179 # lifecycle of the alert, they must implement the NotificationListener 1180 # functionality to receive updates. 1181 # Three mechanisms by which alerts can be raised are provided by the- ALMASProducer 1182 # interface class. Two variants RaiseAlertFromTemplate and-</pre>

1185
1186  # class associated with that template. The raiser may also optionally override any
1187  # of the following parameters: Message, MessageLanguage, Category, Status, Scope,
1188 # Timeout, ConfirmationRequired, AlertReceiverSet, Priority, TimeoutAction and
1189 # AcknowledgementModel.
1190 # The RaiseAlertFromData method allows the raiser to specify a completely new alert
1191 # with no basis on any existing templates. Systems using ALMAS may not wish to
1192 # support alert templates depending on their size, complexity and level of alert
1193 # usage, in which case that system can always use RaiseAlertFromData- without need
1194 # to instantiate any templates at any point during operation.
1195 # The status or attributes of an alert can be updated during runtime by calling the
1196 # UpdateAlert method found in the ALMASProducer interface. The ALMASProducer then
1197 # works with the ALMAS system to ensure state and data is properly- maintained in
1198 # the system.
1199 input AlmasRaiseAlertWithDynamicDataInput {
1200 requestId: Long!
1201
1202 producerId: String!
1203
1204 templateId: Int!
1205-
1206 dynamicMessages: [AlmasDynamicMessageDataTypeInput!]!
1207 }
1208 type AlmasRaiseAlertFromDataUpdate {
1209 # The instance that has been updated (or deleted if Deleted flag is true).

1210 instance: AlmasRaiscAlertFromData!
1211 # True if the instance has been deleted, false otherwise (i.e. on ereation or update).
1212 deleted: Boolean!
1213 }
1214
1215 # Operation:
1216 # Raises an alert not present in the ALMAS template
1217 # database. A temporary AlertTemaplate is created (whose TemplateID is ignored),
1218 # to facilitate the creation.
1219 # Return parameter indicates success or failure reason.
1220 # Interface:
1221 # Provides the API by which system objects producing alerts can create and update
1222 # alerts that are generated. A CallStatus object will be returned to indicate
1223 # whether the request has been accepted by ALMAS. If a system wished to track the
1224 # lifecycle of the alert, they must implement the NotificationListener
1225 # functionality to receive updates.
1226 # Three mechanisms by which alerts can be raised are provided by the ALMASProducer
1227 # interface class. Two variants RaiseAlertFromTemplate and RaiseAlertFromOverrides
1228 # allow the system to raise an alert by simply specifying the alert ID, template ID
1229 # and their own ProducerID, one of these also allows the over-ride of any
1230 # placeholders that may be present in the 'Message' attribute of the alert- data
1231 # class associated with that template. The raiser may also optionally override any
1232 # of the following parameters: Message, MessageLanguage, Category, Status, Scope,

1233 # Timeout, ConfirmationRequired, AlertReceiverSet, Priority, TimeoutActionand

1224	#	AcknowledgementModel.
1234	- 11	-Meknowieugemenemouei.

1235 # The RaiseAlertFromData method allows the raiser to specify a completely new alert
1236 # with no basis on any existing templates. Systems using ALMAS may not wish to
1237 # support alert templates depending on their size, complexity and level of alert
1238 # usage, in which case that system can always use RaiseAlertFromData- without need
1239 # to instantiate any templates at any point during operation.
1240 # The status or attributes of an alert can be updated during runtime by calling the
1241 # UpdateAlert method found in the ALMASProducer interface. The ALMASProducer then
1242 # works with the ALMAS system to ensure state and data is properly maintained in
1243 # the system.
<del>1244 type AlmasRaiseAlertFromData {</del>
<del>1245 requestId: Long!</del>
1246
1247 producerId: String!
1248
1249 alertInfo: AlmasAlertTemplateType
<del>1250 }</del>
1251
1252 # Operation:
1253 # Raises an alert not present in the ALMAS template
1254  # database. A temporary AlertTemaplate is created (whose TemplateID is ignored),
1255 # to facilitate the creation.
1256 # Return parameter indicates success or failure reason.
1257 # Interface:
1258 # Provides the API by which system objects producing alerts can create and update
1259 # alerts that are generated. A CallStatus object will be returned to indicate

1260 # whether the request has been accepted by ALMAS. If a system wished to
track the
1261 # lifecycle of the alort, they must implement the NotificationListener
1262 # functionality to receive updates.
1263 # Three mechanisms by which alerts can be raised are provided by the ALMASProducer
1264  # interface class. Two variants RaiseAlertFromTemplate and RaiseAlertFromOverrides
<pre>1265 # allow the system to raise an alert by simply specifying the alert ID, template ID</pre>
1266 # and their own ProducerID, one of these also allows the over-ride of any
1267 # placeholders that may be present in the `Message' attribute of the alert- data
1268 # class associated with that template. The raiser may also optionally override any
1269 # of the following parameters: Message, MessageLanguage, Category, Status, Scope,
1270 # Timeout, ConfirmationRequired, AlertReceiverSet, Priority, TimeoutAction- and
1271 # AcknowledgementModel.
1272 # The RaiseAlertFromData method allows the raiser to specify a completely- new alert
1273 # with no basis on any existing templates. Systems using ALMAS may not wish to
1274 # support alert templates depending on their size, complexity and level of alert
1275 # usage, in which case that system can always use RaiscAlertFromData- without need
1276 # to instantiate any templates at any point during operation.
1277 # The status or attributes of an alert can be updated during runtime by-
calling the
calling the 1278 # UpdateAlert method found in the ALMASProducer interface. The ALMASProducer then
1278 # UpdateAlert method found in the ALMASProducer interface. The
1278       # UpdateAlert method found in the ALMASProducer interface. The ALMASProducer then         1279       # works with the ALMAS system to ensure state and data is properly-

1282 requestId: Long!

1283	
1284 producerId: String!	
1285-	
1286 alertInfo: AlmasAlertTemplateTypeInput	
1287 }	
1288 type AlmasUpdateAlertPriorityUpdate {	
1289  # The instance that has been updated (or deleted if De true).	eleted flag is
1290 instance: AlmasUpdateAlertPriority!	
1291  # True if the instance has been deleted, false otherw. creation or update).	<del>ise (i.e. on</del>
1292 deleted: Boolean!	
1293 }	
1294	
1295 # Operation:	
1296 # Update an existing raised alert instance's priority.	
<del>1297 # Interface:</del>	
1298 # Provides the API by which system objects producing ald update	erts can create and
1299 # alerts that are generated. A CallStatus object will be indicate	e returned to-
1300 # whether the request has been accepted by ALMAS. If a track the	system wished to
1301 # lifecycle of the alert, they must implement the Notif	icationListener
1302 # functionality to receive updates.	
1303 # Three mechanisms by which alerts can be raised are pro ALMASProducer	ovided by the
1304  # interface class. Two variants RaiseAlertFromTemplate a RaiseAlertFromOverrides	and-
1305 # allow the system to raise an alert by simply specifyin template ID	ng the alert ID,
1306 # and their own ProducerID, one of these also allows the	e over-ride of any
1307 # placeholders that may be present in the 'Message' att: data	ribute of the alert
1308 # class associated with that template. The raiser may a override any	lso optionally

1309 # of the following parameters: Message, MessageLanguage, Category, Status, - Scope,
1310 # Timeout, ConfirmationRequired, AlertReceiverSet, Priority, TimeoutAction and
1311 # AcknowledgementModel.
1312 # The RaiseAlertFromData method allows the raiser to specify a completely- new alert
1313 # with no basis on any existing templates. Systems using ALMAS may not wish to
1314 # support alert templates depending on their size, complexity and level of alert
1315 # usage, in which case that system can always use RaiseAlertFromData - without need
1316 # to instantiate any templates at any point during operation.
1317 # The status or attributes of an alert can be updated during runtime by calling the
1318 # UpdateAlert method found in the ALMASProducer interface. The ALMASProducer then
1319 # works with the ALMAS system to ensure state and data is properly- maintained in
1320 # the system.
1321 type AlmasUpdateAlertPriority {
1322 requestId: Long!
1323
1324 producerId: String!
1325
1326 alertId: Int!
1327
1328 priority: Short!
1329 }
1330
1331 # Operation:
1332 # Update an existing raised alert instance's priority.
1333 # Interface:

1334 # Provides the API by which system objects producing alerts can create and update
1335 # alerts that are generated. A CallStatus object will be returned to- indicate
1336 # whether the request has been accepted by ALMAS. If a system wished to track the
1337 # lifecycle of the alert, they must implement the NotificationListener
1338 # functionality to receive updates.
1339 # Three mechanisms by which alerts can be raised are provided by the ALMASProducer
1340  # interface class. Two variants RaiseAlertFromTemplate and RaiseAlertFromOverrides
1341 # allow the system to raise an alert by simply specifying the alert ID, template ID
1342 # and their own ProducerID, one of these also allows the over-ride of any
1343 # placeholders that may be present in the 'Message' attribute of the alert data
1344 # class associated with that template. The raiser may also optionally override any
1345 # of the following parameters: Message, MessageLanguage, Category, Status, Scope,
1346 # Timeout, ConfirmationRequired, AlertReceiverSet, Priority, TimeoutAction and
1347 # AcknowledgementModel.
1348 # The RaiseAlertFromData method allows the raiser to specify a completely new alert
1349 # with no basis on any existing templates. Systems using ALMAS may not wish to
1350 # support alert templates depending on their size, complexity and level of alert
1351 # usage, in which case that system can always use RaiseAlertFromData - without need
1352 # to instantiate any templates at any point during operation.
1353 # The status or attributes of an alert can be updated during runtime by calling the
1354 # UpdateAlert method found in the ALMASProducer interface. The ALMASProducer then
1355 <b>#</b> works with the ALMAS system to ensure state and data is properly- maintained in

13	356 # the system.
13	357 input AlmasUpdateAlertPriorityInput {
13	358 requestId: Long!
13	9 <del>59 -</del>
13	360 producerId: String!
13	361—
13	62 alertId: Int!
13	9 <del>63 -</del>
13	64 priority: Short!
13	365}
13	66 type AlmasCancelAlertUpdate {
	067 <u># The instance that has been updated (or deleted if Deleted flag is</u> true).
13	68 instance: AlmasCancelAlert!
	69 # True if the instance has been deleted, false otherwise (i.e. on- creation or update).
13	70 deleted: Boolean!
13	371 →
13	72—
13	373 # Operation:
13	374 # Cancel a specific alert within ALMAS
13	75 # Return parameter indicates success or failure reason.
13	7 <del>6 # Interface:</del>
13	77 # Provides the API by which system objects producing alerts can create and update
13	178  # alerts that are generated. A CallStatus object will be returned to indicate
13	79 # whether the request has been accepted by ALMAS. If a system wished to- track the
13	380 # lifecycle of the alert, they must implement the NotificationListener
13	381 # functionality to receive updates.
13	782 # Three mechanisms by which alerts can be raised are provided by the - ALMASProducer

1383  # interface class. Two variants RaiseAlertFromTemplate and RaiseAlertFromOverrides
1384 # allow the system to raise an alert by simply specifying the alert ID, template ID
1385 # and their own ProducerID, one of these also allows the over-ride of any
1386 # placeholders that may be present in the 'Message' attribute of the alert- data
1387 # class associated with that template. The raiser may also optionally override any
1388 # of the following parameters: Message, MessageLanguage, Category, Status, Scope,
1389 # Timeout, ConfirmationRequired, AlertReceiverSet, Priority, TimeoutAction- and
1390 # AcknowledgementModel.
1391 # The RaiseAlertFromData method allows the raiser to specify a completely- new alert
1392 # with no basis on any existing templates. Systems using ALMAS may not wish to
1393 # support alert templates depending on their size, complexity and level of alert
1394 # usage, in which case that system can always use RaiseAlertFromData- without need
1395 # to instantiate any templates at any point during operation.
1396 # The status or attributes of an alert can be updated during runtime by calling the
1397 # UpdateAlert method found in the ALMASProducer interface. The ALMASProducer then
1398 # works with the ALMAS system to ensure state and data is properly- maintained in
1399 # the system.
1400 type AlmasCancelAlert {
1401 requestId: Long!
1402
1403 cancellerId: String!
1404
1405 alertId: Int!
1406

1	1407 cancellationReason: String!
	·   <del>1408   }</del>
1	- 1409
	1410 # Operation:
	1411 # Cancel a specific alert within ALMAS
	1412 # Return parameter indicates success or failure reason.
	1413 # Interface:
	1414  # Provides the API by which system objects producing alerts can create and update
	1415 <u># alerts that are generated. A CallStatus object will be returned to</u> indicate
	1416  # whether the request has been accepted by ALMAS. If a system wished to track the
	1417 # lifecycle of the alert, they must implement the NotificationListener
	1418 # functionality to receive updates.
	1419 # Three mechanisms by which alerts can be raised are provided by the ALMASProducer
	1420 # interface class. Two variants RaiseAlertFromTemplate and RaiseAlertFromOverrides
	1421 # allow the system to raise an alert by simply specifying the alert ID, template ID
	1422 # and their own ProducerID, one of these also allows the over-ride of any
	1423 # placeholders that may be present in the `Message' attribute of the alert data
	1424  # class associated with that template. The raiser may also optionally override any
	1425 # of the following parameters: Message, MessageLanguage, Category, Status, Scope,
	1426 # Timeout, ConfirmationRequired, AlertReceiverSet, Priority, TimeoutAction- and
	1427 # AcknowledgementModel.
	1428 # The RaiseAlertFromData method allows the raiser to specify a completely- new alert
	1429 # with no basis on any existing templates. Systems using ALMAS may not wish to
	1430 # support alert templates depending on their size, complexity and level of

alert

1431 # usage, in which case that system can always use RaiseAlertFromData	
without need	
1432 # to instantiate any templates at any point during operation.	
1433 # The status or attributes of an alert can be updated during runtime by calling the	
1434 # UpdateAlert method found in the ALMASProducer interface. The ALMASProducer then	
1435  # works with the ALMAS system to ensure state and data is properly maintained in	
1436 # the system.	
1437 input AlmasCancelAlertInput {	
1438 requestId: Long!	
1439	
1440 cancellerId: String!	
1441	
1442 alertId: Int!	
1443	
1444 cancellationReason: String!	
1445 }	
1446 type AlmasAcknowledgeAlertUpdate {	
1447  # The instance that has been updated (or deleted if Deleted flag is true).	
1448 instance: AlmasAcknowledgeAlert!	
1449  # True if the instance has been deleted, false otherwise (i.e. on ereation or update).	
1450 deleted: Boolean!	
1451 }	
1452	
1453 # Operation:	
1454	<u></u>
1455 # alert and no longer require distribution of its information.	
1456 # Interface:	
1457 # Provides the API for systems to respond to and provide feedback to ALMAS about	<u> </u>

1458 # alertsreeeived. Embedded in this class are the methods to register and
1459 # un-register your system-specific receiver.
1460 # The system notifies ALMAS through this interface of significant events that have
1461 # occurred to change the state of an alert.
<del>1462 type AlmasAcknowledgeAlert {</del>
1463 requestId: Long!
1464
1465 alertId: Int!
1466—
1467 receiverId: String!
1468 }
1469
1470 - # Operation:
1471  # Indication from an alert receiver that they have acknowledged receipt of the
1472 # alert and no longer require distribution of its information.
1473 # Interface:
1474 # Provides the API for systems to respond to and provide feedback to ALMAS about
1475 # alertsreeeived. Embedded in this class are the methods to register and
1476 # un-register your system-specific receiver.
1477 # The system notifies ALMAS through this interface of significant events that have
1478 # occurred to change the state of an alert.
<del>1479 input AlmasAcknowledgeAlertInput {</del>
1480 requestId: Long!
1481
1482 alertId: Int!
1483—
1484 receiverId: String!
1485 }

1486 type AlmasHandleAlertUpdate {
1487  # The instance that has been updated (or deleted if Deleted flag is true).
1488 instance: AlmasHandleAlert!
1489 # True if the instance has been deleted, false otherwise (i.e. on ereation or update).
1490 deleted: Boolean!
1491
1492
1493 # Operation:
1494  # Indication from an Alert Receiver that they have performed the appropriate action
1495 <b>#</b> required by an Action alert and that the alert can therefore be removed from
1496 # ALMAS as no longer applicable.
1497 # Interface:
1498 # Provides the API for systems to respond to and provide feedback to ALMAS- about
1499 # alertsreceived. Embedded in this class are the methods to register and
1500 # un-register your system-specific receiver.
1501 # The system notifies ALMAS through this interface of significant events- that have
1502 # occurred to change the state of an alert.
1503 type AlmasHandleAlert (
1504 requestId: Long!
1505-
1506 alertId: Int!
1507
1508 receiverId: String!
<del>1509  </del>
1510
1511 # Operation:
1512 # Indication from an Alert Receiver that they have performed the appropriate action

1513 # required by an Action alert and that the alert can therefore be removed from
1514 # ALMAS as no longer applicable.
1515 # Interface:
1516 # Provides the API for systems to respond to and provide feedback to ALMAS about
1517 # alertsreceived. Embedded in this class are the methods to register and
1518 # un-register your system-specific receiver.
1519 # The system notifies ALMAS through this interface of significant events that have
1520 # occurred to change the state of an alert.
1521 input AlmasHandleAlertInput {
1522 requestId: Long!
1523
1524 alertId: Int!
1525
1526 receiverId: String!
1527 }
1528 type AlmasConfirmReceiptUpdate (
1529 # The instance that has been updated (or deleted if Deleted flag is true).
1530 instance: AlmasConfirmReceipt!
1531 # True if the instance has been deleted, false otherwise (i.e. on creation or update).
1532 deleted: Boolean!
1533 }
1534
1535 # Operation:
1536 # Confirmation by an alert receiver that they have successfully received the alert
1537 # to ensure reliable distribution. The ReceiverID field enables action & situation
1538 # alerts to transition when sufficient confirmations have been received.

1539 # 'Sufficient' is the 'actionee' for action alerts, and anyone for situation	
1540 # alerts. It can also be used for logging purposes.	
1541 # Interface:	
1542 # Provides the API for systems to respond to and provide feedback to ALMAS about	
1543 # alertsreceived. Embedded in this class are the methods to register and	
1544 # un-register your system-specific receiver.	
1545 # The system notifies ALMAS through this interface of significant events- that have	
1546 # occurred to change the state of an alert.	
1547 type AlmasConfirmReceipt {	
1548 requestId: Long!	
1549	
1550 alertId: Int!	
1551	
1552 receiverId: String!	
1553 }	
1554	
1555 # Operation:	
1556 # Confirmation by an alert receiver that they have successfully received the alert	
1557 <b>#</b> to ensure reliable distribution. The ReceiverID field enables action & situation	
1558 # alerts to transition when sufficient confirmations have been received.	
<pre>1558 # alerts to transition when sufficient confirmations have been received. 1559 # 'Sufficient' is the 'actionee' for action alerts, and anyone for situation</pre>	
1559 # 'Sufficient' is the 'actionee' for action alerts, and anyone for-	
1559 # 'Sufficient' is the 'actionee' for action alerts, and anyone for- situation	
<pre>1559 # 'Sufficient' is the 'actionee' for action alerts, and anyone for situation 1560 # alerts. It can also be used for logging purposes.</pre>	
<pre>1559 # 'Sufficient' is the 'actionee' for action alerts, and anyone for- situation 1560 # alerts. It can also be used for logging purposes. 1561 # Interface: 1562 # Provides the API for systems to respond to and provide feedback to ALMAS-</pre>	
<pre>1559 # 'Sufficient' is the 'actionee' for action alerts, and anyone for- situation 1560 # alerts. It can also be used for logging purposes. 1561 # Interface: 1562 # Provides the API for systems to respond to and provide feedback to ALMAS- about</pre>	

```
1566 # occurred to change the state of an alert.
1567 input AlmasConfirmReceiptInput {
1568 requestId: Long!
1569-
1570 alertId: Int!
1571-
1572 receiverId: String!
1573 }
1574 type AlmasSetLanguageUpdate {
 1575 # The instance that has been updated (or deleted if Deleted flag is-
   true).
1576 instance: AlmasSetLanguage!
 1577 # True if the instance has been deleted, false otherwise (i.e. on
   creation or update).
1578 deleted: Boolean!
1579
1580-
1581 # Operation:
 1582 # Sets the language that this specific receiver should see their message
   text
1583 # displayed in where appropriate.
1584 # Interface:
1585 # Optional extensions to the alert responder functionality.
1586 type AlmasSetLanguage {
1587 requestId: Long!
<del>1588</del>—
1589 receiverId: String!
1590
1591 language: String!
1592 }
<del>1593</del>—
1594 # Operation:
```

1595
1596 # displayed in where appropriate.
1597 # Interface:
1598 # Optional extensions to the alert responder functionality.
1599 input AlmasSetLanguageInput {
1600 requestId: Long!
<del>1601 -</del>
1602 receiverId: String!
<del>1603 -</del>
1604 language: String!
<del>1605 }</del>
1606 type AlmasGetFilledMessageTextUpdate {
1607
1608 instance: AlmasGetFilledMessageText!
1609  # True if the instance has been deleted, false otherwise (i.e. on ereation or update).
1610 deleted: Boolean!
<del>1611 }</del>
1612-
1613 # Operation:
1614 # returns the message text post related info substitutions.
1615 # This is an optional helper function as the client could derive this itself.
1616 # Interface:
1617 # Optional extensions to the alert responder functionality.
<del>1618 type AlmasCetFilledMessageText {</del>
1619 requestId: Long!
<del>1620 -</del>
1621 alortId: Int!
1622
1623 receiverId: String!
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1624 } 1625-1626 # Operation: 1627 # returns the message text post related info substitutions. 1628 # This is an optional helper function as the client could derive this itself. 1629 # Interface: 1630 # Optional extensions to the alert responder functionality. 1631 input AlmasGetFilledMessageTextInput { 1632 requestId: Long! <del>1633</del>— 1634 alertId: Int! 1635-1636 receiverId: String! 1637 } 1638 type AlmasFilledMessageTextUpdate { 1639 # The instance that has been updated (or deleted if Deleted flag is true). 1640 instance: AlmasFilledMessageText! 1641 # True if the instance has been deleted, false otherwise (i.e. on creation or update). 1642 deleted: Boolean! 1643 } 1644-1645 type AlmasFilledMessageText { 1646 requestId: Long! 1647-1648 messages: [String!]! <del>1649 }</del> <del>1650</del> 1651 input AlmasFilledMessageTextInput { 1652 requestId: Long!

<del>1653</del>
1654 messages: [String!]!
1655 }
1656 type AlmasLoadReceiverHierarchyUpdate {
1657  # The instance that has been updated (or deleted if Deleted flag is true).
1658 instance: AlmasLoadReceiverHierarchy!
1659 # True if the instance has been deleted, false otherwise (i.e. on creation or update).
1660 deleted: Boolean!
1661 }
1662
1663 # Operation:
1664 # Loads the receiver hierarchy as provided by the client via xml conforming to the
1665 # relevant xml schema document.
1666 # Interface:
1667 # Provides an API by which systems can configure ALMAS to behave in a more tailored
1668 # manner in order to satisfy very specific requirements. There are three
1669 # categories of configuration file that can be used by ALMAS: the receiver
1670 # hierarchy, templates, and configuration information. The string filename is
1671 # expected to resolve to either a local file accessible to ALMAS, or a URL
1672 # accessible to ALMAS. The returned CallStatus object from each of the methods
1673  # provides an indication of success/failure and any additional relevant rationale
1674 # describing that status.
1675 type AlmasLoadReceiverHierarchy {
1676 requestId: Long!
1677
1678 filename: String!
<del>1679  </del>

	<del>1680 -</del>
	1681 # Operation:
	1682 # Loads the receiver hierarchy as provided by the client via xml conforming to the
	1683 # relevant xml schema document.
	1684 # Interface:
	1685 # Provides an API by which systems can configure ALMAS to behave in a more- tailored
	1686 # manner in order to satisfy very specific requirements. There are three
	1687 # categories of configuration file that can be used by ALMAS: the receiver
	1688 # hierarchy, templates, and configuration information. The string filename is
	1689 # expected to resolve to either a local file accessible to ALMAS, or a URL
	1690 # accessible to ALMAS. The returned CallStatus object from each of the methods
	1691 # provides an indication of success/failure and any additional relevant rationale
	1692 # describing that status.
	1693 input AlmasLoadReceiverHierarchyInput {
	1693 input AlmasLoadReceiverHierarchyInput { 1694 requestId: Long!
 	1694 requestId: Long!
   	1694 requestId: Long! 1695—
	1694 requestId: Long! 1695
	1694       requestId: Long!         1695
	<pre>1694 requestId: Long! 1695 1695 filename: String! 1697 } 1698 type AlmasLoadTemplateSetUpdate { 1699 # The instance that has been updated (or deleted if Deleted flag is-</pre>
	<pre>1694 requestId: Long! 1695 1696 filename: String! 1697 } 1698 type AlmasLoadTemplateSetUpdate { 1699 # The instance that has been updated (or deleted if Deleted flag is- true).</pre>
	<pre>1694 requestId: Long! 1695 1696 filename: String! 1697</pre>
	<pre>1694 requestId: Long! 1695— 1696 filename: String! 1697 } 1697 } 1698 type AlmasLoadTemplateSetUpdate { 1699 # The instance that has been updated (or deleted if Deleted flag is true). 1700 instance: AlmasLoadTemplateSet! 1701 # True if the instance has been deleted, false otherwise (i.e. on creation or update).</pre>
	<pre>1694 requestId: Long! 1695 1696 filename: String! 1697) 1698 type AlmasLoadTemplateSetUpdate { 1699 # The instance that has been updated (or deleted if Deleted flag is true). 1700 instance: AlmasLoadTemplateSet! 1701 # True if the instance has been deleted, false otherwise (i.e. on creation or update). 1702 deleted: Boolean!</pre>
	<pre>1694 requestId: Long! 1695 1696 filename: String! 1697 -) 1698 type AlmasLoadTemplateSetUpdate { 1699  # The instance that has been updated (or deleted if Deleted flag is true). 1700 instance: AlmasLoadTemplateSet! 1701  # True if the instance has been deleted, false otherwise (i.e. on ereation or update). 1702 deleted: Boolean! 1703 -)</pre>

1707 # Multiple calls to this method result in the unic with the	on of the new templates
1708 # existing templates in ALMAS.	
1709 # Interface:	
1710 # Provides an API by which systems can configure A tailored	LMAS to behave in a more-
1711 # manner in order to satisfy vory specific require	ements. There are three
1712 # categories of configuration file that can be use	ed by ALMAS: the receiver
1713  # hierarchy, templates, and configuration informat is	tion. The string filename
1714 # expected to resolve to either a local file acces	sible to ALMAS, or a URL
1715 # accessible to ALMAS. The returned CallStatus of methods	ject from each of the
1716  # provides an indication of success/failure and ar rationale	<del>y additional relevant</del>
1717 # describing that status.	
<del>1718 type AlmasLoadTemplateSet {</del>	
1719 requestId: Long!	
1 <del>720 -</del>	
1721 filename: String!	
1 <del>722 }</del>	
1723	
1724 # Operation:	
1725 # Loads a template set into the ALMAS database.	
1726 # Multiple calls to this method result in the unic with the	on of the new templates-
1727 # existing templates in ALMAS.	
1728 # Interface:	
1729 # Provides an API by which systems can configure A tailored	LLMAS to behave in a more-
1730 # manner in order to satisfy very specific require	ements. There are three
1731 # categories of configuration file that can be use	ed by ALMAS: the receiver
1732 # hicrarchy, templates, and configuration informat	tion. The string filename
1733 # expected to resolve to either a local file acces	sible to ALMAS, or a URL
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1734 # accessible to ALMAS. The returned CallStatus object from each of the methods
1735 <b>#</b> provides an indication of success/failure and any additional relevant- rationale
1736 # describing that status.
1737 input AlmasLoadTemplateSetInput (
1738 requestId: Long!
1739
1740 filename: String!
1741 }
1742 type AlmasLoadConfigurationUpdate {
1743  # The instance that has been updated (or deleted if Deleted flag is true).
1744 instance: AlmasLoadConfiguration!
1745 # True if the instance has been deleted, false otherwise (i.e. on creation or update).
1746 deleted: Boolean!
1747 }
1748
1749 # Operation:
1750 # Loads the ALMAS configuration file as provided by the client
1751 # Interface:
1752 # Provides an API by which systems can configure ALMAS to behave in a more- tailored
1753 # manner in order to satisfy very specific requirements. There are three
1754 # categories of configuration file that can be used by ALMAS: the receiver
1755 # hierarchy, templates, and configuration information. The string filename is
1756 # expected to resolve to either a local file accessible to ALMAS, or a URL
1757 # accessible to ALMAS. The returned CallStatus object from each of the methods
1758 <b>#</b> provides an indication of success/failure and any additional relevant rationale

1760 type AlmasLoadConfiguration {
1761 requestId: Long!
1762
1763 filename: String!
<del>1764 )</del>
1765—
1766 # Operation:
1767 # Loads the ALMAS configuration file as provided by the client
1768 # Interface:
1769 # Provides an API by which systems can configure ALMAS to behave in a more- tailored
1770 # manner in order to satisfy very specific requirements. There are three
1771 # categories of configuration file that can be used by ALMAS: the receiver
1772 # hierarchy, templates, and configuration information. The string filename is
1773 # expected to resolve to either a local file accessible to ALMAS, or a URL
1774 # accessible to ALMAS. The returned CallStatus object from each of the methods
1775 <b>#</b> provides an indication of success/failure and any additional relevant rationale
1776 # describing that status.
1777 input AlmasLoadConfigurationInput (
1778 requestId: Long!
1779
1780 filename: String!
<del>1781 )</del>
1782 type AlmasUpdateDynamicMessageDataUpdate {
1783  # The instance that has been updated (or deleted if Deleted flag is - true).
1784 instance: AlmasUpdateDynamicMessageData!
1785 # True if the instance has been deleted, false otherwise (i.e. on ereation or update).
1786 deleted: Boolean!
<del>1787 )</del>
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1788
1789 # Operation:
1790 # Indicates a change to the value of a related object for the provided- alert ID
1791 # Old value is necessary in order to clearly indicate which dynamic message data
1792 # should be changed
1793 # Interface:
1794 # The ALMASManager interface provides the minimal set of APIs necessary to track
1795 # ALMAS activity. Additionally, the ALMASManager provides the interface in ALMAS
1796 # for retrieving Alerts and AlertTemplates, and registering for the notification of
1797 # delivery of Alerts. Note that the registration of receivers is done via the
1798 # ALMAS Responder class.
1799 # Note: The methods found in the ALMASProducer interface allow the system to update
1800 # the status or attributes of an alert during runtime.
<del>1801 type AlmasUpdateDynamicMessageData (</del>
1802 requestId: Long!
1803—
1804 alertId: Int!
1805
1806 dataValue: String!
1807
1808 oldData: AlmasDynamicMessageDataType
1809
1810
1811 # Operation:
1812 # Indicates a change to the value of a related object for the provided- alert ID
1813 # Old value is necessary in order to elearly indicate which dynamic message data

	1814 # should be changed
	1815 # Interface:
	1816  # The ALMASManager interface provides the minimal set of APIs necessary to- track
	1817 # ALMAS activity. Additionally, the ALMASManager provides the interface in ALMAS
	1818 # for retrieving Alerts and AlertTemplates, and registering for the notification of
	1819 # delivery of Alerts. Note that the registration of receivers is done via the
	1820 # ALMAS Responder class.
	1821 # Note: The methods found in the ALMASProducer interface allow the system to update
	1822 # the status or attributes of an alert during runtime.
	<del>1823 input AlmasUpdateDynamicMessageDataInput {</del>
	1824 requestId: Long!
	1825
	1826 alertId: Int!
	1827
	1828 dataValue: String!
	<del>1829 -</del>
	1830 oldData: AlmasDynamicMessageDataTypeInput
	<del>1831 }</del>
	1832 type AlmasSetAlertInhibitedUpdate {
	1833  # The instance that has been updated (or deleted if Deleted flag is true).
	1834 instance: AlmasSetAlertInhibited!
	1835  # True if the instance has been deleted, false otherwise (i.e. on ereation or update).
	1836 deleted: Boolean!
	1837 )
	<del>1838 -</del>
	1839 # Operation:
	1840 # Sets the inhibition status of a specific alert template to suppress or allow the
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1841 # raising of all alerts of that template.
1842 # Interface:
1843  # The ALMASManager interface provides the minimal set of APIs necessary to- track
1844
1845  # for retrieving Alerts and AlertTemplates, and registering for the notification of
1846 # delivery of Alerts. Note that the registration of receivers is done via the
1847 # ALMAS Responder class.
1848
1849 # the status or attributes of an alert during runtime.
1850 type AlmasSetAlertInhibited {
1851 requestId: Long!
1852
1853 templateId: Int!
1854
1855 inhibition: Boolean!
<del>1856  </del>
1857
1858 # Operation:
1859 # Sets the inhibition status of a specific alert template to suppress or allow the
1860 # raising of all alerts of that template.
1861 # Interface:
1862 # The ALMASManager interface provides the minimal set of APIs necessary to- track
1863 # ALMAS activity. Additionally, the ALMASManager provides the interface in ALMAS
1864 # for retrieving Alerts and AlertTemplates, and registering for the notification of
1865 # delivery of Alerts. Note that the registration of receivers is done via the

```
1866 # ALMAS Responder class.
 1867 # Note: The methods found in the ALMASProducer interface allow the system
   to update
1868 # the status or attributes of an alert during runtime.
1869 input AlmasSetAlertInhibitedInput {
1870 requestId: Long!
1871
1872 templateId: Int!
1873-
1874 inhibition: Boolean!
1875 }
1876 type AlmasAttachCategorisationRuleUpdate {
 1877 # The instance that has been updated (or deleted if Deleted flag is-
   true).
1878 instance: AlmasAttachCategorisationRule!
 1879 # True if the instance has been deleted, false otherwise (i.e. on-
    creation or update).
1880 deleted: Boolean!
1881 }
1882-
1883 # Operation:
1884 # Associates a categorisation rule with an AlertTemplate
1885 # Interface:
 1886 # This class contains optional extensions to the alert manager-
    functionality.
 1887 # These extensions may or may not be implemented in simple ALMAS-
    implementations.
1888 type AlmasAttachCategorisationRule {
1889 requestId: Long!
<del>1890</del>—
1891 ruleId: Int!
<del>1892</del>
1893 templateId: Int!
```

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<del>1894  </del>
1895-
1896 # Operation:
1897 # Associates a categorisation rule with an AlertTemplate
1898 # Interface:
1899 # This class contains optional extensions to the alert manager- functionality.
1900 # These extensions may or may not be implemented in simple ALMAS- implementations.
1901 input AlmasAttachCategorisationRuleInput {
1902 requestId: Long!
1903
1904 ruleId: Int!
1905-
1906 templateId: Int!
<del>1907 )</del>
1908 type AlmasDetachCategorisationRuleUpdate (
1909 # The instance that has been updated (or deleted if Deleted flag is
true).
true).
1910       instance: AlmasDetachCategorisationRule!         1911       # True if the instance has been deleted, false otherwise (i.e. on-
<pre>1910 instance: AlmasDetachCategorisationRule! 1911 # True if the instance has been deleted, false otherwise (i.e. on creation or update).</pre>
<pre>1910 instance: AlmasDetachCategorisationRule! 1911 # True if the instance has been deleted, false otherwise (i.e. on creation or update). 1912 deleted: Boolean!</pre>
<pre>1910 instance: AlmasDetachCategorisationRule! 1911 # True if the instance has been deleted, false otherwise (i.e. on creation or update). 1912 deleted: Boolean! 1913 ;</pre>
<pre>1910 instance: AlmasDetachCategorisationRule! 1911 # True if the instance has been deleted, false otherwise (i.e. on creation or update). 1912 deleted: Boolean! 1913 } 1914</pre>
<pre>1910 instance: AlmasDetachCategorisationRule! 1911 # True if the instance has been deleted, false otherwise (i.e. on creation or update). 1912 deleted: Boolean! 1913 } 1914  1915 # Operation:</pre>
<pre>1910 instance: AlmasDetachCategorisationRule! 1911 # True if the instance has been deleted, false otherwise (i.e. on creation or update). 1912 deleted: Boolean! 1913 } 1914 - 1915 # Operation: 1916 # Disassociates a categorisation rule from an AlertTemplate</pre>
<pre>1910 instance: AlmasDetachCategorisationRule! 1911 # True if the instance has been deleted, false otherwise (i.e. on creation or update). 1912 deleted: Boolean! 1913 - 1913 - 1914 - 1915 # Operation: 1916 # Disassociates a categorisation rule from an AlertTemplate 1917 # Interface: 1918 # This class contains optional extensions to the alert manager-</pre>

1921 requestId: Long!
1922—
1923 ruleId: Int!
1924—
1925 templateId: Int!
1926 }
1927
1928 # Operation:
1929 # Disassociates a categorisation rule from an AlertTemplate
1930 # Interface:
1931 # This class contains optional extensions to the alert manager- functionality.
1932 # These extensions may or may not be implemented in simple ALMAS- implementations.
<del>1933 input AlmasDetachCategorisationRuleInput {</del>
<del>1934 requestId: Long!</del>
1 <del>935 -</del>
<del>1936 ruleId: Int!</del>
1937—
1938 templateId: Int!
1939 }
1940 type AlmasRemoveAlertsWithDynamicMessageDataUpdate {
1941  # The instance that has been updated (or deleted if Deleted flag is true).
1942 instance: AlmasRemoveAlertsWithDynamieMessageData!
1943  # True if the instance has been deleted, false otherwise (i.e. on creation or update).
1944 deleted: Boolean!
1945 )
<del>1946—</del>
1947 # Operation:
1948 # Indicates to ALMAS that a specific real world object has been removed, and

	1949 # therefore all associated alerts are no longer valid. These alerts shall then be
	1950 # deleted from ALMAS.
	1951 # Implementation is optional
	1952 # Interface:
	1953
	1954 # These extensions may or may not be implemented in simple ALMAS- implementations.
	1955 type AlmasRemoveAlertsWithDynamicMessageData {
	1956 requestId: Long!
	1957—
	1958 cancellerId: String!
	1959
	1960 dataType: String!
	1961
	<del>1962 dataValue: String!</del>
1	
	<del>1963 )</del>
	<del>1963 }</del> <del>1964 -</del>
	<del>1964 -</del>
	1964 - 1965 # Operation: 1966 # Indicates to ALMAS that a specific real world object has been removed,
	<pre>1964 1965 # Operation: 1966 # Indicates to ALMAS that a specific real world object has been removed, and 1967 # therefore all associated alerts are no longer valid. These alerts shall-</pre>
	<pre>1964 1965 # Operation: 1966 # Indicates to ALMAS that a specific real world object has been removed, and 1967 # therefore all associated alerts are no longer valid. These alerts shall then be</pre>
	<pre>1964 1965 # Operation: 1966 # Indicates to ALMAS that a specific real world object has been removed, and 1967 # therefore all associated alerts are no longer valid. These alerts shall- then be 1968 # deleted from ALMAS.</pre>
	<pre>1964 1965 # Operation: 1966 # Indicates to ALMAS that a specific real world object has been removed, and 1967 # therefore all associated alerts are no longer valid. These alerts shall- then be 1968 # deleted from ALMAS. 1969 # Implementation is optional</pre>
	<pre>1964 1965 # Operation: 1966 # Indicates to ALMAS that a specific real world object has been removed, and 1967 # therefore all associated alerts are no longer valid. These alerts shall- then be 1968 # deleted from ALMAS. 1969 # Implementation is optional 1970 # Interface: 1971 # This class contains optional extensions to the alert manager-</pre>
	<pre>1964 - 1965 # Operation: 1966 # Indicates to ALMAS that a specific real world object has been removed, and 1967 # therefore all associated alerts are no longer valid. These alerts shall- then be 1968 # deleted from ALMAS. 1969 # Implementation is optional 1970 # Interface: 1971 # This class contains optional extensions to the alert manager functionality. 1972 # These extensions may or may not be implemented in simple ALMAS-</pre>
	<pre>1964 1965 # Operation: 1966 # Indicates to ALMAS that a specific real world object has been removed, and 1967 # therefore all associated alerts are no longer valid. These alerts shall then be 1968 # deleted from ALMAS. 1969 # Implementation is optional 1970 # Interface: 1971 # This class contains optional extensions to the alert manager functionality 1972 # These extensions may or may not be implemented in simple ALMAS- implementations.</pre>

1976 cancellerId: String!
1977—
1978 dataType: String!
1979-
1980 dataValue: String!
1981 }
1982 type AlmasRaiseAlertFromOverridesUpdate (
1983  # The instance that has been updated (or deleted if Deleted flag is true).
1984 instance: AlmasRaiseAlertFromOverrides!
1985 # True if the instance has been deleted, false otherwise (i.e. on- creation or update).
1986 deleted: Boolean!
1 <del>987 }</del>
1 <del>988 -</del>
1989 # Operation:
1990 # This will cause an alert based on a known alert template
1991 # to be created and raised.
1992 # ProducerID, TemplateID and the out parameter AlertID-
1993 # are mandatory, all other parameters are optional
1994 # Return parameter indicates success or failure reason.
1995 # Interface:
1996  # Provides the API by which system objects producing alerts can create and update
1997 # alerts that are generated. A CallStatus object will be returned to indicate
1998 # whether the request has been accepted by ALMAS. If a system wished to- track the
1999 # lifecycle of the alert, they must implement the NotificationListener
2000 # functionality to receive updates.
2001 # Three mechanisms by which alerts can be raised are provided by the ALMASProducer
2002  # interface class. Two variants RaiseAlertFromTemplate and RaiseAlertFromOverrides

2003 # allow the system to raise an alert by simply specifying the alert ID, template ID
2004 # and their own ProducerID, one of these also allows the over-ride of any
2005 # placeholders that may be present in the 'Message' attribute of the alert- data
2006 # class associated with that template. The raiser may also optionally override any
2007 # of the following parameters: Message, MessageLanguage, Category, Status, Scope,
2008 # Timeout, ConfirmationRequired, AlertReceiverSet, Priority, TimeoutAction- and
2009 # AcknowledgementModel.
2010 # The RaiseAlertFromData method allows the raiser to specify a completely- new alert
2011 # with no basis on any existing templates. Systems using ALMAS may not wish to
2012 # support alert templates depending on their size, complexity and level of alert
<pre>2013 # usage, in which case that system can always use RaiseAlertFromData- without need</pre>
2014 # to instantiate any templates at any point during operation.
2015 # The status or attributes of an alert can be updated during runtime by calling the
2016 # UpdatcAlert method found in the ALMASProducer interface. The ALMASProducer then
2017 # works with the ALMAS system to ensure state and data is properly- maintained in
2018 # the system.
<del>2019 type AlmasRaiseAlertFromOverrides {</del>
2020 requestId: Long!
2021
2022 producerId: String!
2023
2024 templateId: Int!
2025
2026 category: AlmasCategoryType

	2027—
	2028 priority: Short
	2029—
ļ	2030 status: AlmasStatusType
	2031—
	2032 scope: AlmasScopeType
	2033—
	2034 timeout: Int
	2035—
	2036 <u>confirmationRequired</u> : Boolean
ļ	2037—
	2038 secondaryGrouping: String
	2039—
	2040 persistent: Boolean
ļ	2041
	2042 reliablyDistributed: Boolean
	2043
	2044 timeoutAction: AlmasTimeoutActionType
	2045—
	2046 acknowledgementModel: AlmasAckModelType
ļ	2047—
ļ	2048 staticMessages: [AlmasStaticMessageType!]
	2049
	2050 dynamicMessages: [AlmasDynamicMessageDataType!]
ļ	<del>2051 )</del>
ļ	2052—
l	<del>2053 # Operation:</del>
l	2054 # This will cause an alert based on a known alert template
	2055 # to be created and raised.
	2056 # ProducerID, TemplateID and the out parameter AlertID-
	2057 # are mandatory, all other parameters are optional

	2058	#	Return	parameter	indicates	success	or	failure	-reason.
·				-					

2059 # Interface:

2060 # Provides the API by which system objects producing alerts can create and update

2061 # alerts that are generated. A CallStatus object will be returned to indicate

2062 # whether the request has been accepted by ALMAS. If a system wished totrack the

2063 # lifecycle of the alert, they must implement the NotificationListener

2064 # functionality to receive updates.

- 2065 # Three mechanisms by which alerts can be raised are provided by the ALMASProducer
- 2066 # interface class. Two variants RaiseAlertFromTomplate and RaiseAlertFromOverrides
- 2067 # allow the system to raise an alert by simply specifying the alert ID, template ID
- 2068 # and their own ProducerID, one of these also allows the over-ride of any
- 2069 # placeholders that may be present in the 'Message' attribute of the alertdata
- 2070 # class associated with that template. The raiser may also optionally override any
- 2071 # of the following parameters: Message, MessageLanguage, Category, Status,-Scope,
- 2072 # Timeout, ConfirmationRequired, AlertReceiverSet, Priority, TimeoutActionand

2073 # AcknowledgementModel.

- 2075 # with no basis on any existing templates. Systems using ALMAS may not wish to
- 2076 # support alert templates depending on their size, complexity and level of alert

2077 # usage, in which case that system can always use RaiseAlertFromDatawithout need

2078 # to instantiate any templates at any point during operation.

2079~# The status or attributes of an alert can be updated during runtime by ealling the

2080 # UpdateAlert method found in the ALMASProducer interface. The-ALMASProducer then 2081 # works with the ALMAS system to ensure state and data is properlymaintained in 2082 # the system. 2083 input AlmasRaiseAlertFromOverridesInput { 2084 requestId: Long! 2085 2086 producerId: String! 2087 2088 templateId: Int! <del>2089</del>— 2090 category: AlmasCategoryType! 2091-2092 priority: Short <del>2093</del> 2094 status: AlmasStatusType! 2095 2096 scope: AlmasScopeType! <del>2097</del>— 2098 timeout: Int 2099-2100 confirmationRequired: Boolean 2101-2102 secondaryGrouping: String 2103-2104 persistent: Boolean <del>2105</del> 2106 reliablyDistributed: Boolean 2107 2108 timeoutAction: AlmasTimeoutActionType! 2109

144

	2110 acknowledgementModel: AlmasAckModelType!			
1				
I	2111			
	2112 staticMessages: [AlmasStaticMessageTypeInput!]			
	2113 -			
	2114 dynamicMessages: [AlmasDynamicMessageDataTypeInput!]			
	<del>2115 )</del>			
I	2116			
1	<del>2110</del>			
1				
	2117			
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